S.	Course		Credit
No	code	Course Title	load
1	AGR 101	Fundamentals of Agronomy and Agricultural Heritage	1+1
2	BIC 101	Fundamentals of Plant Biochemistry	2+1
3	SAC 101	Fundamentals of Soil Science	2+1
4	FOR 111	Introduction to Forestry	1+1
5	ENG 101	Comprehension & Communication Skills in English	1+1
6	HOR 111	Fundamentals of Horticulture	1+1
7	MAT 111	Elementary Mathematics	1+1
8	PBG 101	Introduction to Agricultural Botany	1+1
9	AEX101	Rural Sociology & Educational Psychology	2+0
		,yf;fpa';fspy; ntshz;ika[k; mwptpay; jkpH; gadhf;fKk; /	
10	TAM101/	Development Education	0+1
	ENG103	Development Education	
	NSS/NCC		
11	101	NSS/NCC	0+1*
12	PED 101	Physical Education	0+1*
13	PED102	Yoga for human excellence	0+1*
			12+9=21
		*Non-gradial courses compulsory courses	

I SEMESTER

AGR 101 Fundamentals of Agronomy and Agricultural Heritage (1+1)

Unit - I: Importance of agriculture

Agriculture - Definition - Importance and scope - Branches of agriculture - Evolution of human and agriculture - History of agricultural development in the World and India.

Unit - II: Agricultural heritage

Agriculture heritage - Agriculture in ancient India - Chronological agricultural technology development in India - Kautilya's Arthasasthra - Sangam literature - Kambar Eaer Ezhupathu - Development of scientific Agriculture - National and International Agricultural Research Institutes in India - Indian agriculture.

Unit - III: Agroclimatic zones, crops and soils

Agronomy - Definition - Importance and scope - Agro-climatic zones of Tamil Nadu - Agro ecological zones of India - Crops and their classification - Economic and agronomic - Major crops of India and Tamil Nadu - Major soils of Tamil Nadu - Factors affecting crop production - climatic - edaphic - biotic - physiographic and socio economic factors.

Unit - IV: Tillage and after cultivation

Tillage - Definition - Types - Objectives - Modern concepts of tillage - Main field preparations - Seeds - seed rate - sowing methods - Crop establishment methods - Planting geometry and its effect on growth and yield - After cultivation -Thinning - Gap filling - Weeds - Definition - Weed control methods.

Unit - V: Cropping and farming systems

Manures and fertilizers (organic, in-organic, green manure) - time and method of application - Irrigation

- Principles and concepts - Cropping patterns and cropping systems - Sustainable agriculture - integrated farming systems - Organic agriculture - Principles and concepts - Dry farming - Principles and concepts.

Practical:

Visit to college farm - Study of farm features and measurements - identification of crops and seeds - working out seed rate - Study of seed treatment practices - Study of tillage implements; practicing ploughing, puddling operations, practicing seeding different methods of sowing and planting - Study and practicing inter-cultivation implements; Practicing fertilizer applications - Participation in ongoing field operations.

Theory Lecture Schedule:

- 1. Agriculture Definition Importance and scope Branches of agriculture Evolution of man and agriculture.
- 2. Indian agriculture Indian economy National income per capita income Agricultural income in GDP Women in agriculture and empowerment.
- 3. History of agricultural development in the world and India. Agriculture heritage Agriculture in ancient India.
- 4. Agriculture heritage Agriculture in ancient India.
- 5. Chronological agricultural technology development in India. Kautilya's Arthasasthra Sangam literature rainfall prediction ITK Tamil Almanac.

- 6. Development of scientific agriculture National and International Agricultural Research Institutes.
- 7. Agronomy definition meaning and scope. Agro-climatic zones of India and Tamil Nadu Agro ecological zones of India and Tamil Nadu.
- 8. Crops and major soils classification Economic and agricultural importance in Tamil Nadu and India.

9. Mid Semester Examination

- 10. Factors affecting crop production climatic edaphic biotic- physiographic and socio economic factors.
- 11. Tillage Definition objectives types of tillage modern concepts of tillage main field preparation.
- 12. Seeds Seed rate sowing methods Germination Crop stand establishment Planting geometry.
- 13. Weeds Definition harmful and beneficial effects of weeds crop weed competition and management of weeds IWM.
- 14. Role of manures and fertilizers in crop production Inter cultivation Thinning gap filling and other intercultural operations.
- 15. Irrigation time and methods Modern techniques of irrigation Drainage and its importance.
- 16. Cropping patterns and cropping system intensive cropping sustainable agriculture IFS.
- 17. Organic / eco friendly agriculture Dry farming- principles and concepts.

Practical schedule:

- 1. Visit to college farm to observe wetland farming system and identification of crops.
- 2. Visit to college farm to observe garden land and dry land farming systems and identification of crops.
- 3. Identification of seeds, manures, fertilizers, green manures and green leaf manures.
- 4. Identification of tools and implements.
- 5. Acquiring skill in handling primary and secondary tillage implements.
- 6. Practicing different methods of land configuration for raising nursery for wet land crops.
- 7. Practicing different methods of land configuration for raising nursery for garden land crops.
- 8. Practicing different methods of seed treatments, methods of sowing and seeding implements.
- 9. Working out seed rates and practicing thinning, gap filling operations for optimum crop stand and intercultural operations.
- 10. Working out manure and fertilizer requirement of crops.
- 11. Practicing methods of application: manures and fertilizers and incorporation of green manure and green leaf manure.
- 12. Identification of weeds, weeding practices and handling of weeding tools and implements.
- 13. Observing various irrigation methods.
- 14. Practicing harvesting operations in major field crops.
- 15. Participation in on-going field operations during on campus / off campus visit.
- 16. Visit to nearby Agricultural Research station.
- 17. Final Practical Examination.

References:

- Yellamananda Reddy, T. and G.H. Sankara Reddi. 1997. Principles of Agronomy. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Sankaran, S. and V.T. Subbiah Mudaliar. 1997. Principles of Agronomy. The Bangalore Printing and Publishing Co. Ltd., Bangalore.

Reddy,S.R. Principles of Agronomy.2016.Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.

Somasundaram, E.2017. Agronomy: Principles and Practices. NewIndia Publishing agency, New Delhi.

ICAR. 2015. Handbook of Agriculture. Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi.

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- 2. ww.webcast.gov.in
- 3. ww.icar.org.in/nasm.html

BIC 101 Fundamentals of Biochemistry (2+1)

UNIT I Carbohydrates

Carbohydrates - occurrence and classification. Structure of monosaccharides, **oligosaccharides** and polysaccharides. Physical and chemical properties of carbohydrates – optical isomerism, optical activity, mutarotation, reducing property, reaction with acids and alkalies. **Glycoconjugates - Glycoproteins and Lectin - structure and significance.**

UNIT II Lipids

Lipids - occurrence and classification. Storage lipids - fatty acids, triacyl glycerol, essential fatty acids, waxes. **Structural lipids - role of lipids in biological membrane - glycolipids** and phospholipids - types and importance; Sterols - basic structure and their importance. Physical and chemical constants of oils. Rancidity of oils.

UNIT III

Proteins and Enzymes

Amino acids - classification and structure. Essential amino acids. Properties of amino acids - amphoteric nature and isomerism. Classification of proteins based on functions and solubility. Structure of proteins: primary structure, secondary structure, tertiary structure and quaternary structure - **protein folding and denaturation**. Properties and reactions of proteins. Enzymes - Properties, classification and nomenclature. Mechanism of enzyme action. Factors affecting enzyme activity. Enzyme inhibition - Competitive, Non-competitive and Uncompetitive inhibition; **Allosteric enzymes**. Coenzymes, cofactors and isoenzyme.

UNIT IV

Metabolism

Carbohydrate metabolism - breakdown of starch by amylases, glycolysis, TCA cycle and pentose phosphate pathway. Respiration - electron transport chain and oxidative phosphorylation. Bioenergetics of glucose. Lipid metabolism - lipases and phospholipases. Beta-oxidation of fatty acids and bioenergetics. Biosynthesis of fatty acids and triacyl glycerol. General catabolic pathyway for amino acids - transamination, deamination and decarboxylation. Ammonia assimilating enzymes. Metabolic inter-relationship.

UNIT V

Secondary metabolites

Secondary metabolites - occurrence, classification and functions of phenolics, terpenes and alkaloids.

Lecture schedule:

- 1. Introduction to Biochemistry, Carbohydrates occurrenceand classification R2: 1-4, 66-72.
- 2. Structure of monosaccharides. R2: 75-82.
- 3. Structure of oligosaccharides and polysaccharides. R2: 82-90.
- 4. Physical properties of carbohydrates Mutarotation, optical activity, isomerism. R2: 73-78.
- 5. Chemical reactions of carbohydrates. R2: 90-95.
- 6. Glycoproteins and lectin structure and significance. R1: 316-321.
- 7. Lipids occurrence and classification. R2: 99-100.
- 8. Storage lipids Fatty acids and triacyl glycerol. Essential fatty acids, waxes. R2: 101-106.
- 9. Structural lipids Glycolipids and phospholipids types and importance. R2: 107-111.

- 10. Sterols basic structure and their importance. R2: 111-114.
- 11. Physical and chemical constants of oils. Rancidity of oils. R2: 114-119.
- 12. Amino acids Classification and structure. R2: 17-21.
- 13. Properties of amino acids amphoteric nature, isomerism, essential amino acids. R2: 21-26.
- 14. Classification of proteins based on function and solubility. R2: 26-31.
- 15. Structure of protein Primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure. R2: 31-41.
- 16. Protein folding, physical and chemical properties of proteins. R2: 41-43, R1: 52-55.

17. Mid Semester Examination

- 18. Enzymes Properties, classification and nomenclature. R2: 123-127.
- 19. Mechanism of enzyme action. R2: 129-131.
- 20. Factors affecting enzyme activity. R2: 131-136.
- 21. Enzyme inhibition competitive, non-competitive, uncompetitive and allosteric enzymes. R2: 136-137, R1: 224-225.
- 22. Coenzymes, cofactors and isoenzyme. R2: 127-129, 138.
- 23. Carbohydrate metabolism breakdown of starch by amylases, Glycolysis Reactions and bioenergetics. R2:159-164.
- 24. TCA cycle Reactions and bioenergetics. R2: 164-168.
- 25. Pentose phosphate pathway Reactions . R2: 174-177.
- 26. Respiration electron transport chain and oxidative phosphorylation. R2: 170-173.
- 27. Lipid metabolism lipases and phospholipases. R2: 205-208.
- 28. Beta-oxidation of fatty acids and bioenergetics. R2: 208-212.
- 29. Biosynthesis of fattyacids and triacylglycerol. R2: 213-220.
- 30. Transamination, deamination and decarboxylation of amino acids. R2: 224-231.
- 31. Ammonia assimilating enzymes GS, GOGAT and GDH. R2: 231-233.
- 32. Metabolic inter-relationship. R2: 287-289.
- 33. Secondary metabolites occurrence, classification and functions of phenolics. R2: 274-276.
- 34. Occurrence, classification and functions of terpenes and alkaloids. R2: 277-280.

Practical Schedule:

- 1. Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates
- 2. Estimation of starch
- 3. Estimation of amylose
- 4. Determination of reducing sugars
- 5. Qualitative analysis of amino acids
- 6. Sorenson's formal titration of amino acids
- 7. Estimation of amino acids by Ninhydrin method
- 8. Estimation of protein by Biuret method
- 9. Determination of free fatty acid of an oil
- 10. Determination of iodine number of an oil
- 11. Estimation of ascorbic acid by dye method
- 12. Assay of amylase
- 13. Estimation of total phenols
- 14. Extraction and estimation of lycopene and carotenoids
- 15. Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography
- 16. Separation of **phenols** by thin layer chromatography
- **17. Final Practical Examination**

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- 1. Berg JM, Tymoczko JL and Stryer L, (2007), Biochemistry, 7th Ed. Wiley Eastern Ltd. ISBN:0-7167-8724-5.
- 2. Thayumanavan, B, Krishnaveni, S and Parvathi, K, (2004), Biochemistry for Agricultural Sciences, Galgotia Publications Pvt Ltd., New Delhi. ISBN :81-7515-459-4.

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- Cox, MM and Nelson, DL. (2011), Principles of Biochemistry, Fourth (Indian edition) Macmillian, Worth Publishers. http://bcs.whfreeman.com/lehninger6e - Web links/ Tutorials/ Lecture companion Art
- 2. Harper's illustrated Biochemistry -<u>https:// freemedebooks. files.wordpress.com /2014/01/</u> harpers-illustrated-biochemistry-28th-edition.pdf
- 3. J M Berg, J L Tymoczko and L Stryer, Biochemistry, Sixth Edition -<u>http://www.irb.hr/users/ precali/</u> Znanost.o.Moru/ Biokemija/Literatura/Lubert%20Stryer%20-%20Biochemistry.pdf
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- 5. Wilson, K. and Walker, J.M. (2000), Principles and techniques of Practical Biochemistry, 5th Edn.
 - Cambridge University Press.
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SAC 101 Fundamentals of Soil Science (2+1)

Unit I

Soil as a natural body, Pedological and edaphological concepts of soil. Components of soil. Soil genesis: Composition of Earth's crust- soil forming rocks and minerals – Primary and secondary minerals. Weathering of rocks and minerals. Factors of soil formation. Soil forming processes. Soil Profile.

Unit II

Soil physical properties: Soil texture, structure, density and porosity, soil colour, consistence and plasticity. Soil water retention, movement and availability. Soil air, composition, gaseous exchange-problem and its effect on crop growth. Source, amount and flow of heat in soil, Soil temperature and crop growth.

Unit III

Soil physico chemical and chemical properties: Soil reaction-pH, soil acidity and alkalinity, buffering, effect of pH on nutrient availability. Electrical conductivity. Soil colloids - inorganic and organic. Silicate clays: constitution and properties, sources of charge, ion exchange, cation and anion exchange capacity and base saturation.

Unit IV

Soil organic matter: composition, properties and its influence on soil properties. Humic substances - nature and properties. Soil Biology : Soil organisms : macro and micro organisms, their beneficial and harmful effects. Soil enzymes. Soil pollution – Types and behaviour of pesticides. Inorganic contaminants. Prevention and mitigation of soil pollution.

PRACTICAL SCHEDULE

Study of soil profile in field. Study of soil sampling tools, collection of representative soil sample, its processing and storage. Study of soil forming rocks and minerals. Determination of soil density, moisture content and porosity. Determination of soil colour. Determination of soil texture by feel and Bouyoucos Methods. Studies of capillary rise phenomenon of water in soil column and water movement in soil. Demonstration of heat transfer in soil. Preparation and standardization of laboratory reagents, indicators and buffers. Determination of soil pH and electrical conductivity. Determination of cation exchange capacity of soil. Estimation of organic matter content of soil. Study of soil map.

Lecture Schedule:

- 1. Soil definition Soil as a three dimensional natural body, Pedological and edaphological concepts of soil
- 2. Components of soil soil a three phase system- Composition of Earth's crust.
- 3. Soil genesis: soil forming rocks-definition, formation, Classification of rocks- igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks
- 4. Brief description of important rocks mineralogical composition
- 5. Minerals- definition, occurrence, classification of important soil forming primary minerals - silicate and non silicate minerals, ferro and non-ferro magnesium minerals
- 6. Formation of secondary minerals clay minerals and amorphous minerals
- 7. Weathering Rocks and minerals Physical, chemical and biological weathering
- 8. Factors of soil formation- Passive and active soil forming factors soil forming factors
- 9. Soil forming process- Fundamental Simenson's four fold soil forming process -eluviation, illuviation, translocation and humification

- 10.Specific Soil forming processes podzolization, laterization, salinization, alkalization, calcification, decalcification and pedoturbation
- 11.Soil Profile Horizons, Master horizons and subordinate horizons, subdivisions, Lithological discontinuity.
- 12.Soil physical properties: Soil texture particle size distribution textural classes textural triangular diagram significance of soil texture
- 13. Soil structure classification genesis factors influencing structural stability significance of soil structure
- 14.Soil bulk density, particle density and porosity factors influencing significance.
- 15.Soil colour causes and measurement Munsell colour chart factors influencing soil colour Significance of soil colour.
- 16. Soil consistence cohesion, adhesion, plasticity, Atterberg's constants upper and lower plastic limits, plasticity number- significance of soil consistence

17. Mid semester Examination

- 18. Soil water- forms of water, units of expression and pF scale
- 19. Soil water potentials gravitational, matric, osmotic- Soil moisture constants and Soil moisture measurements.
- 20. Movement of soil water Saturated and unsaturated flow infiltration, hydraulic conductivity, percolation, permeability and drainage
- 21. Soil air, composition, gaseous exchange Problem and its effect on crop growth.
- 22. Source, amount and flow of heat in soil, soil temperature and crop growth. and crop growth.
- 23. Soil reaction (pH) definition, pH scale, soil acidity and alkalinity, buffering, effect of pH on nutrient availability and factors affecting soil pH
- 24. Soil Electrical Conductivity Factors affecting EC its significance
- 25. Soil colloids inorganic and organic
- 26. Silicate clays: constitution and classification 1:1, 2:1 expanding and non expanding 2:2 clay minerals, amorphous minerals and their properties
- 27. Sources of charge, ion exchange positive and negative charge isomorphous substitution, pH dependant charge.
- 28. Ion exchange Cation and anion exchange capacity and base saturation
- 29. Soil organic matter: composition, properties and its influence on soil properties
- 30. Humic substances fractionation, nature and properties, Theories of humus formation.
- 31. Soil Biology- Soil organisms: macro and micro organisms, their beneficial and harmful effects, Soil enzymes
- 32. Soil carbon sequestration and carbon trading
- 33. Soil pollution behaviour of pesticides and inorganic contaminants
- 34. Prevention and mitigation of soil pollution

Practical schedule:

- 1. Study of soil sampling tools, collection of representative soil sample, its processing and storage.
- 2. Study of soil profile in field.
- 3. Study of soil forming rocks and minerals.
- 4. Determination of soil density and porosity.
- 5. Determination of soil colour and moisture content and porosity.
- 6. Determination of soil texture by feel and Bouyoucos Methods
- 7. Determination of soil texture by International pipette method.
- 8. Studies of capillary rise phenomenon of water in soil column and water movement in soil (Infiltration Rate)

- 9. Studies of capillary rise phenomenon of water in soil column and water movement in soil (Hydraulic conductivity)
- 10. Determination of soil temperature and demonstration of heat transfer.
- 11. Preparation and standardization of laboratory reagents, indicators and buffers
- 12. Determination of soil pH and electrical conductivity.
- 13. Determination of cation exchange capacity of soil I.
- 14. Determination of cation exchange capacity of soil II
- 15. Estimation of soil organic carbon.
- 16. Study of soil map (India and Tamil Nadu)

17. Final Practical Examination

References

- 1. Brady, N.C. and Raymond, C.Weil. 2013. The Nature and Properties of Soils (14th Edition). Pearson Education, Inc. Publishing as Prentice Hall.
- 2. Fundamentals of Soil Science. 2009. ISSS Publication, New Delhi.
- 3. Sehgal, J. 2005. Pedology concepts and applications, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
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- 5. http://wfrec.ifas.ufl.edu/landscape_horticulture/PDFdocuments/SoilProp.pdf
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- 10. http://ftp.wcc.nrcs.usda.goV/H....soil Other/soil-USDA-textural-class.pd

FOR 111 Introduction to Forestry (1+1)

UNIT I

Forest and Forestry

Introduction - Definition of Forest and Forestry - Role of Forest (Production, Protection and Amelioration) - Classification of Forest (Regeneration, Age, Composition. ownership, object of management, growing stock) - National Forest Policy 1988.

UNIT II

Silviculture and Forest plantation

Forest regeneration - Natural regeneration- Seeds and vegetative parts (Coppice, Root suckers) - Artificial regeneration, Objectives - Nurseries - Types of nurseries, Quality seedling production techniques - Silvicultural practices for *Eucalyptus spp, Casuarina equisetifolia, Tectona grandis, Ailanthus excelsa, Melia dubia, Leucaena leucocephala.* Tending operations - Weeding, Cleaning, Thinning and pruning.

UNIT III

Forest Mensuration

Forest Mensuration - Objectives- Diameter measurements, instruments used in diameter measurement-Height measurement, instrumental methods of height measurement - Tree form, form factor, Volume estimation of standing and felled trees.

UNIT IV

Social forestry and Agroforestry

Social Forestry and its branches - Extension Forestry, Urban forestry - Agroforestry, definition-Importance- Agroforestry systems - Shifting Cultivation, Taungya, Alley cropping, Wind break, Shelter belt, Home garden - Tree and crop combination in Agroforestry - Tree crop interaction in Agroforestry - National Agroforestry Policy 2014.

UNIT V

Forest Utilization

Forest Utilization - Definition - Wood products - solid wood and composite wood.- Non Wood Forest Products - fibres , floss, bamboo, tan, dye, resin, oleoresin.

Practical

Identification of important farm grown trees - Identification of tree seeds and seedlings- Site selection for tree nursery and layout of nursery- Study of nursery techniques for *Casuarina equisetifolia* and *Tectona grandis* - Practicing clonal propagation in trees Practicing land preparation, stacking, pitting, planting techniques and after care operations in plantations- Height measurement in trees, diameter measurement in trees, Volume estimation in trees- Identification of wood and non- wood forest products - Visit to Agroforestry plantations

Lecture schedule:

- 1. Introduction about forests, Definition of Forest and Forestry, branches in forestry
- 2. Role of Forest Production function, Protection function and ameliorative functions of forests
- 3. Classification of Forest based on mode of regeneration, age, composition. ownership, object of management and growing stock
- 4. National Forest Policy 1988- Objectives and salient features
- 5. Forest regeneration Types of regeneration Natural regeneration through seeds and vegetative parts including coppice and root suckers
- 6. Artificial regeneration , Objectives Nurseries Types of nurseries, Quality seedling production techniques
- 7. Silvicultural practices for *Eucalyptus spp, Casuarina equisetifolia, Tectona grandis, Ailanthus excelsa,*

8. Silvicultural practices for *Melia dubia, Leucaena leucocephala*. Tending operations - Weeding, Cleaning, Thinning and pruning.

9. Mid Semester Examination

- 10. Forest Mensuration Objectives- Diameter measurements, instruments used in diameter measurement
- 11. Height measurement, instrumental methods of height measurement Tree form, form factor, Volume estimation of standing and felled trees.
- 12. Social Forestry and its branches Extension Forestry and Urban forestry.
- 13. Agroforestry, definition- Importance- Agroforestry systems Shifting Cultivation, Taungya, Alley cropping, Wind break, Shelter belt, Home garden
- 14. Tree and crop combination in Agroforestry- Tree crop interaction in Agroforestry -
- 15. National Agroforestry Policy 2014, objectives and salient features
- 16. Forest Utilization Definition Wood products solid wood and composite wood.
- 17. Forest Utilization Non Wood Forest Products fibres , floss, bamboo, tan, dye, resin, oleoresin

Practical schedule:

- 1. Identification of important farm grown trees
- 2. Identification of tree seeds and seedlings
- 3. Site selection for tree nursery and layout of nursery
- 4. Study of nursery techniques for Casuarina equisetifolia
- 5. Study of nursery techniques for Tectona grandis
- 6. Practicing clonal propagation in trees Eucalyptus / Casuarina
- 7. Practicing land preparation, stacking, pitting,
- 8. Planting techniques in plantation
- 9. After care operations in plantations
- 10. Height measurement in trees
- 11. Diameter measurement in trees
- 12. Volume estimation in standing and felled trees
- 13. Identification and study of wood products
- 14. Identification and study non- wood forest products
- 15. Visit to Agroforestry plantations
- 16. Visit to forest based industry

17. Final Practical Examination

References

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2. Gupta. R.K 1993. Multipurpose trees for Agroforestry and Wasteland utilization. Oxford and IBH Publishing Company, New Delhi. 580p.

- 3. Nair.P.K.R. 1993. Introduction to Agroforestry. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht, Netherlands. 499p
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ENG 101 Comprehension and Communication Skills in English (1+1)

Theory

War Minus Shooting- The sporting Spirit. A Dilemma- A layman looks at science Raymond B. Fosdick. You and Your English – Spoken English and broken English G.B. Shaw. Reading Comprehension, Vocabulary-Antonym, Synonym, Homophones, Homonyms, often confused words. Exercises to Help the students in the enrichment of vocabulary based on TOEFL and other competitive examinations. Functional grammar: Articles, Prepositions, Verb, Subject verb Agreement, Transformation, Synthesis, Direct and Indirect Narration. Written Skills: Paragraph writing, Precise writing, Report writing and Proposal writing. The Style: Importance of professional writing. Preparation of Curriculum Vitae and Job applications. Synopsis Writing. Interviews: kinds, Importance and process.

Practical

Listening Comprehension: Listening to short talks lectures, speeches (scientific,

commercial and general

in nature). Oral Communication: Phonetics, stress and intonation, Conversation practice. Conversation:

rate of speech, clarity of voice, speaking and Listening, politeness & Reading skills: reading dialogues, rapid reading, intensive reading, improving reading skills. Mock Interviews: testing initiative, team spirit, leadership, intellectual ability. Group Discussions.

Lecture Schedule:

- 1. **War Minus Shooting** (A lesson from the Text Book, "The Sporting Spirit" by George Orwell) textual grammar pertaining to factual comprehension and inferential comprehension & referential comprehension.
- 2. **War Minus Shooting** (A lesson from the Text Book, "The Sporting Spirit" by George Orwell) textual grammar pertaining to global comprehension and attitudinal comprehension
- 3. War Minus Shooting (A lesson from the Text Book, "The Sporting Spirit" by George Orwell) textual grammar on synonyms antonyms prefix suffix homonyms homophones TOEFL & IELTS vocabulary
- 4. **War Minus Shooting** (A lesson from the Text Book, "The Sporting Spirit" by George Orwell) textual grammar English articles preposition conjunctions and its types
- 5. A Dilemma (A lesson from the Text Book, Layman looks at Science by Raymond Fosdick) textural grammar verbs auxiliary verbs modals and basic tense forms
- 6. **A Dilemma** (A lesson from the Text Book, Layman looks at Science by Raymond Fosdick) textural grammar sentence pattern and sentence forms (simple, compound and complex sentences)
- 7. **A Dilemma** (A lesson from the Text Book, Layman looks at Science by Raymond Fosdick) textural grammar subject verb agreement
- 8. **A Dilemma** (A lesson from the Text Book, Layman looks at Science by Raymond Fosdick) textural grammar transformation of sentences
- 9. Mid Semester Examination
- 10. You and Your English (A lesson from the Text Book, Spoken English and Broken English by G.B. Shaw) textural grammar synthesis of sentences reported speech (direct and indirect speech)

- 11. You and Your English (A lesson from the Text Book, Spoken English and Broken English by G.B. Shaw) textural grammar paragraph writing (thesis sentences, supporting statements, inferential statements)
- 12. You and Your English (A lesson from the Text Book, Spoken English and Broken English by G.B. Shaw) textural grammar four principles of writing
- 13. You and Your English (A lesson from the Text Book, Spoken English and Broken English by G.B. Shaw) textural grammar professional writing summary writing and paraphrasing, synopsis writing and citation
- 14. Graham's flow chart on writing skills
- 15. Letter writing personal and social correspondence job application
- 16. precise writing report writing and proposal writing
- 17. Interview skills kinds importance and process

Practical Schedule:

- 1. Listening Introduction Listening vs Hearing listening modes types of listening Intensive and Extensive Listening practice
- 2. Process of Listening methods of enhancing listening barriers to listening and ways to overcome them practice
- 3. Oral communication organs of speech English phonemes (consonant table, vowel table) practice
- 4. English Stress & Intonation exercises.
- 5. Conversation techniques and practice
- 6. Rate of speech (slow pace, medium pace, rhetoric)
- 7. Reading types skimming and scanning SQ4R critical reading analytical reading exercises
- 8. Principles and practice of presentation skills PowerPoint preparation and presentation
- 9. Handout preparation lecture notes preparation practice and evaluation
- 10. Writing skills note taking precise writing abstract writing practice
- 11. Mind-mapping and article writing
- 12. Letter writing and rejoinder writing
- 13. Text writing practice on table to text conversion
- 14. Interview skills types of interview (group interview panel interview telephone interview behavioural interview video-conferencing interview mock interview)
- 15. Practice on speaking skills welcome address vote of thanks short extemporal speech
- 16. Group discussion techniques types and practice
- 17. Final Practical Examination

References

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HOR 111 Fundamentals of Horticulture (1+1)

Unit I

History, evolution and scope of horticulture

Origin of horticulture – history – evolution – definitions – scope and importance of horticulture – division and classification of horticultural crops – fruits, vegetables, spices and plantation crops, floriculture, landscaping, ornamental gardening, medicinal and aromatic crops – nutritive value and global and national scenario of horticultural crops.

Unit II

Sexual propagation

Sexual propagation – importance, advantages and disadvantages – methods of enhancement of seed viability – types of dormancy – seed invigoration – seed treatments

Unit III

Asexual propagation

Asexual propagation, importance, advantages and disadvantages - Asexual propagation types viz., Types of cutting, layering, grafting and budding. Use of specialized plant parts in propagation. Propagation structures and their role. Rootstock influence – stock / scion relationship in fruit crops. Scope and importance of micro propagation in horticultural crops. Direct and indirect organogenesis – media for micro propagation and hardening.

Unit IV

Planting systems and pollination

Principles of orchard establishment - Methods of planting systems including HDP and UHDP in horticultural crops – crop regulatory practices for horticultural crops – training, pruning, special operations in horticultural crops – off season production of horticultural crops. Flowering, pollination, fruit set, fruit drop, parthenocarpy, fruit ripening and senescence – Unfruitfulness and its causes.

Unit V.

Principles and types of garden

Principles and types of garden – principles and types of parks – principles of herbal garden

Practical

Features of an orchard - Identification of garden tools, implements and machineries. Identification of horticultural crops and herbarium making. Preparation of potting mixture, potting and repotting. Preparation of seed bed / nursery bed. Practice of sexual and asexual methods of propagation- cutting, layering, budding, grafting – specialized plant parts - Layout and planting of fruit trees. Training and pruning of fruit trees. Transplanting and care of vegetable seedlings. Making of herbaceous and shrubbery borders. Practicing irrigation, fertilizer and manures application in different crops. Preparation and application of Plant Growth Regulators – visit to tissue culture lab - Visits to commercial nurseries / orchard / garden.

Theory Lecture schedule:

- 1. Origin of horticulture history evolution definitions scope and importance of horticulture
- 2. Division and classification of horticultural crops fruits, vegetables, spices and plantation crops, floriculture, landscaping, ornamental gardening, medicinal and aromatic crops
- 3. Nutritive value and global and national scenario of horticultural crops
- 4. Sexual propagation importance, advantages and disadvantages methods of enhancement of seed viability
- 5. Types of dormancy seed invigoration seed treatments
- 6. Asexual propagation, importance, advantages and disadvantages Asexual propagation types
- 7. Vegetative propagation merits and demerits cutting and layering
- 8. Vegetative propagation merits and demerits grafting and budding

9. Mid Semester Examination

- 10. Use of specialized plant parts in propagation Propagation structures and their role.
- 11. Rootstock influence stock / scion relationship in fruit crops
- 12. Scope and importance of micro propagation in horticultural crops- Direct and indirect organogenesis
 - media for micro propagation and hardening
- 13. Principles of orchard establishment Methods of planting systems including HDP and UHDP in horticultural crops
- 14. Crop regulatory practices for horticultural crops training, pruning, special operations in horticultural crops off season production of horticultural crops.
- 15. Flowering, pollination, fruit set, fruit drop, parthenocarpy, fruit ripening and senescence, unfruitfulness and its causes
- 16. Principles and types of garden
- 17. Principles and types of parks principles of herbal garden

Practical schedule:

- 1. Visit to orchard and identifying its components
- 2. Identification of garden tools, implements and machineries
- 3. Identification of horticultural crops and herbarium making
- 4. Preparation of pot mixture, potting and repotting
- 5. Preparation of nursery beds for raising rootstocks and seedlings
- 6. Practicing asexual methods of propagation- cutting and layering
- 7. Practicing asexual methods of propagation budding and grafting
- 8. Plant propagation structures and specialized plant parts for propagation
- 9. Layout and planting of fruit trees
- 10. Training and pruning of fruit trees
- 11. Transplanting and care of vegetable seedlings
- 12. Making of herbaceous and shrubbery borders
- 13. Practicing irrigation, fertilizer and manures application in different crops
- 14. Preparation and application of Plant Growth Regulators
- 15. Visit to tissue culture lab
- 16. Visit to commercial nurseries / garden
- **17. Final Practical Examination**

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MAT 111 ELEMENTARY MATHEMATICS (1+1)

Unit - I

Algebra: Permutation and Combination -meaning of nPr and nCr (simple problems). Matrices-Definition of Matrices, Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Transpose and Inverse up to 3rd order by adjoint method, Properties of determinants up to 3rd order and their evaluation.

Unit - II

Analytical Geometry: Distance formula, section formula (internal and external division), Change of axes (only origin changed), Equation of co-ordinate axes, Equation of lines parallel to axes, Slope-intercept form of equation of line, Slope-point form of equation of line, Two point form of equation of line, Intercept form of equation of line, Normal form of equation of line, General form of equation of line, Point of intersection of two straight lines, Angles between two straight lines, Parallel lines, Perpendicular lines.

Equation of circle whose centre and radius is known, General equation of a circle, Equation of circle passing through three given points, Equation of circle whose diameters is line joining two points (x1, y1) & (x2, y2).

Unit - III

Differential Calculus: Definition of function, limit and continuity, Simple problems on limit, Simple problems on continuity, Differentiation of x^n , e^x , sin x & cos x from first principle, Derivatives of sum, difference, product and quotient of two functions, Differentiation of functions of functions (Simple problem based on it), Logarithmic differentiation (Simple problem based on it), Differentiation by substitution method and simple problems based on it, Differentiation of Inverse Trigonometric functions. Partial differentiation with first and second order -Maxima and Minima of the functions of the form y = f(x) and y = f(x1,x2) (Simple problems based on it).

Unit –IV

Integral Calculus: Integration of simple functions, Integration of Product of two functions, Integration by substitution method, Definite Integral (simple problems based on it), Area under simple well-known curves (simple problems based on it).

Unit-V

Mathematical Models: Agricultural systems - Mathematical models - classification of mathematical models- Fitting of Linear, quadratic and exponential models to experimental data.

Practical

Simple problems in Permutation and Combination -meaning of nPr and nCr Problems in Algebra of matrices , Transpose and Inverse up to 3rd order by adjoint method, evaluation of determinants up to 3rd order. Problems in Straight lines using distance formula, section formula (internal and external division), Change of axes (only origin changed)- Equation of co-ordinate axes- Equation of lines parallel to axes. Problems in equation of a line in : Slope-intercept form, Slope-point form, two point forms,

Intercept form, Normal form, General form, Point of intersection of two straight lines. Problems in Angles between two straight lines, Parallel lines, Perpendicular lines. Problems in Equation of circle whose centre and radius is known, General equation of a circle, Equation of circle passing through three given points, Equation of circle whose diameters is line joining two points (x1, y1) & (x2,y2). Simple problems in limit and continuity. Problems in differentiation of x^n , e^x , sin x & cos x, derivatives of sum, difference, product and quotient of two functions. Simple problem based on differentiation of functions of functions and Logarithmic differentiation. Simple

problems based on differentiation by substitution method. Problems in partial differentiation and Maxima and Minima of the functions of the form y=f(x) and y=f(x1,x2). Problems in integration of simple functions and product of two functions- Definite Integral. Integration by substitution method-Problems in Area under simple well-known curves. Problems in fitting linear, quadratic and Exponential models to experimental data.

Theory Lecture Schedule:

- 1. Permutation and Combination -meaning of nPr and nCr (Simple Problems).
- 2. Matrices- Definition of Matrices- Types of Matrices- Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Transpose
- 3. Determinants-Properties of determinants -up to 3rd order evaluation and inverse up to 3rd order by adjoint method.
- 4. Straight lines Distance formula-section formula (internal and external division) Change of axes (only origin changed) Equation of co-ordinate axes- Equation of lines parallel to axes.
- 5. Forms of equation of Line-Slope-intercept form -Slope one point form Two point form Intercept form.
- 6. Normal form of equation of line- General form of equation of line- Point of intersection of two straight lines.
- 7. Angles between two straight lines- Parallel lines- Perpendicular lines- Angle of bisectors between two lines.
- 8. Circle-Equation of circle whose centre and radius is known- General equation of a circle-Equation of circle passing through three given points- Equation of circle whose diameters is line joining two points (x1, y1) & (x2,y2).

9. Mid Semester Examination

- 10. Differential Calculus Definition of function, limit and continuity- Simple problems on limit and continuity.
- 11. Differentiation of xⁿ, e^x, sin x & cos x from first principle-Derivatives of sum, difference, product and quotient of two functions- Differentiation using functions of function rule (Simple problem based on it)
- 12. Logarithmic differentiation (Simple problem based on it)- Differentiation by substitution method and simple problems based on it- Differentiation of Inverse Trigonometric functions
- 13. Maxima and Minima of the functions of the form y=f (x) and y=f(x1,x2) (Simple problems based on it).
- 14. Integral Calculus Integration of simple functions and Product of two functions- Definite Integral (simple problems based on it)
- 15. Integration by substitution method- Area under simple well-known curves (simple problems based on it).
- 16. Agricultural systems Mathematical models classification of mathematical models- Linear model.
- 17. Quadratic and Exponential models- applications of mathematical models in agriculture.

Practical Schedule:

- 1. Simple problems in Permutation and Combination.
- 2. Problems in Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Transpose of a matrix
- 3. Problems in determinants and Inverse up to 3rd order by adjoint method.
- 4. Problems in Straight lines using distance formula, section formula (internal and external division), Change of axes (only origin changed)- Equation of co-ordinate axes- Equation of lines parallel to axes.

- 5. Problems in Slope-intercept form of equation of line, Slope-point form of equation of line, two point forms of equation of line, Intercept form of equation of line.
- 6. Problems in Normal form of equation of line, General form of equation of line, Point of intersection of two straight lines.
- 7. Problems in Angles between two straight lines, Parallel lines, Perpendicular lines, Angle of bisectors between two lines.
- 8. Problems in Equation of circle whose centre and radius is known, General equation of a circle, Equation of circle passing through three given points, Equation of circle whose diameters is line joining two points (x1, y1) & (x2,y2).
- 9. Simple problems in limit and continuity.
- 10. Problems in differentiation of x^n , e^x , sin x & cos x, derivatives of sum, difference, product, quotient of two functions and differentiation of functions of functions.
- 11. Simple problem based on Logarithmic differentiation and differentiation by substitution method.
- 12. Problems in Maxima and Minima of the functions of the form y=f(x) and y=f(x1,x2)
- 13. Problems in integration of simple functions and product of two functions using integration by parts-Definite Integral.
- 14. Integration by substitution method-Problems in Area under simple well-known curves
- 15. Problems in fitting linear models to experimental data .
- 16. Problems in fitting Quadratic and Exponential models to experimental data.

17. Final Practical Examination.

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- 5. Ranganathan.C.R. 2006, A First Course in Mathematical Models of Population Growth (with MATLAB programs), Associated publishing company, New Delhi
- 6. Manickavasagam Pillai, T. K and Natarajan, T. 2004. Calculus, Viswanathan Publications, Madras.

PBG 101 Introduction to Agricultural Botany (1+1)

Unit I:

Systems of classification and general morphological description

Bentham and Hooker's classification of plant kingdom — International code of nomenclature and its major guidelines – author citation – Agricultural classification of crops; General morphology: Life span, habit, root, stem, leaf - petiole, leaf margin, leaf apex, leaf shape, venation and phyllotaxy; Modification of roots and leaf; Floral morphology: Kinds of bracts, inflorescence; Structure of flower, androecium, gynoecium, placentation, types of fruits.

Unit II:

Botanical description and economic uses of Poaceae

List of cultivated crops, economic parts, chromosome number and family description of Poaceae: Key botanical features of Rice, Wheat, Sorghum, Maize, Pearl millet, Finger millet, list of small millets, Guinea grass, Napier grass, *Cenchrus* and Sugarcane

Unit III:

Botanical description and economic uses of Papilionaceae

List of cultivated crops, economic parts, chromosome number and family description of Papilionaceae: Key botanical features of Red gram, Bengal gram, Soybean, Black gram, Green gram, Cowpea, Lablab, Horse gram, Groundnut, Lucerne, *Stylosanthes*, Clitoria, Agathi and Sunnhemp,

Unit IV:

Botanical description and economic uses of Pedaliaceae, Asteraceae, Oleaceae, Brassicaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Arecaceae and Malvaceae

List of cultivated crops, economic parts, chromosome number and family description of the following families and Key botanical features of the crops given against them:Pedaliaceae - Gingelly; Asteraceae - Sunflower, Safflower, Chrysanthemum; Oleaceae – Jasmine; Brassicaceae - Rapeseed and Mustard, Cabbage, Cauliflower; Euphorbiaceae: Castor; Jatropha and Tapioca; Arecaceae: Coconut, Arecanut, Oilpalm, Sugarpalm; Malvaceae: Cotton, Mesta and Bhendi.

Unit V:

Botanical description and economic uses of Tiliaceae, Piperaceae, Chenopodiaceae, Solanaceae, Mimosae, Moraceae, Cucurbitaceae, Alliaceae, Musaceae, Rubiaceae, Theaceae

List of cultivated crops, economic parts, chromosome number and family description of the following families and key botanical features of the crops given against them. Tiliaceae: Jute; Piperaceae: Betelvine; Chenopodiaceae: Sugar beet; Solanaceae: Tobacco, Potato, Chilli, Tomato and Brinjal; Mimosae: Desmanthes, Subabul and Acacia; Moraceae: Mulberry;Cucurbitaceae: Cucumber, Pumpkin, Ashgourd; Alliaceae: Onion and Garlic; Musaceae: Banana, Manila hemp;Rubiaceae: Coffee; Theaceae: Tea

PRACTICAL

Family features - observation and description of habit, morphology of root, stem, leaves, inflorescence, flowers, floral diagram, floral formula and economic parts of Poaceae: Rice, Wheat, Sorghum, Maize, Pearl millet, Finger millet, Guinea grass, Napier grass, *Cenchrus* and Sugarcane; Papilionaceae:Redgram, Bengal gram, Soybean, Blackgram, Greengram, Cowpea, Lab-lab, Horse gram, Groundnut, Lucerne, *Stylosanthes*, Clitoria, Agathi and Sunnhemp; Pedaliaceae: Gingelly; Asteraceae: Sunflower, Safflower and Chrysanthemum; Oleaceae:

Jasmine; Brassicaceae: Rape and Mustard, Cabbage, Cauliflower;Euphorbiaceae: Castor, Jatropha, Tapioca; Arecaceae: Coconut, Arecanut, Oilpalm and Sugar palm;

Malvaceae: Cotton, Mesta, Bhendi; Tiliaceae: Jute; Piperaceae: Betelvine; Chenopodiaceae: Sugar beet;

Solanaceae: Tobacco, Potato, Chilli, Tomato and Brinjal; Mimosae: Desmanthes, Subabul and Acacia;

Moraceae: Mulberry;Cucurbitaceae: Cucumber, Pumpkin, Ashgourd; Alliaceae: Onion and Garlic;

Musaceae: Banana, Manila hemp; Rubiaceae: Coffee; Theaceae: Tea

Theory Lecture schedule:

- 1. Bentham and Hooker's classification of plant kingdom —International code of nomenclatureand its major guidelines author citation Agricultural classification of crops
- 2. General morphology: Life span, habit, root, stem, leaf petiole, leaf margin, leaf apex, leaf shape, venation and phyllotaxy; Modification of roots, stem and leaf
- 3. Floral morphology: Kinds of bracts, inflorescence; Structure of flower, androecium, gynoecium, placentation, types of fruits.
- 4. List of cultivated crops, economic parts, chromosome number and family description of Poaceae; Key botanical features of Rice and Wheat.
- 5. Key botanical features of sorghum, maize, pearl millet and finger millet. List of small millets
- 6. Key botanical features of Guinea grass, Napier grass, Cenchrus and sugarcane.
- 7. List of cultivated crops, economic parts, chromosome number and family description of (Papilionaceae) Key botanical features of Red gram, Bengal gram and Soybean
- 8. Key botanical features of Black gram, Green gram, Cowpea, Lab lab, Horse gram and Groundnut.

9. Mid Semester Examination

- 10. Key botanical features of Lucerne, Stylosanthes, Clitoria, Agathi, and Sunnhemp.
- 11. List of cultivated crops, economic parts, chromosome number and family description of Pedaliaceae and Asteraceae: Key botanical features of Gingelly, Sunflower, Safflower, Chrysanthemum; Oleaceae: Jasmine
- 12. List of cultivated crops, economic parts, chromosome number and family description of Brassicaceae and Euphorbiaceae; Key botanical features of Rapeseed and Mustard, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Castor, Jatropha and Tapioca
- 13. List of cultivated crops, economic parts, chromosome number and family description of Arecaceae and Malvaceae; Key botanical features of Coconut, Arecanut, Oilpalm, Sugarpalm, Cotton, Mesta and Bhendi.
- 14. List of cultivated crops, economic parts, chromosome number and family description of Tiliaceae, Piperaceae and Chenopodiaceae; Key botanical features of Jute, Betelvine, Sugar beet.
- 15. List of cultivated crops, economic parts, chromosome number and family description of Solanaceae, Mimosae and Moraceae; Key botanical features of Tobacco, Potato, Chilli, Tomato and Brinjal, Desmanthes. Subabul, Mulberry
- 16. List of cultivated crops, economic parts, chromosome number and family description of Cucurbitaceae and Alliaceae; Cucurbitaceae: Key botanical features of Cucumber, Pumpkin, Ashgourd; Alliaceae: Onion and Garlic
- 17. List of cultivated crops, economic parts, chromosome number and family description of Musaceae, Rubiaceae and Theaceae; Key botanical features of Banana, Manila hemp, Coffee and Tea

Practical schedule:

- 1. Observing general morphology of roots, stems and leaves.
- 2. Observing general morphology of inflorescence flowers, stamens and pistils.
- 3. Family characters, Botany, Economic parts, Floral diagram and Floral formula of the following crop plants:- Poaceae: Rice and Wheat
- 4. Poaceae: Sorghum, Maize, Pearl millet, Finger millet.
- 5. Poaceae: Guinea grass, Napier grass, Cenchrus and Sugarcane.
- 6. Papilionaceae: Redgram, Bengal gram and Soybean.
- 7. Papilionaceae: Blackgram, Greengram, Cowpea, Lab-lab, Horse gram and Groundnut.
- 8. Papilionaceae: Lucerne, Stylosanthes, Clitoria, Agathi, Sunnhemp, and Sesbania.
- 9. Pedaliaceae: Gingelly; Asteraceae: Sunflower, Safflower and Chrysanthemum; Oleaceae: Jasmine
- 10. Brassicaceae: Rapeseed and Mustard, Cabbage, Cauliflower.
- 11. Euphorbiaceae: Castor, Jatropha, Tapioca; Arecaceae: Coconut, Arecanut, Oilpalm and Sugar palm.
- 12. Malvaceae: Cotton, Mesta, Bhendi
- 13. Tiliaceae: Jute; Piperaceae: Betelvine; Chenopodiaceae: Sugar beet;
- 14. Solanaceae: Tobacco, Potato, Chilli, Tomato and Brinjal; Mimosae: Desmanthes, Subabul , Moraceae:Mulberry
- 15. Cucurbitaceae: Cucumber, Pumpkin, Ashgourd; Alliaceae: Onion and Garlic
- 16. Musaceae: Banana, Manila hemp; Rubiaceae: Coffee; Theaceae: Tea

17. Final Practical Examination

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1. Daniel Sundararaj, D. and G. Thulasidas, 1993. Botany of field crops. MacMillan India

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- 3. Purse glow, 1988. Tropical Crops Monocotyledons. The English Language

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AEX 101 Rural Sociology and Educational Psychology (2+0)

Theory UNIT I

Introduction to Sociology, Social groups, Culture and Social Values

Sociology and Rural Sociology – definitions; Society – rural and urban, characteristics, differences and relationships, important characteristics of Indian rural society; Social groups – definition, classification, role of social groups in extension; Culture – concept, cultural traits, characteristics, functions, Ethnocentrism, Acculturation, Cultural lag, Cultural diffusion, Marginal man, Ethos. Social Values – definition, values and norms, characteristics of values, functions;

UNIT II

Social Structure, Social Stratification and Migration

Structure of Rural Society – patterns of rural settlement, social institutions, social organizations, ecological entities (Region, Community, Neighbourhood, Family); Social Stratification – concept, functions, types, differences between class and caste system; Migration – concept, factors influencing migration.

UNIT III

Social Control, Social Customs

Social Control – definition; Customs – conventions, folkways, mores, rituals, taboos; Social Interaction Process – definition, basic social processes; Social Change – concept, factors influencing social change, indicators of social change; Social development :

UNIT IV

Introduction to Educational Psychology, Intelligence, Teaching-Learning Process;

Education – Psychology – Educational Psychology – Social Psychology – definitions, importance in extension; Basic principles of Human behaviour – Sensation, Attention, Cognitive, affective, psychomotor domain Perception – meaning, characteristics; Intelligence – concept, types, measurement, factors affecting intelligence; Personality – concept, types, measurement, factors influencing personality; Teaching–Learning Process – Teaching – definition, meaning, principles of teaching, steps in extension teaching; Learning – definition, meaning, principles, types of learning, learning situation.

UNIT V

Motivation, Attitude

Motivation – concept, Maslow's hierarchy of needs, intrinsic and extrinsic motivation, techniques of motivation, importance in extension; Attitude – concept, factors influencing the development of attitudes.

Theory Schedule

- 1. Sociology and Rural Sociology Definitions, nature of rural sociology,
- 2. Importance of rural sociology in extension education.
- 3. Society rural and urban, characteristics, differences and relationship, important characteristics of Indian rural society;
- 4. Social Groups definitions, classification, role of social groups in extension.
- 5. Culture concept, cultural traits, characteristics, functions,
- 6. Ethnocentrism, Acculturation, Cultural lag, Cultural diffusion, Marginal man, Ethos.
- 7. Structure of Rural Society patterns of rural settlement,
- 8. Social institutions, Social organizations and ecological entities Region, Community, Neighbourhood, and Family.
- 9. Social Stratification concept, functions, types, differences between class and caste system;
- 10. Social Values definition, values and norms, characteristics of values, functions.
- 11. Migration concept, factors influencing migration.
- 12. Social Control definition;
- 13. Customs conventions, folkways, mores, rituals, taboos;
- 14. Social Interaction Process definition, basic social processes.
- 15. Social Change concept, theories, factors and indicators of social change.
- 16. Social development

17. Mid semester Examination.

- 18. Education Psychology Educational Psychology definitions, importance in extension.
- 19. Social Psychology Definitions, importance in extension.
- 20. Basic principles of Human behaviour -
- 21. Cognitive, affective, psychomotor domain
- 22. Perception meaning, characteristics.
- 23. Sensation, Attention
- 24. Intelligence concept, types,
- 25. Intelligence measurement, factors affecting intelligence;
- 26. Personality concept, types,
- 27. Personality measurement- factors influencing personality
- 28. Teaching-Learning Process Teaching definition, meaning,
- 29. Principles of teaching, steps in extension teaching.
- 30. Learning definition, meaning, principles,
- 31. Types of learning, learning situation.
- 32. Motivation concept, Maslow's hierarchy of needs (including selfless-service), intrinsic and extrinsic motivation,
- **33.** Techniques of motivation, importance of motivation in extension.
- 34. Attitude concept, factors influencing the development of attitudes.

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- 1. Adivi Reddy, A. 2001. Extension Education, Sree Lakshmi Press, Bapatla, Andhra Pradesh. Chatterjee, S. 2000. Advanced Educational Psychology, Books & Allied (P) Ltd., Calcutta.
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- 13. Vidya Bhushan and Sachdeva, D.R. 2003. An Introduction to Sociology, Kitab Mahal, Allahabad.

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bra;Kiwg; gapw;rpfs;

- bjhy;fhg;gpak; fhl;Lk; Kjw;bghUs;/ fUg;bghUs;/ jhtutpay; mwpt[/ ntshz; khe;jh; Fw bra;jpfis mwpjy;
- 2. r';f,yf;fpaj;jpy; ntshz;py;bjhHEl;g';fs;-(vl;Lj;bjhif/gj;Jg;ghl;L)
- 3. gjpbdz; fPH;f;fzf;F E}y;fspy; ntshz;ikmwptpay;
- 4. gs;S ,yf;fpa';fs;/ VbuGgJ_cHth; thH;tpay; bewpKiwfSk; ntshz;ikj; bjhHpy; El;g';fSk;
- 5. ,yf;fpaj;jpy; ntshz; bghwpapay;-njhl;ltpay;-tdtpay;- kidapay;- NHypay;
- 6. ntshz;ikg; gHbkhHpfs;-cHt[tpijmwptpay;- gUtk;- kiH ehw;WeLjy;- vU ,Ljy;- ePh;g;ghrdk;-fisnkyhz;ik_gaph;ghJfhg;g[-mWtil_cHth; rKjhak;
- 7. ,yf;fpak; fhl;Lk; thH;tpay; bewpKiwfs;
- 8. ,f;fhy ,yf;fpa';fspy; ntshz;ikr; rpe;jidfs;-ghujp/ghujpjhrd; gilg;g[fs;-g[Jf;ftpij
- 9. ,ilepiyg; gUtj;njh;t[
- 10. gpiHapd;wpvGJk; Kiwfs;- vGj;Jg; gpiHfs;- brhw;gpiHfs;- brhw; gphpg;g[g;gpiH_ thf;fpag;gpiH_bka;g;g[j; jpUj;jk;
- 11. ghuk;ghpa ntshz;ikj; bjhHpy;El;g';fs;
- 12. ,yf;fpaj;jpy; bkd;jpwd;fs;-jiyikg;gz;g[-fhynkyhz;ik
- 13. MSikg;gz;g[k;ghLnk_kdpj cwt[j;jpwd;fs; tsh;j;jy;
- 14. mwptpay; jkpH; tsh;r;rpepiyfs;/ ntshz; E}y;fs;/ ntshz;-mYtyff;,jH;fs;fojk;
- 15. fiyr;brhy;yhf;fk;- ntshz; fiyr; brhw;fiscUthf;Fk; _jug;gLj;Jjy;Kiw-,yf;fpantshz; fiyr;brhw;fs;/ tl;lhuntshz;iktHf;Fr;-mfuhjpapay;brw;fs;
- 16. bkhHpbgah;g;g[-Kf;fpatpjpfs;- goepiyfs;- bkhHpbgah;ghshpd; ,d;wpaikahg; gz;g[fs;ntshz; bra;jpfisbkhHpbgah;j;jy;-fl;Liur; RUf;fk; vGJjy;
- 17. fzpdpcyfpy; jkpH;- tpf;fpgPoah_ntshz; bra;jpfisg; gjpntw;wk; bra;jy;-ntshz; bra;jpfis ,izajstHpmwpjy;

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fe;jrhkp.,y.br.,yf;fpaj;jpy; ntshz;ik/ jkpH;ehLntshz;ikg;gy;fiyf;fHfk;/ nfhak;g[j;
 1981.

3. fe;jrhkp.,y.br. ntshz;ikgHbkhHpfs;/ fiyr;bry;tk;jpg;gfk;;/ nfhak;g[j;J}h; 1983. FHe;ijrhkp.th.br.mwptpay; jkpH;/ ghujpgjpg;gfk;/ brd;id

4. kPdhl;rpRe;juk;. kh. kw;Wk; V.,y.tprayl;Rkp./ jfty; bjhlh;gpy; jkpH; bkhHpg;gad;ghL nf.Mh;.v.Mg;brl; gphpz;lh;/ nfhit_2002

5. kzpnkfiy.k.jkpH; bkhHpj; jlj;jpy; ntshz;ptpaypd;mw RtLfs;/ njtpgjpg;gfk;/ jpUr;rpuhg;gs;sp/ 2002

6. ,yf;fpaKk; ntshz;ika[k;/ midj;jpe;jpamwptpay; jkpH;f; fHfk;/ j";rht{h;;/ 2006 jkpHhpd; kug[r;bry;t';fs;/ cyfj; jkpHuha;r;rpepWtdk;/ brd;id

7. re;jpunrfud;/ ,uh/ bkhHpg;ghlk;-gilg;ghf;fj;jpwd; tsh;j;jy;

8. ntshz;fiyr;brhy; ngufuhjp/ jkpH; ehLntshz;ikg; gy;fiyf;fHfk;/ nfhak;g[j;J}h;/ 2008. ghnte;jd;/ ,uh/ jkpHpy; mwptpay; ,jH;fs;/ rhKnty;/ @gp#; fpwp!; gjpg;gfk;/ nfhak;g[j;J}h; lhf;lh; ,uhjhbry;yg;gd;/ fiyr;brhy;yhf;fk;/ jkpH;g; gy;fiyf;fHfk;/ j";rht{h;

> ENG 103 DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION (0+1) (Alternate course for non-Tamil students)

Basic principles of learning

Basic principles of learning - discussion - Bloom's classification of educational objectives – cognitive, affective, psychomotor domain(s) - teaching and learning.

Unit II

Career development

Career development – growth and development, education – for – life and life – long education, motivation and morale - occupation and profession, training and education, lateral thinking and convergent thinking.

Unit III

Entrepreneurship

Entrepreneur- intrapreneur – managing an intrapreneur – motivation and entrepreneurship - development – planning, monitoring and evaluation.

Unit IV

Communication skills

Interpersonal communication – transactional communication - role – play - brainstorming – demonstration - the conduct of symposium - conferencing – the concept and presentation of a paper - scientific article writing and editing - popular article writing, editing and blogging -project proposal - project report – writing.

Unit V

Simulation exercises

Simulation - educational simulation-Interactive teaching - business simulation – company's annual report for analysis.

Lecture Schedule:

- 1. Basic principles of learning binary terms viz., growth and development, education for life and life long education, motivation and morale .
- 2. Occupation and profession, training and education, lateral thinking and convergent thinking, teaching and learning discussion.
- 3. Bloom's classification of educational objectives cognitive, affective, psychomotor domain(s)
- 4. Career development opportunity for graduates of agriculture and allied sciences discussion
- 5. Success story of a farmer / entrepreneur factors involved role play.
- 6. Brainstorming demonstration.
- 7. Simulation Educational Simulation-Interactive Teaching Business Simulation Company's annual report for analysis
- 8. Interpersonal communication Transactional communication ice breaker

9. Mid Semester Examination

- 10. The conduct of a symposium
- 11. Conferencing the concept and presentation of a paper
- 12. Scientific Article Writing and Editing
- 13. Popular Article Writing, Editing and Blogging
- 14. Project proposal
- 15. Project Report writing
- 16. Entrepreneur intrapreneur Managing an intrapreneur motivation and entrepreneurship development planning, monitoring and evaluation.

17. Final Practical Examination

References

- 1. Sudarsanam.R 1985. "Development Education" Chapter 1,2
- 2. Krishna Mohan and Meera Banerji, (1990). "Developing Communication Skills", Macmillan

Pub. Co., Ch.6,9,10,13 and 15.

E-References :

http://www.e-booksdirectory.com/details.php?ebook=9481

NSS 101 NATIONAL SERVICE SCHEME (0+1)

I Year

Orientation – NSS origin – motto – symbol – NSS administration at different levels – programme planning – Rural Projects – Urban projects – Government schemes – Career guidance – Self help groups

– Environment protection – Use of natural energy – Conventional energy resources – Soil and Water conservation – Community health programmes – Women and child welfare – Education for all – National days – Commemorative days – NSS thematic programmes – literacy & computer awareness campaigns.

II Year

Popularization of agro techniques – Self employment opportunities – Animal health, Dairy and Poultry farming – Road safety – Training on First aid and emergency cell. Popularization of small savings – communal harmony and National integration – Care of Senior citizens – Personality development – meditation, Yoga Art of living – Activities on the preservation of National monuments, cultural heritage and folklore – special camp activities – National days – commemorative days – NSS thematic programmes – literacy & computer awareness campaigns.

Practical Schedule:

I Semester

- 1. Orientation of NSS volunteers and programme coordinator and Programme officers.
- 2. Origin of NSS in India and its development
- 3. NSS motto, symbol and NSS awards
- 4. Organizational set up of NSS at Central, State University and college levels.
- 5. Programme planning Theme of the year planning implementation at PC, PO and NSS volunteer level.
- 6. Visit to selected village gathering basic data on socio economic status.
- 7. Participatory rural appraisal studying the needs of the target group.
- 8. Visit of urban slum and gathering data on socio economic status.
- 9. Self involvement and methods of creating rapport with the target group.
- 10. Awareness campaign on welfare schemes of the central and state government.
- 11. Formation career guidance group with NSS volunteers and students welfare unit
- 12. Cycle rally on environmental protection.
- 13. Campus development activities clean environment campaign, formation of plastic free zones.
- 14. Campus development, tree planting maintenance and greening the campus cleaning.
- 15. 15 Final Examination.

II Semester

- 1. 1–3: Motivation of rural and urban youth for formation of SHG (Self Help Groups) in collaboration with Government machineries and NGOs.
- 2. Campaign on ill effects of plastics in the adjoining campus areas Villages / urban areas.
- 3. Campaign on *Parthenium* eradication.
- 4. Cycle rally on air pollution Vehicle exhaust and other means.
- 5. Popularization of biogas and smokeless chulah.
- 6. Demonstration on the use of wind energy and solar energy.
- 7. Demonstration of water harvesting techniques.
- 8. Demonstration on soil conservation techniques wherever possible.
- 9. Campaign on Community health programmes of central and state Government involving Health department officials.
- 10. AIDS awareness campaign ; campaign on diabetes and healthy food habits and drug abuse
- 11. Planning formation of blood donors club involving NGOs.
- 12. Campaign on gender equality and women empowerment.
- 13. Campaign on child health care immunization, food habits and child labour abolition.

III Semester

- 1. Conducting field days with KVK to popularize improved agro techniques.
- 2. Conducing seminar / workshop in a nearby village to motivate the youth on agribusiness (involving

DEE, KVK, NGO and local agro-entrepreneurs).

- 3–5 Campaign on self employment opportunities like Apiculture, mushroom cultivation, Food processing and value addition, production of biocontrol agents and biofertilizers, nursery techniques, seed production, tissue culture, vermicompost, manucacture of small gadgets and agricultural implements as per local needs and feasibility.
- 6. Animal health care campaign Dairy and poultry farming Forage production techniques and silage making.
- 7. Training the NSS volunteers on road safety measures in involving traffic wardens and RTO.
- 8. Training NSS volunteers on First AID and emergency call involving NGOs and organizations like St.

John's Ambulance, Red Cross, etc.,

- 9. Organizing road safety rally.
- 10. Motivating NSS Volunteers on small savings concept and conveying the message to the public through them.
- 12. Observation of National integration and communal harmony.
- 14-16 : Campus development and greening activities
- 17. Final Examination.

IV Semester

- 1. Visit to orphanages and old age homes to look after their needs.
- 2. Personality development programmes Building up self confidence in youth.
- 3. Teaching NSS volunteers on mediation Yoga and art of healthy living with trained teachers
- 4. Visit of nearby National Monument / Places of tourist importance and campaign on cleanliness and preservation.
- 5. Exploration of hidden talents of village youth and public on folklore, traditional art, sports, martial arts and cultural heritage. Campus improvement activities Visit to special camp village and pre camp planning.
- 6. Final Examination.

Besides the above, NSS volunteers will attend work during important occasions like

Convocation, Farmers day, Sports meet and other University / College functions. NSS Volunteers will attend one special camp in the selected village for a duration of 10 days and

undertake various activities based on the need of that village.

For all out door regular activities villages / slums nearby the campus may be selected to avoid

transport cost (cycle able distance) Special camp activity will be conducted in a village situated within a radius of 15 - 20 KM.

EVALUATION

A. Regular activities

60	=	I Semester	15 marks
marks		II Semester	15 marks
		III Semester	15 marks
		IV Semester	15 marks

(Written test 10 marks – participation in programmes and behavior-5 marks) 80% attendance is mandatory for attending special camp

B. Special camp activities

	Tota	:	40 marks
b.	Special camp activity report c. <i>Viva - voce</i> on the 10th day of the special camp :	:	5 marks 5 marks
_	camp:		
a.	Attendance in daily activities during special		30 marks

NCC 101 National Cadet Corps (0+1)

I Year

General - Military History – Introduction to NCC – Aims of NCC – Principles of NCC, NCC organization, Duties of good citizen – system of NCC training – Foot drill – Arms drill – Guard of Honour – Ceremonial Drill – Weapon training – First aid – Rifle and Light machine gun – Map reading – Civil defence – Leadership.

II Year

Drill – Weapon drill – Weapon training and firing – Introduction to National Integration – Historical – geographical – Religions back ground of India – Health and Sanitation – Aid to Civil Authorities – Civil defence – Ecology / Nature awareness – Map reading – Social service – Adventure Activities – Leadership qualities.

ISemester

- 1. NCC song Aims and Motto of NCC Motivation of cadets
- 2. History of NCC and organization of NCC
- 3. Food drill General and word of Command
- 4. Human Resource Development Motivation Duties of Good citizen
- 5. National Integration Indian History and Culture
- 6. Health and Hygiene Structure and Function of a human body, hygiene and Sanitation
- 7. Social Service weaker sections of our society and their needs
- 8. Self Defence Theory and practice, prevention of untoward incidence
- 9. Map reading introduction to map, and lay out of map
- 10. Disaster Management Civil defence organization and its duties
- 11. Communication Different types media
- 12. Signals introduction to radio, telephony procedures
- 13. Field Engineering principles and applications, camouflage and concealment
- 14. Adventure training introduction, different types
- 15. First Aid methods and practices
- 16. Environment and Ecology conservation

17. Final Examination.

II Semester

- 1. Drill Weapon drill Word of Commands
- 2. National integration- unity in diversity
- 3. Guard of Honour and Ceremonial drill
- 4. Types of weapon, Parts, Stripping and Assembling of light gun.
- 5. Rifle firing and follow up activities
- 6. Camps, types of Camps, Preparation and participation
- 7. Awards, different types, Ranks of officers and Cadets
- 8. Map reading judging distance, conventional signs and uses of compass.
- 9. Leadership traits, types, perception
- 10. Fire Fighting, Role of NCC during natural hazards
- 11. Field Engineering section formation
- 12. Obstacle training
- 13. Health and Sanitation preventable diseases, Fractures and types of treatments
- 14. Environment and Ecology-Pollution and its control.
- 15. Social Service contribution of youth towards social welfare
- 16. First Aid Snake bite and other common medical Emergencies.
- 17. Final Examination.
III Semester

- 1. Drill Individual word of command
- 2. Weapon training parts of heavy weapons
- 3. Stripping and assembling of heavy weapons
- 4. Importance of team work values, code of ethics
- 5. Disaster management during Earth Quake
- 6. Evacuation of Causalities
- 7. Map reading Camposs and Service Protractor
- 8. Aids to civil authority
- 9. Section and platoon formation
- 10. Social service, NGO's and their contribution to the society
- 11. Roll of NCC cadets in civil administration
- 12. Traffic rules and Road signs
- 13. Mines and types of mine fields
- 14. Dressing of Wounds, physical and mental health
- 15. Field signals
- 16. Air raid warning, Fire fighting
- 17. Final Examination.

IV Semester

- 1. Drill Foot drill
- 2. Formation of squad and squad drill
- 3. Man Management, Morale
- 4. Time Management, stress management
- 5. Ecology and Environment wild life conservation
- 6. Adventure Activities, Trekking Camp
- 7. Map reading Field to Map Map to Field Grids and scale systems
- 8. Communication systems Internet Faxi mail Satellites
- 9. Collection and Distribution of Aid material
- 10. Field Engineering Mines, anti tanks, explosives
- 11. Opportunities for NCC cadets in Army and other services
- 12. Social Service, Family Planning
- 13. Section battle drill
- 14. Roll of NCC cadets in National programmes.
- 15. Visit to Wellington, Coonoor.
- 16. Self defence mechanisms
- **17. Final examination.**

Besides the above schedule, NCC cadets will be involved during important occasions during convocation, Independence day, Republic day, etc.

		Sem I	Sem II	Sem III	Sem IV	Total
Α.	Regular activities and Behaviour	10	10	10	10	40
В.	Participation in camps and special	5	5	5	5	20
	assignments					
C.	Written test and viva	10	10	10	10	40
	Total	25	25	25	25	100

EVALUATION:

PED 101 Physical Education (0+1)

Practical

(17 Practical classes $-2\frac{1}{2}$ hours each class -17 classes will be converted into 40 practical hours and $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours for evaluation)

I Semester (20 Hours)

Exercises for strength, agility, co-ordination, flexibility, co-operation, vitalcapacity endurance, speed and for various systems of our body and team spirit.

Exercise for Good Posture – Conditioning and calisthenics for various Athletic activities *i.e* (a) Before start – Arm stretch, hand stretch and cat stretch (b) Loosening up jogging, bending and twisting (c) Standing – Lateral Arc, triangle and hands to feet pose (d) Sitting – camel kneel, spinal twist and supine knee bend (e) Relaxation – The corpse pose, quick and deep relaxation. Basic gymnastic exercises – participation of athletic events – running, throwing and jumping events.

Skill development in anyone of the following games

Warming up, suitable exercise, lead up games, advance skill for all the games.

Basket Ball : Dribbling, pass, two or three men pass, pivot, lay up shot, shooting, pass break, hook pass, screening, positional play, defence and offence tactics.

Volley Ball : Fingering, under arm pass, over head pass, setting, spiking, back pass, jump pass, stunts, elementarty dive, flaying dive, roll, blacking and various types of services.

Ball Badminton : Grip, service, foot work, fore hand stroke, back hand stroke, lob, smash, volley, wall practice, spin service and defence tactics.

Foot ball : Dribbling, passing, dodging, kicking, heading, screening, chest pass, throwing, dragging, goal kick, defence and offence tactics.

Hockey : Grip, bully, dribbling, hitting, drive, push strokes, scoop, flick, stopping, various types of passes, dodging, defence and offience tactics.

Kho-Kho : Quadra ped, bi-ped, how to given kho, taking a direction, recede, parallel toe method, bullet tow method, distal method, foot out, dive, ring game, chains and persue and defence skills.

Chess : Moves, move of king, move of pawns, move of rooks, move of bishops, move of queen, move of knights, en passant, castling, check and notation.

Kabaddi : Raid, touch, cant, catch, struggle, various types of defence and offence tactics.

Cricket : Grip, bowling, spin, leg spin, off spin, medium, batting, dive, sweep, mode of delivery, fielding, rolling etc.

Tennis : Grip, forehand drive, back hand drive, stroke, backhand ground stroke, service, volley, smash, wall practice, foot work, defence and offence tactics.

Table Tennis : Grip, tossing and serving, spin serve, rally, smash, flick, defence and offence tactics.

Shuttle Badminton : Grip, foot work, service, setting, smash, volley, forehand and back hand stroke, back hand serve and defence.

Gymnastics : Balanced walk, execution, floor exercise, tumbling/acrobatics, grip, release, swinging, parallel bar exercise, horizontal bar exercise, flic-flac-walk and pyramids.

ATHLETICS

- (a) **Sprint** : Medium start, long start, bunch start, set, pick up, finish, upsweep, downsweep, placement, receiving and exchanging.
- (b) **Jumps** : Western roll, belly roll, eastern cut off, fass ferry flop, approach, take off, straddle, hitch-kick, handging, clearance, landing, strides etc.
- (c) **Throws** : Grip, momentum, pre shift, sub phase, the wind up, foot work, entry to the turn, shift, angle of release, follow throw, delivery, front cross step, rear cross step, hop step, fuck method pary obraine, discoput, rotation, carry and glide.
- (d) **Hurdles** : Finding lead leg, use of lead leg and trial leg, flight, clearing, finish.

Lead up games, advance skills and game for any one of the above games.

II Semester (20+ 2 ¹/₂ hours)

Rules and regulations of anyone of the games and athletic events.

Aims and objectiaves of yoga – asanas : ie. padmasana, pujankasana, sarvangasana, chakrasana,dhanurasana, halasana, mayurasana and savasana, asanas for ailments, back pain, arthritis, abdominal problesm, stress, fatiguel, Insomnia, obsity, circulation, hypertension, varicose veins, respiration, heart, digenstion, headaches, depression, addiction and eye problems.

Mental balance and importance – development of concentration suriyanamaskar – advance skills of any one of the games which were taught in the I semester.

METHOD OF EVALUATION:

		60
a.	Attendance	Marks
		10
b.	Behavior	Marks
		20
c.	Participation in Sports and Games	Marks
		10
d.	Final Viva Voce	Marks

Marks will be awarded at the end of the IV Semester based on the above method of evaluation procedure. Final class grade chart of each student will be sent to the Dean of concerned colleges of Tamil Nadu Agricultural University.

PED 102 YOGA FOR HUMAN EXCELLENCE (0+1)

UNIT - 1: PHYSICAL HEALTH AND REJUVENATION OF LIFE-FORCE

Significance of Value Education - Types of Education – Yoga for Human Excellence Principles and Purpose of living - Body structure – Body functions – Reasons for Diseases and Prevention - Concept of Health – Role of limit and method in five deeds for good health - Importance of Naturopathy - Objectives of physical exercises Benefits of physical exercises - Kayakalpa yoga philosophy - Youthfulness practices Enriching bio-magnetism.

UNIT - 2:

MENTAL PROSPERITY AND SOCIAL WELFARE

Mind functions – Mental frequency – Thought – Brain and Memory power – Problem solving and Decision making skills - Need and benefits for meditation - SKY Yoga types of meditation Part 1: Eye brow centre meditation - Genetic centre meditation - Spinal cord clearance - Crown centre meditation - Analysis of thoughts – Moralization of desires - Neutralization of Anger – Eradication of Worries – Benefits of blessings - Human culture and values – Five-fold culture -Time management – Personality Assessment - Environment awareness and protection - Family peace – World peace - Five duties - Harmonious friendship – Greatness of Womanhood.

UNIT - 3: YOGA PRACTICES – I

PHASE I - Simplified Physical Exercises: Hand exercise - Leg exercise - Neuro muscular breathing exercise - Eye exercise - Kapalabathi - PHASE II - Makarasana Part 1 & 2 - Body massage - Acu-pressure - Relaxation exercise - Youthfulness practices (Kayakalpa) - SKY Yoga types of meditation Part 1: Eye Brow centre meditation - Genetic centre meditation - Spinal Clearance - Crown centre meditation.

Practical Schedule:

- 1. Significance of Value Education Types of Education Yoga for Human Excellence Eye brow centre meditation (Agna) Simplified Physical Exercises Objective of physical exercises Benefits of exercises.
- 2. Principles and Purpose of living Genetic centre meditation Explanation and initiation of Genetic centre SPE Hand exercises, Leg Exercises, Neuro Muscular Breathing exercises, Eye exercises, Kapalabathi and Relaxation
- 3. Kayakalpa yoga philosophy Youthfulness practices Enriching bio-magnetism Eye brow
- 4. centre meditation Practice (Agna) Kayakalpa Yoga Explanation and Kayakalpa Practice
- 5. Body structure Body functions Genetic centre meditation Practice Simplified Physical Exercises Makarasana, Massage and Acupressure and Relaxation Kayakalpa
- Concept of Health Role of limit and method in five deeds for good health Spinal cord Clearance - Explanation and practice - Simplified Physical Exercises Full exercises – Kayakalpa
- 7. Reasons for Diseases and Prevention Crown centre meditation- Initiation (Thuriyam)
- 8. Importance of crown centre meditation Simplified Physical Exercises Full exercises Kayakalpa

- 9. Importance of Naturopathy Crown centre meditation- (Thuriyam) Simplified Physical Exercises Full exercises Kayakalpa
- Mind functions Mental frequency Thought Brain and Memory power -Crown centre meditation- (Thuriyam) - Simplified Physical Exercises Full exercises - Kayakalpa
- 11. Analysis of thought Moralization of desire Genetic centre meditation Practice -Simplified Physical Exercises Full exercises - Kayakalpa
- 12. Neutralization of Anger Eradication of Worries Eye brow centre meditation Practice (Agna) - Simplified Physical Exercises Full exercises - Kayakalpa
- 13. Benefits of blessings Human culture and values Crown centre meditation-(Thuriyam) - Simplified Physical Exercises Full exercises - Kayakalpa
- 14. Fivefold culture Time management Crown centre meditation- (Thuriyam) Simplified Physical Exercises Full exercises Kayakalpa
- 15. Environment awareness and protection Genetic centre meditation Practice -Simplified Physical Exercises Full exercises - Kayakalpa
- 16. Family peace World peace Harmonious friendship Crown centre meditation-(Thuriyam)
- 17. Simplified Physical Exercises Full exercises Kayakalpa
- 18. Greatness of Womanhood Five duties Genetic centre meditation Practice Simplified
- 19. Physical Exercises Full exercises Kayakalpa
- 20. Personality Assessment Crown centre meditation- (Thuriyam) Simplified Physical Exercises Full exercises Kayakalpa
- 21. Physical health and mental health revision

II SEMESTER

S.	Course code	Course Title	Credit
No			load
1	SWE 112	Soil and Water Conservation Engineering	1+1
2	CRP 101	Fundamentals of crop Physiology	2+1
3	AEC 102	Fundamentals of Agricultural Economics	1+1
4	AGM 101	Fundamentals of Microbiology	2+1
5	AEX 102	Fundamentals of Agricultural Extension Education	2+1
6	FSN 111	Principles of Food Science and Nutrition	1+1
7	AGR 102	Introductory Agro-meteorology & Climate Change	1+1
8	HOR 112	Production Technology for Fruit and Plantation Crops	1+1
9	RSG 101	Geo- informatics for Precision Farming	1+0
10	NSS/NCC 101	NSS/NCC	0+1*
11	PED 101	Physical Education	0+1*
		Total	13+8=21
		*Non-gradial courses compulsory courses	

THEORY

UNIT I SURVEYING

Surveying and levelling – chain and compass – levelling – land measurement – difference in elevation.

UNIT II SOIL EROSION

Soil Erosion – causes and evil effects of soil erosion – geologic and accelerated erosion – universal soil loss equation - water erosion - causes - stages of water erosion - splash, sheet, rill and gully erosion - ravines - land slides – wind erosion - factors influencing wind erosion - mechanics of wind erosion – suspension, saltation, surface creep

UNIT III SOIL CONSERVATION AND WATERSHED MANAGEMENT

Erosion control measures for agricultural lands – biological measures – contour cultivation – strip cropping – cropping systems – vegetative barriers - windbreaks and shelterbelts - shifting cultivation mechanical measures – contour bund – graded bund – broad beds and furrows – basin listing – random tie ridging – mechanical measures for hill slopes – contour trench – bench terrace – contour stone wall – Rain water harvesting — Runoff computation - rational formula - water harvesting – farm ponds and percolation ponds -watershed concept – integrated approach and management

UNIT IV IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

Irrigation - measurement of flow in open channels - velocity area method - rectangular weir - Cippoletti weir - V notch - orifices - Parshall flume - duty of water - irrigation efficiencies - conveyance of irrigation water - surface irrigation methods - borders, furrows and check basins - drip and sprinkler irrigation component— agricultural drainage - surface and sub-surface drainage systems - drainage coefficient

UNIT V WELLS AND PUMPS

Types of wells– pump types – reciprocating pumps – centrifugal pumps – turbine pumps – submersible pumps – jet pumps – airlift pumps

PRACTICAL

Study of survey instruments - chains and cross staff surveying - linear measurement - plotting and finding areas. Compass survey - observation of bearings - computation of angles- radiation, intersection. Levelling – fly levels – determination of difference in elevation – contouring. Design of contour bund and graded bund. Drip systems and Sprinkler irrigation systems. Problems on water measurement. Problems on duty of water, irrigation efficiencies. Problems on water requirement - agricultural drainage. Study of different types of wells and its selection.- Study of pumps and its selection- Visit to soil and water conservation areas

LECTURE SCHEDULE

- 1. Introduction land surveying uses in agriculture chain and cross staff surveying.
- 2. Compass surveying computation of angles.
- 3. Dumpy level setting, observation and tabulation of readings difference in elevation.
- 4. Soil Erosion causes and evil effects of soil erosion geologic and accelerated erosion universal soil less equations.
- 5. Water erosion causes stages of water erosion Splash, sheet, rill and gully erosion ravines land slides
- 6. Wind erosion factors influencing wind erosion mechanics of wind erosion suspension, saltation, surface creep Effects of water and wind erosion
- Erosion control measures for agricultural lands biological measures contour cultivation strip cropping - Cropping systems – vegetative barriers - Windbreaks and shelterbelts - shifting cultivation.
- Mechanical measures contour bund graded bund Broad beds and furrows basin listing random tie ridging - Mechanical measures for hill slopes – contour trench – bench terrace – contour stone wall
- 9. Mid semester examination.
- 10. Rain water harvesting runoff computation rational formula runoff water harvesting farm ponds and percolation ponds.

- 11. Watershed concept Integrated approach and management
- 12. Irrigation measurement of flow in open channels velocity area method Rectangular weir Cippoletti weir V notch Orifices Parshall flume
- 13. Duty of water irrigation efficiencies conveyance of irrigation water.
- 14. Surface irrigation methods borders, furrows and check basins
- 15. Components of drip and sprinkler irrigation system
- 16. Agricultural drainage need surface and subsurface drainage systems drainage coefficient
- 17. Types of wells Pump types reciprocating pumps centrifugal pumps Turbine pumps submersible pumps Jet pumps Airlift pumps

PRACTICAL SCHEDULE

- 1. Study of survey instruments chains compass dumpy level.
- 2. Chains and cross staff surveying linear measurement plotting and finding areas.
- 3. Compass survey observation of bearings computation of angles.
- 4. Compass radiation, intersection.
- 5. Levelling fly levels
- 6. Computation of area
- 7. Computation determination of difference in elevation.
- 8. Design of contour bund and graded bund.
- 9. Design of drip Irrigation systems.
- 10. Design of sprinkler irrigation system
- 11. Problems on water measurement.
- 12. Problems on duty of water, irrigation efficiencies.
- 13. Problems on water requirement agricultural drainage.
- 14. Study of different types of wells
- 15. Study of pumps and Selection of pumps.
- 16. Visit to soil and water conservation areas.
- 17. Final practical examination.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Basak, N.N. 2008. Surveying and Levelling. 25th reprint. Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd
- 2. Michael, A.M. and Ojha, T.P. 2008. Irrigation Theory and Practice. Second Edition. Vikas Publication House, New Delhi

E- REFERENCES

- http://nptel.ac.in/courses/105107122/13
- http://soilwater.okstate.edu/courses/lectures-powerpoint

CRP 101 Fundamentals of Crop Physiology (2+1)

Theory

Unit I

Introduction to Crop Physiology and importance of Crop Physiology in Agriculture – Plant cell: an overview, organelles- plasma membrane, chloroplast, mitochondria, peroxisome and vacuole, Structure and role of water, water potential and its components, diffusion and osmosis; imbibition, plasmolysis, Field Capacity and Permanent Wilting Point, Absorption of water, Mechanisms of water absorption, Pathways of water movement, Apoplast and symplast, Translocation of water, ascent of sap and its mechanisms - Transpiration and Stomatal physiology: structure of stomatal pore, mechanisms of stomatal opening and closing, guttation, antitranspirants.

Unit II

Mineral nutrition of plants: Criteria of essentiality, classification of nutrients, macro, micro, mobile, immobile and beneficial elements, Physiological functions and deficiency symptoms of nutrients, nutrient uptake mechanism; Hidden hunger, Foliar nutrition, root feeding and fertigation, sand culture, hydroponics and aeroponics.

Unit III

Photosynthesis: Light and dark reactions, Photosystems, red drop and Emerson enhancement effect, Photolysis of water and photophosphorylation, Z scheme, C3, C4 and CAM plants; Photosynthetic pathways of C3, C4 and CAM plants, difference between three pathways, Factors affecting photosynthesis, Photorespiration – pathway and its significance, Phloem transport, Munch hypothesis, Phloem loading and unloading, Source and sink strength and their manipulations. Respiration: Glycolysis, TCA cycle and electron transport chain; Oxidative phosphorylation – difference between photo and oxidative phosphorylation – energy budgeting - respiratory quotient. Fat metabolism: fatty acid synthesis and breakdown.

Unit IV

Plant growth regulators: physiological roles and agricultural uses, Hormones- classifications -Biosynthetic pathway and role of auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins, ethylene and ABA, Novel and new generation PGRs, Brassinosteroids and salicylic acid, Growth retardants, Commercial uses of PGRs. Photoperiodism - short, long and day neutral plants, Chailakhyan's theory of flowering, Forms of phytochrome, Pr and Pfr, regulation of flowering, Vernalisation - Theories of vernalisation, Lysenko theories, Seed germination - physiological and biochemical changes, seed dormancy and breaking methods, Senescence and abscission, physiological and biochemical changes, Physiology of fruit ripening, climacteric and non-climacteric fruits, factors affecting ripening, Manipulations. Physiological aspects of growth and development of major crops: growth analysis, role of physiological growth parameters in crop productivity.

Unit V

Classification of stresses - Physiological changes and adaptations to drought, flooding, high and low temperature, salinity and UV radiation – compatible osmolytes – membrane properties - compartmentalization – stress alleviation - Global warming – green house gases – physiological effects on crops - Carbon Sequestration.

Practicals

Study of plant cells, structure and distribution of stomata, imbibition, osmosis, plasmolysis, measurement of root pressure, rate of transpiration, Separation of photosynthetic pigments through paper chromatography, Rate of transpiration, photosynthesis, respiration, tissue test for mineral nutrients, estimation of relative water content, Measurement of photosynthetic CO2 assimilation by Infra Red Gas Analyser (IRGA).

Theory lecture schedule:

- 9. Introduction and importance of Crop Physiology in Agriculture, an over view of Plant cell.
- 10. Structure and role of water –water potential and its components Diffusion Osmosis imbibition Plasmolysis Field Capacity and Permanent Wilting Point
- 11. Mechanisms of water absorption Pathways of water movement Apoplast and symplast
- 12. Translocation of water ascent of sap mechanisms of xylem transport
- 13. Transpiration significance Stomatal physiology: structure of stomata with mechanisms of stomatal opening and closing guttation antitranspirants
- 14. Mineral nutrition of plants criteria of essentiality classification of nutrients macro, micro, mobile and immobile beneficial elements, mechanism of nutrient uptake
- 15. Physiological functions and disorders of macronutrients, Hidden hunger
- 16. Physiological functions and disorders of micronutrients
- 17. Foliar nutrition- root feeding and fertigation sand culture, hydroponics and aeroponics
- 18. Light reaction of photosynthesis photolysis of water and photophosphorylation Z scheme
- 19. Dark Reaction of photosynthesis C3, C4 and CAM pathways and differences.
- 20. Factors affecting photosynthesis Photorespiration pathway and its significance
- 21. Phloem transport Munch hypothesis Phloem loading and unloading Source and sink strength and their manipulations
- 22. Respiration Glycolysis TCA cycle.
- 23. Photo and oxidative phosphorylation Electron transport chain energy budgeting respiratory quotient.
- 24. Fat metabolism: fatty acid synthesis and breakdown
- 25. Mid Semester Examination
- 26. Growth phases of growth factors affecting growth.
- 27. Hormones and plant growth regulators (PGR): physiological roles and agricultural uses Biosynthetic pathway and role of auxins and gibberellins
- 28. Plant growth regulators (PGR): physiological roles and agricultural uses Biosynthetic pathway and role of cytokinin, ethylene and ABA
- 29. Novel growth regulators viz., Brassinosteroids and salicylic acid New Generation PGRs Growth retardants and inhibitors -commercial uses of PGRs
- 30. Photoperiodism short, long and day neutral plants Chailakhyan's theory of flowering
- 31. Forms of phytochrome Pr and Pfr regulation of flowering
- 32. Vernalisation theories of vernalisation Lysenko and Hormonal theories devernalization
- 33. Physiological aspects of growth and development of major crops
- 34. Growth analysis role of physiological growth parameters in crop productivity
- 35. Seed germination physiological and biochemical changes seed dormancy and breaking methods
- 36. Senescence and abscission physiological and biochemical changes
- 35. Physiology of fruit ripening- climacteric and non climacteric fruits factors affecting ripening and manipulations
- 36. Drought physiological changes adaptation compatible osmolytes alleviation
- 37. High and low temperature stress physiological changes membrane properties adaptation
- 38. Salt stress physiological changes adaptation compartmentalization alleviation
- 39. Flooding and UV radiation stresses physiological changes adaptation
- 40. Global warming green house gases --physiological effects on crop productivity- Carbon

Practical schedule:

- 17. Preparation of solutions
- 18. Study of leaf epidermal, xylem and phloem cells
- 19. Determination of stomatal index and stomatal frequency
- 20. Measurement of plant water potential
- 21. Measurement of water imbibition by seed mass test
- 22. Estimation of photosynthetic pigments

- 23. Determination of photosynthetic efficiency in crops
- 24. Measurement of transpiration and photosynthesis by IRGA
- 25. Diagnosis of nutritional and physiological disorders in crops
- 26. Rapid tissue test for mineral nutrients
- 27. Estimation of relative water content
- 28. Measurement of osmosis and plasmolysis
- 29. Growth Analysis
- 30. Bioassay for gibberellin and cytokinin
- 31. Estimation of chlorophyll stability index
- 32. Estimation of proline content
- **33. Final Practical Examination**

References

- 3. Salisbury F.B. and C.W.Ross., 1992 (Fourth Edition). Plant Physiology. Publishers: Wadsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA.
- 4. Boominathan P., R. Sivakumar, A. Senthil, and D. Vijayalakshmi. 2014. Introduction to Plant Physiology, A.E. Publications. Coimbatore
- 5. Jain, V.K. 2007. Fundamentals of plant physiology, S.Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- 6. Taiz. L. and Zeiger. E., 2015 (Sixth edition). Plant Physiology and Development. Publishers: Sinauer Associates, Inc., Massachusetts, USA.

E -references

- 1. http://www.plantphys.org
- 2. http://www. Biologie. Uni-hamburg. de/b-online
- 3. <u>http://6e.plantphys.net</u>

AEC 101 Fundamentals of Agricultural Economics (1+1)

Theory Unit 1:

Nature and Scope of Economics

Economics: Meaning, scope and subject matter, definitions, activities, approaches to economic analysis; micro and macroeconomics, positive and normative analysis. Nature of economic theory; rationality assumption, concept of equilibrium, economic laws as generalization of human behavior. Basic concepts: Goods and services, classification and characteristics, desire, want - meaning and characteristics, demand, utility, cost and price, wealth, capital, income and welfare. Agricultural economics: meaning, definition, characteristics of agriculture, importance and its role in economic development. Agricultural planning and development in the country.

Unit 2:

Theory of Consumption

Demand: meaning, kinds of demand, law of demand, demand schedule and demand curve, determinants; *Utility theory* - cardinal and ordinal utility; law of diminishing marginal utility, equi-marginal utility principle, Indifference curve analysis and properties - budget line: definition, assumptions, limitations and applications - consumer's equilibrium and derivation of demand curve. Concept of consumer surplus and its importance. *Elasticity of demand*: concept and measurement of price elasticity, income elasticity and cross elasticity. Factors influencing elasticity of demand - Importance of elasticity of demand – Standard of Living: Definition, Engel's Law of Family Expenditure.

Unit 3:

Theory of Production

Production: process, creation of utility, factors of production definition and characteristics - Input

Output Relationship. *Laws of returns*: Law of variable proportions and Law of returns to scale. *Cost:* Cost concepts, short run and long run cost curves. *Supply:* Stock versus supply, law of supply, supply schedule, supply curve, determinants of supply, elasticity of supply.

Unit 4:

Exchange and Theory of Distribution

Market structure: meaning and types of market, basic features of perfectly competitive and imperfect markets. Price determination under perfect competition; short run and long run equilibrium of firm and industry, shut down and break even points. *Distribution theory*: meaning, factor market and pricing of factors of production - Concepts of Rent and Quasi rent - *Wages*: Real wage and money wage - *Interest*: Pure interest and gross interest – *Profit*: Meaning of economic profit.

Unit 5:

Macroeconomic Concepts

National income: Meaning and importance, circular flow, concepts of national income - accounting and approaches to measurement, difficulties in measurement. *Population:* Importance, Malthusian and Optimum population theories, natural and socio-economic determinants, current policies and programmes on population control. *Money:* Barter system of exchange and its problems, evolution, meaning and functions of money, classification of money, money supply, general price index, inflation and deflation. *Banking:* Role in modern economy, types of banks, functions of commercial and central bank, credit creation policy. *Agricultural and public finance:* meaning, micro versus macro finance, need for agricultural finance, public revenue and public expenditure. *Tax:* meaning, direct and indirect taxes, agricultural taxation, VAT and GST. *Economic systems:* Concepts of economy and its functions, important features of capitalistic, socialistic and mixed economies, elements of economic planning.

Practical

Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility - Law of Equi-Marginal Utility - Indifference Curve analysis - consumer equilibrium; Individual and market demand- Measurement of Arc and Point elasticities of demand - own price, income and cross price elasticities of demand – Estimation of Consumer surplus – Law of Diminishing Marginal Returns: Relationship among TPP, APP and MPP - Cost concepts and graphical derivation of cost curves - Estimation of total revenue and profit- Producer surplus - Supply elasticity – Exchange: Market Structure and Price determination – Computation of National Income – Study of structural changes in the economy - Estimation of Growth Rate - Money: Quantity theory of money - Measures of standard of living – Indices of human development.

Theory Schedule:

- 10. *Economics:* Meaning, scope and subject matter, definitions, activities, approaches to economic analysis; micro and macroeconomics, positive and normative analysis.
- 11. Nature of economic theory; rationality assumption, concept of equilibrium, economic laws as generalization of human behavior. Basic concepts: Goods and services classification and characteristics, desire, want meaning and characteristics, demand, utility, cost and price, wealth, capital, income and welfare.
- 12. Agricultural economics: meaning, definition, characteristics of agriculture, importance and its role in economic development. Agricultural planning and development in the country.
- 13. *Demand:* meaning, kinds of demand, law of demand, demand schedule and demand curve, determinants.
- 14. *Utility theory* cardinal and ordinal utility; law of diminishing marginal utility, equi-marginal utility principle, Indifference curve analysis and properties budget line definition, assumptions, limitations and applications.
- 15. Consumer's equilibrium and derivation of demand curve, concept of consumer surplus and its importance.
- 16. Elasticity of demand: concept and measurement of price elasticity, income elasticity and cross elasticity. Factors influencing elasticity of demand, Importance of elasticity of demand. Standard of Living: Definition, Engel's Law of Family Expenditure.
- 17. *Production:* process, creation of utility, factors of production definition and characteristics Input Output Relationship.

18. Mid Semester Examination

- 19. *Laws of returns*: Law of variable proportions and law of returns to scale. *Cost:* Cost concepts, short run and long run cost curves.
- 20. *Supply:* Stock versus supply, law of supply, supply schedule, supply curve, determinants of supply, elasticity of supply.
- 21. Market structure: meaning and types of market, basic features of perfectly competitive and imperfect markets. Price determination under perfect competition; short run and long run equilibrium of firm and industry, shut down and break even points.
- 22. Distribution theory: meaning, factor market and pricing of factors of production. Concepts of Rent and Quasi rent *Wages:* Real wage and money wage *Interest:* Pure interest and gross interest *Profit:* Meaning of economic profit.
- 14. *National income:* Meaning and importance, circular flow, concepts of national income accounting and approaches to measurement, difficulties in measurement.
- 15. *Population:* Importance, Malthusian and Optimum population theories, natural and socio-economic determinants, current policies and programmes on population control.
- 16. *Money:* Barter system of exchange and its problems, evolution, meaning and functions of money, classification of money, money supply, general price index, inflation and deflation. *Banking:* Role in modern economy, types of banks, functions of commercial and central bank, credit creation policy.
- 17. Agricultural and public finance: meaning, micro versus macro finance, need for agricultural finance, public revenue and public expenditure. Tax: meaning, direct and indirect taxes, agricultural taxation,

VAT and GST. *Economic systems:* Concepts of economy and its functions, important features of capitalistic, socialistic and mixed economies, elements of economic planning.

Practical Schedule

- 35. Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility.
- 36. Law of Equi Marginal Utility.
- 37. Indifference Curve analysis Properties, budget line and consumer equilibrium.
- 38. Individual and market demand Graphical derivation of individual and market demand.
- 39. Measurement of Arc and Point elasticities of demand own price, income and cross price elasticities of demand.
- 40. Estimation of Consumer surplus.
- 41. Law of Diminishing Marginal Returns: Relationship among TPP, APP and MPP.
- 42. Cost concepts and graphical derivation of cost curves.
- 43. Estimation of total revenue and profit.
- 44. Estimation of Producer surplus.
- 45. Estimation of Supply elasticity.
- 46. Exchange: Market Structure and Price determination.
- 47. Computation of National Income Analysis of Trends in National Income Study of structural changes in the economy.
- 48. Estimation of Growth rate of population and Food grain production.
- 49. Money: Quantity theory of money.
- 50. Measures of standard of living Human Development Index Physical Quality of Life Index Gender Development Index.
- 51. Final Practical Examination.

References

9. Dewett, K. K. 2004. Modern Economic Theory, Syamlal Charitable Trust, New Delhi.

10.Samuelson, P. 2004. Economics, (18/e), Tata Mc-graw-Hill, New Delhi

11.Seth, M. L. 2005.Principles of Economics, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal Co., Agra. New Delhi.

AGM 101 Fundamentals of Microbiology (2+1)

Theory Unit I. Introduction

Definition and scope of Microbiology. Milestones in Microbiology; biogenesis and abiogenesis theory; contributions of Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek, Louis Pasteur, John Tyndall, Robert Koch, Edward Jenner, Joseph Lister, Alexander Fleming and Waksman. Germ theory of diseases and fermentation.

Unit II.

Microbiological Techniques

General principles of light microscopy - magnification, resolving power and numerical aperture.Different types of light and electron microscopes; three dimensional imaging - Atomic force and Confocal scanning laser microscopy.Staining techniques - principle and types of stains; simple, negative, differential and structural staining.Sterilization and disinfection techniques; principles and methods of sterilization - physical methods – heat, filters and radiation; chemical methods.Isolation, enrichment and purification techniques of bacteria, yeast, molds and actinobacteria.Preservation of microbial cultures.

Unit III.

Microbial World

Evolutionary relationship among the living organisms. Whittaker's five kingdom concept of living organism and Carl Woese systems. <u>Procaryotic and eukaryotic microorganisms</u>. Three domains of life – similarities and differences; Modern approach to the bacterial systematics. Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology. Bacteria <u>- bacterial size</u>, shape and arrangement; bacterial cell structure and <u>function</u>. Morphology of fungi and algae. General properties of viruses: different types; overview of bacteriophages; morphology of bacteriophages: Lytic and lysogenic cycles; lytic and temperate phages.

Unit IV.

Microbial Growth and Metabolism

<u>Bacterial growth</u>- population growth- growth cycles of population; environment on growth – temperature, oxygen, pH and salts; nutritional classification – <u>chemoautotrophy and photo autotroph</u>. Energy generation in bacteria. Aerobic and anaerobic respiration and fermentation in bacteria.

Unit V.

Microbial Genetics and Immunology

Central dogma of life. Genetic elements of bacteria; bacterial chromosomal <u>DNA</u>, <u>plasmids</u>, <u>IS elements</u> and <u>transposons</u>; Mutation - types and mutagens. <u>Genetic recombinations</u>; <u>transformation</u>, <u>transduction</u> and <u>conjugation</u>. Genetic engineering – an introduction. Basic concepts of immunology – antigen – antibody reactions and vaccines.

Practical

Microbiological safety in the laboratory; introduction to microbiology laboratory and its equipments.Microscopes- handling with microscope.Micrometry.Methods of sterilizationand equipments used for sterilization. Nutritional media and their preparations. Enumeration of microbial population bacteria, fungi and actinobacteria. Methods of purification and preservation of microbial cultures. Staining and microscopic observations; simple and differential staining - spore staining. Measurement of bacterial growth. Identification of microorganisms - morphological identification of yeasts, molds and Identificationcultural, physiological and biochemical tests for algae. bacteria and actinobacteria..Isolation of bacteriophages.Isolation of mutants employing physical or chemical mutagens.

Theory lecture schedule:

- 6. Definition and scope of microbiology
- 7. Biogenesis and a biogenesis theory. Contributions by Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek and Louis Pasteur
- 18. Contributions of John Tyndall, Joseph Lister, Edward Jenner, Robert Koch, Alexander Fleming and Waksman. Germ theory of fermentation and disease
- 19. Microscopy; principles resolving power and magnification. Light microscopy
- 20. Different types of microscopes UV, dark field, phase contrast and fluorescence
- 21. Electron microscopes; atomic and confocal scanning laser microscopy
- 22. Staining techniques principle and types of stains staining techniques- simple, negative, differential and structural staining methods
- 23. Sterilization principle physical agents and chemical methods
- 24. Isolation and enrichment culture techniques; preservation techniques
- 25. Evolutionary relationship position of microbes in living world concepts and developments in classification of microorganisms
- 26. Groups of microorganisms prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Archaea ecology; differences amongarchaea, eubacteria and eukaryotes
- 27. Bergey's manual of systematic bacteriology outline only. Economic importance of bacteria
- 28. Bacteria- size, shape, structure and arrangement of cells
- 29. Bacteria external and internal structures in bacteria and their functionality
- 30. Morphology and classification of fungi and economic importance
- 31. Morphology and classification of algae and economic importance
- 32. Viruses and their properties; bacteriophages lytic and lysogenic and temperate phages
- 33. Mid Semester Examination
- 34. Reproduction in bacteria population growth and growth phases generation time and specific growth rate
- 35. Batch and continuous culture chemostat and turbidostat; synchronous culture. Diauxic growth curve.
- 36. Conditions for growth temperature requirements aerobes and anaerobes other factors influencing growth; methods of assessment of growth.
- 37. Nutritional types of bacteria. Metabolic diversity in microbes.
- 38. Aerobic respiration and anaerobic respiration
- 39. Fermentative mode of respiration
- 40. Oxygenic and anoxygenic mode of photosynthesis
- 41. Energy generation by substrate level phosphorylation, oxidative and photo phosphorylation
- 42. Genetic elements in bacteria structure and functions of bacterial chromosome and plasmid and transposons
- 43. Mutation in bacteria principles and types. Mutagens physical, chemical and biological
- 44. Genetic recombination competency transformation
- 45. Genetic recombination by Conjugation concept of Hfr
- 46. Genetic recombination by Transduction generalized and specialized
- 47. Microorganisms as tools in genetic engineering
- 48. Immunology principles specific and non-specific defense
- 49. Antigen antibody reactions vaccines applications

Practical schedule

- 5. Safety in Microbiology laboratory. Microscopes handling light microscope
- 6. Micrometry-measurement of microorganisms
- 7. Aseptic techniques working with equipment and apparatus
- 11. Preparation of growth media for bacteria, yeast, molds and actinobacteria
- 12. Isolation of microorganisms by serial dilution and plating technique
- 13. Purification of bacteria and actinobacteria
- 14. Purification of yeasts and molds
- 15. Preservation of bacteria, fungi and actinobacteria
- 16. Staining techniques positive and negative staining
- 10. Differential staining Gram staining
- 7. Turbidometric assessment of growth of bacteria
- 8. Morphological characteristics of bacteria and actinobacteria
- 9. Biochemical characteristics of bacteria and actinobacteria
- 10. Identification of yeasts, molds and algae morphological characterization
- 11. Isolation of bacteriophages
- 12. Isolation of bacterial mutants by UV iiradiation / chemical mutagenesis

13. Practical Examination

Reference :

- 1. Michael T. Madigan, Kelly S. Bender Daniel H. Buckley, W. Matthew Sattley, David A. Stahl 2017. Brock Biology of Microorganisms, 15th edition
- 2. ebook.:Prescott, Harley and Klein, 2013. Microbiology, 9th edition, McGraw Hill Publishing
- 3. ebook: Michael J. Leboffee and Burton E.Pierce 2011. A photographic Atlas for the Microbiology Laboratory 4th edition, Marton Publishing Company
 Hans G. Schlegel, 2012. General Microbiology, 7th edition
 Ronald M. Atlas, 1997. Principles of Microbiology, Second edition

- 6. Tortora, G.J., B.R.Funke and C.L. Case, 2009. Microbiology- An Introduction, 9th edition
- 7. Stanier, R.Y., Adelberg, E.A. and Ingram, J.L. (1991). General Microbiology, 5th Ed., Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

E- Reference :

- 1. http://www.microbes.info
- 2. http://aem.asm.org
- 3. http://microbelibrary.com
- 4. http://www.rapidmicrobiology.com

AEX 102 Fundamentals of Agricultural Extension Education (2+1)

Theory Unit I

Extension education and programme planning

Education- meaning, definition & types; extension education –meaning, definition, scope and process; objectives and principles of extension education. Programme planning – definition, meaning, process, principles and steps in programme development

Unit II

Extension System in India

Extension efforts in pre-independence era (Sriniketan, Marthandam, Firka Development scheme, Gurgaon Experiment, etc.) Post – independence era (Etawah pilot project, Nilokheri Experiment, etc.,) Various extension/ agricultural development programmes launched by ICAR/Govt. of India(IADP, IAAP, HYVP,KVK, ORP, ND, NATP, NAIP etc.,)

Unit III

Rural Development, Administration, monitoring and evaluation

Rural Development –Concept, meaning, definition: various rural development programmes launched by Govt. of India. Community development –meaning, definition, concepts and principles, physiology of community development. Rural leadership: concept and definition, types of leaders in rural context: extension administration: meaning, concept, principles and functions. Monitoring and evaluation: concept and definition, monitoring and evaluation of extension programmes

Unit IV

New Trends in Agricultural Extension

New trends in agricultural extension –Privatization of extension, Cyber extension/ E-extension, (Internet, cyber cafes, video and teleconferencing, Interactive Multimedia Compact disk (IMCD), Agri portals, Information Kiosks, Kisan Call Centre (KCC), Mobile phone, Village Knowledge Centre (VKC), DEMIC, Geographical Information System (GIS), market led extension, farmer led extension, expert systems etc.,

Unit V

Transfer of Technology, Diffusion of Innovations and extension methods

Transfer of technology concept, models, capacity building of extension personnel, extension teaching methods: meaning, classification, individual, group and mass contact methods, media mix strategies: communication: meaning, definition, models elements, characteristics and barriers to communication Agricultural Journalism: Agricultural journalism (Print media) - definition, principles, importance, ABC of news, types of news. Diffusion of Innovations – definition, elements; Innovation – definition, attributes; Adoption – meaning, steps in adoption process, adopter categories, factors influencing adoption of innovations; process and stages of adoption, adopter categories.

Practical

To get acquainted with university extension system, group discussion- exercise, handling and use of audio visual equipments and digital camera and LCD projector: preparation and use of AV aids, preparation of extension literature-leaflet, booklet, folder, pamphlet newstories and success stories, Presentation skills exercise: micro teaching exercise: A visit to village to understand the problems being encountered by the villagers/ farmers : to study organization and functioning of DRDA and other development departments at district level: visit to NGO and learning from their experience in rural development: understanding PRA techniques and their application in village development planning: exposure to mass media; visit to community radio and television studio for understanding the process of programme production: Script writing, writing for print and electronic media, developing script for radio and television.

Theory Lecture schedule

- 9. Education- meaning, definition and types; Extension education meaning, definition, scope and process; objectives and principles and function of extension education.
- 10. Programme planning definition, meaning, process, principles and steps in programme planning / development
- 11. Extension efforts in pre-independence era (IVP, Sriniketan, Marthandam, Firka Development scheme, Sevagram, Gurgaon Experiment, Baroda Village Reconstruction Project Grow more Food Campaign, IVS, Firka Vikas Yojana etc.) Post – independence era (Etawah pilot project, Nilokheri Experiment,
- 12. Extension/ agricultural development programmes launched by ICAR/Govt. of India ICAR Programmes National demonstration, ORP, Lap to Land Programme, FTC.,
- 13. Extension programmes of Ministry of Agriculture Training and Visit (T&V) System, Broad Based Extension System (BBES), Agricultural Technology Management Agency (ATMA); Firstline Extension System KVK, IVLP, ATIC, Frontline demonstrations.
- 14. Rural Development meaning, definition, concept and importance. Rural Development in India. Democratic Decentralization –Meaning of Democratic Decentralization and Panchayat Raj Three tiers of Panchayat Raj system Powers, Functions and Organizational setup.
- 15. Community Development Programme (CDP), National Extension Service (NES), Intensive Agricultural District Programme (IADP), Intensive Agricultural Area Programme (IAAP) their strengths and weaknesses
- 16. High Yielding Variety Programme (HYVP), Institution Village Linkage Programme (IVLP), Watershed Development Programme (WDP), Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP) their strengths and weaknesses.
- 17. National Agricultural Technology Project (NATP), Integrated Tribal Development Agency (ITDA), Small Farmers Development Agency (SFDA), Marginal Farmers and Agricultural Labourers Development Agency (MFAL) - their strengths and weaknesses
- 18. National Rural Employment Programme (NREP), Rural landless Employment Guarantee Programme (RLEGP), Drought Prone Area Programme (DPAP), Command Area Development Programme (CADP), Food for Work Programme (FFW), Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY), Employment Assurance Scheme (EAS),
- 19. Indira Awaas Yojana (IAY), Swarnajayanthi Gram Swarozgar Yojana (SGSY), Prime Minister Employment Yojana (PMEY), Swarna Jayanthi Shahari Rozgar Yojana (SJSRY), Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY), ARYA -their strengths and weaknesses.
- 12. Sampoorna Grameen Rozgar Yojana (SGRY), Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA), Providing Urban Amenities to Rural Areas (PURA), National Agricultural Innovation Project (NAIP), NADP (RKVY) their strengths and weaknesses
- **13.** Community development –meaning, definition, concepts and principles, physiology of community development
- 14. Rural leadership: concept and definition, types of leaders in rural context and selection of leaders.
- **15.** Extension administration: meaning, concept, scope, principles and functions.
- 16. Monitoring and evaluation: concept and definition, monitoring and evaluation of extension programmes, types and evaluation
- 17. Mid semester Examination
- 18. New trends in agricultural extension Privatization of Agricultural extension- Meaning- definitionimportance in Agricultural Extension.
- 19. Cyber extension/ E-extension, (Internet, cyber cafes, video and teleconferencing, web streaming and multimedia.
- 20. Agri portals, Information Kiosks, Kisan Call Centre (KCC), Mobile phone, Village Knowledge Centre (VKC), DEMIC, Geographical Information System (GIS),
- 21. Market led extension, farmer led extension : Meaning, definition, challenges and importance in agricultural extension.
- 22. Expert systems -meaning, definition, application in agriculture.

- 23. Transfer of technology concept, models, PTD, FSRE.
- 24. Capacity building of extension personnel- Training- definition, need for training, training process, models, strategies, steps in conducting training programmes
- 25. Training need assessment, building up of training programme- trainer roles: training insituteion for extension personnel- KVK, EEI, MANAGE, NAARM.
- 26. Extension teaching methods: meaning, classification; Individual methods- Farm and Home, Personal letter, Official call, observation and Result demonstration
- 27. Group Contact- Method demonstration, meeting, lecture, debate, workshop, seminar, forum, conference, symposium, panel, brain storming, buzz session, role playing and simulation games.
- 28. Mass contact methods- Campaign, exhibition, farmers day and field trip- purpose procedure, merit and demerits and media mix strategies
- 29. Communication meaning, definition, types, elements and characteristics
- 30. Communication models (Aristotle, Shanon-Weaver, Berlo, Schramm, Leagans, Rogers & Shoemaker)
 - elements and their characteristics; Barriers in communication
- 31. Agricultural Journalism: Agricultural journalism (Print media) definition, principles, importance, ABC of news, types of news.
- 32. Diffusion of Innovations definition, elements; Innovation definition, attributes;
- 33. Adoption meaning, steps in adoption process, stages, adopter categories, factors influencing adoption of innovations ;Consequences of innovations
- 34. Final Examination

Practical schedule:

- 18. Visit to State department of Agri/ Horti to understand the organizational setup, roles, functions and various schemes.
- 19. Study the organizational set up and functions of DRDA.
- 2. Visit to NGO and learning from their experience in rural development
- 3. Visit to KVK to study the mandated activities
- 4. To study the ToT system of SAUs / Agricultural colleges
- 5. Exercise on practicing group discussion technique and presentation skills
- 6. Study on Art of Photography, Video techniques and preparing multimedia presentations and handling of AV aids and LCD projectors
- 7. Preparation of Posters, charts, leaflet, folder, booklet and Pamphlet
- 8. Preparation of news stories and success stories.
- 9. Exercise on practicing Art of Public Speaking (micro teaching skills)
- 10. To visit the village and understand the socio cultural and agricultural related problems being encountered by the villagers/ farmers
- 11. Practicing selected PRA techniques in a village setting
- 12. Visit to Community Radio/ Educational Media Centre to understand the process of programme production.
- 13. Exercise on Script writing for Radio and TV programme
- 14. Visit to All India Radio Station / TV to study the various activities & programmes.
- 15. Visit to the News Agency /TNAU press to study the process
- **16. Final Practical Examination**

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- 14. Pandey, V.C. 2003. Information Communication Technology and Education (The Changing World ICT Governance), Isha Publishers.
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- 18. Rogers, E.M. 1995. Diffusion of Innovations, The Free Press, New York.
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- 23. Singh, A.K. 2012. Agricultural Extension, Agrobios, New Delhi.
- 24. Sivasudevaro, B and Rajannikanthu, G. 2007. Rural Development and Entrepreneurship Development, The Associated Publications, Ambala.
- 25. Supe, S.V. 1997. An Introduction to Extension Education, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 26. Van den Ban, A.W and H.S. Hawkins. 2002. Agricultural Extension, CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi.

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- 8. www.joe.org

FSN 111 Principles of Food Science and Nutrition (1+1)

Theory Unit I:

Principles of Food Science and Nutrition

Food Science - definition – classification of foods – functional and nutritional classification. Food groups and food pyramid. Methods of cooking - moist, dry and microwave - principles, merits and demerits. Importance and scope of nutrition – relation of nutrition to health.

Unit -II:

Carbohydrate, Protein and Fat

Carbohydrate – classification, functions, digestion and absorption, sources and Recommended Dietary allowance (RDA). Energy value of foods – determination. Protein – classification, functions digestion and absorption, sources and requirements. Protein quality of foods – supplementary value of protein. Fat - classification functions, digestion and absorption, sources and requirements. Rancidity – types of rancidity and prevention. Deficiency states of protein, carbohydrate and fat nutrition – signs and symptoms.

Unit III:

Vitamin and Mineral Nutrition

Fat Soluble vitamins – A, D, E and K- functions, sources, requirements and deficiency. Water soluble vitamins – thiamine, riboflavin, niacin, pyridoxine, folic acid, cyanacobalamin, biotin, pantothenic acid ascorbic acid – functions, sources, deficiency and requirements. Minerals - calcium, iron, phosphorus, iodine, magnesium, zinc, sodium, potassium, fluorine and chlorine – functions, sources, deficiency and requirements. Importance of water – maintenance of electrolyte balance. Dietary fibre - importance, health benefits, sources and requirements.

Unit IV:

Food Preservation and Processing

Introduction – preservation by sugar - processing of jam, squash, jelly, marmalade and beverages. Preservation by using salt, chemicals, dehydration technology, canning technology, preservation by low temperature and irradiation techniques. Processing of puffed, flaked and extruded products. Quality control of raw and processed products.

Unit V:

Food Quality and Safety

Food packaging materials – requirements – methods – nutrition labeling. Food adulterants and their detection methods. Food laws and regulations and quality control standards - FSSAI, ISO, EU standards, FDA, HACCP and Codex Alimentarius Commission.

Practical

Determination of energy value of Foods, cooking quality tests – cereals and pulses. Estimation of moisture, protein and fat. Processing of jam, jelly, squash, ready to serve beverages (RTS). Preparation of flaked, puffed and extruded products. Visit to food industries and quality control laboratory.

Theory Lecture Schedule:

18. Food Science – definition, scope and classification, food pyramid.

- 19. Methods, merits and demerits of moist heat, dry heat and microwave cooking of foods.
- 20. Importance and scope of nutrition and the relation of nutrition to health.

21. Carbohydrate – classification, functions, digestion and absorption, deficiency symptoms, sources and requirements.

- 2. Protein classification, functions, digestion and absorption, deficiency symptoms, sources and requirements. Protein quality supplementary value of protein.
- 3. Fat classification, functions, digestion and absorption, deficiency symptoms, sources and requirements. Rancidity types. Determination of energy value of foods.

- 4. Fat soluble vitamins A, D, E and K functions, deficiency symptoms, sources and requirements.
- 5. Water soluble vitamins thiamine, riboflavin, niacin, pyridoxine, folic acid, cyanacobalamin, biotin, pantothenic acid, ascorbic acid functions, deficiency symptoms, sources and requirements.
- 6. Mid Semester Examination
- 7. Minerals calcium, iron, phosphorus, iodine, magnesium, zinc, sodium, potassium, fluorine and chlorine functions, sources, requirements and deficiency diseases.
- 8. Importance of water and maintenance of electrolyte balance. Health benefits of fibre.
- 9. Preservation of food by low and high temperature and food irradiation.
- 10. Processing of puffed, flaked and extruded products
- 11. Preservation by using sugar (jam, jelly, squash and marmalade), preservation by using salt (brining and pickling) and use of preservatives in food preservation.
- 12. Food packaging importance, types of packaging materials and nutrition labeling.
- 13. Common food adulterants and their detection.
- 14. Food laws and regulations and quality control standards FSSAI, ISO, EU standards, FDA, HACCP and Codex Alimentarius Commission.

Practical Schedule :

- 6. Cooking tests for cereals and pulses
- 7. Determination of energy value of food
- 8. Estimation of moisture
- 9. Estimation of protein
- 10. Estimation of fat
- 11. Estimation of ascorbic acid
- 12. Estimation of iron
- 13. Estimation of crude fibre
- 14. Processing of jam and jelly
- 15. Processing of squash and RTS
- 16. Puffing of pulses
- 17. Extrusion of cereals and millets
- 18. Canning of fruits and vegetables
- 19. Processing of dehydrated fruits and vegetables
- 20. Identification of common food adulterants
- 21. Visit to food processing unit and quality control lab
- 22. Final Practical Examination

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- 2. Srivastava, R.P., and Sanjeevkumar. S. 2013. Fruit and Vegetable preservation. International Book Distributing Co. Lucknow.
- 3. Srilakshmi .B. 2015. Nutrition Science. New Age International Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.

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- 19. <u>www.nutrition.org.uk</u>
- 20. www.fnic.nal.usda.gov
- 21. <u>www.myfooddiary.com</u>

AGR 102 Introductory Agro-meteorology & Climate Change (1+1)

Theory Unit - I: Climate and weather

Meteorology - Agricultural Meteorology - Importance and scope in crop production - Co-ordinates of India and Tamil Nadu - Atmosphere - Composition and vertical layers of atmosphere (stratification) -Climate - Weather - Factors affecting climate and weather - Climatic types - Different agricultural seasons of India and Tamil Nadu and climatic characteristics of India.

Unit - II:

Solar radiation, RH and Wind

Solar radiation - Light intensity, quality, direction and duration - Air and Soil temperature - Diurnal variation - importance in crop production. Heat unit and its importance in agriculture. Relative Humidity and its importance - vapor pressure deficit and its importance - Wind and its effect on crops.

Unit - III:

Atmospheric pressure and precipitation

Atmospheric pressure - cyclones, anticyclones, tornado, hurricane and storms - Wind systems of the world -. Clouds - types and their classification. Precipitation - forms - monsoon - Seasons of Indiarainfall variability drought, flood and their effect - Cloud seeding - Evaporation - transpiration - Evapotranspiration - PET.

Unit - IV:

Agroclimatic zones and remote sensing

Agro climatic Zones of India and Tamil Nadu - Agro climatic normals - Weather forecasting - synoptic chart - crop weather calendar - Remote sensing - Impact of climate and weather on crop production and pest and diseases.

Unit - V:

Climate change

Climate change- climate variability - definition and causes of climate change - Impact of climate change on Agriculture.

Practical:

Observatory - Site selection and layout. Acquiring skill in use of Pyranometers - Sunshine recorder - Maximum, Minimum, Grass minimum and Soil thermometers - Thermograph, Dry and wet bulb thermometers - Hygrograph - Psychrometers - Fortein's barometer - Barograph - Altimeter; Wind vane, Anemometer - Raingauge - Ordinary and self-recording - Dew guage; Automatic weather station - Evaporimeters - Lysimeters, Automatic weather station - Preparation of synoptic charts and crop weather calendars. Rainfall probability analysis. Mapping of Agroclimatic Zones.

Theory Lecture Schedule:

- 11. Meteorology Agricultural Meteorology Definition, their importance and scope in crop production.
- 12. Coordinates of India and Tamil Nadu. Atmosphere Composition of atmosphere Vertical layers of atmosphere based on temperature difference / lapse rate.
- 13. Climate and weather Factors affecting climate and weather. Macroclimate Meso climate Microclimate Definition and their importance Different climates of India and Tamil Nadu and their characterization.
- 14. Solar radiation Radiation balance Wave length characteristics and their effect on crop production Light effect of intensity, quality, direction and duration on crop production.
- 15. Air temperature Factors affecting temperature. Diurnal and seasonal variation in air temperature Isotherm, Heat unit and its use Heat and cold injuries.
- 16. Role of temperature in crop production. Soil temperature Importance in crop production. Factors affecting soil temperature, diurnal and seasonal variation in soil temperature.
- 18. Humidity Types Dew point temperature Vapour pressure deficit Diurnal variation in Relative humidity and its effect on crop production Wind and its role on crop production.

19. Atmospheric pressure, diurnal and seasonal variation - Isobar – cyclone, hurricane, tornado and storms.

20. Mid Semester Examination.

- 21. Wind systems of the world wind speed in different seasons -. Clouds and their classification Concepts of cloud seeding present status.
- 22. Precipitation Forms of precipitation Isohyte Monsoon Different monsoons of India Rainfall variability Drought and flood Impact on crop production.
- 23. Evaporation Transpiration, evapotranspiration Potential evapotranspiration Definition and their importance in agricultural production. Agroclimatic zones of Tamil Nadu Agroclimatic normals for field crops.
- 24. Weather forecasting Types, importance, Agro Advisory Services Synoptic chart Crop weather calendar.
- 25. Remote sensing and its application in agriculture.
- 26. Effect of weather and climate on crop production, soil fertility and incidence of pest and diseases.
- 27. Climate change, climate variability definition and causes of climate change.
- 28. Impact of climate change on Agriculture.

Practical Schedule:

- 5. Site selection and layout for Agromet Observatory Calculation of local time Time of observation of different weather elements Reviewing agromet registers.
- 6. Measurements of solar radiation (pyranometers), sunshine hours (sunshine recorder) working out weekly and monthly mean for graphical representation.
- 7. Measurement of air and soil temperature and grass minimum thermometers and thermographs drawing isolines.
- 8. Humidity measurements use of wet and dry bulb thermometers Psychrometers Hygrograph Measurement of wind direction and wind speed and conversion (KMPH, KNOT, and M/Sec.) Beaufort's scale.
- 9. Measurement of atmospheric pressure barograph Fortein-s barometer Isobars based on past data for different seasons.
- 10. Measurement of rainfall Ordinary and self-recording rain gauges Measurement of Dew dew gauge- study of Automatic weather station.
- 11. Measurement of Evaporation Open pan evaporimeter- application of evaporation data-Measurement of Evapotranspiration- Lysimeter.
- 12. Heat Unit concept- GDD, HTU, PTU for fixing time of sowing.
- 13. Probability analysis of rainfall for crop planning.
- 14. Drawing Synoptic charts for understanding weather.
- 15. Preparation of crop weather calendars and forecast based agro advisories.
- 16. Preparation pest weather calendar and pest forewarning.
- 17. Estimation of length of growing periods using weekly rainfall data.
- 18. Water balance studies.
- 19. Identification of efficient cropping zone- RYI, RSI.
- 20. Mapping of agro climatic Zones of India and Tamil Nadu and its characterization.
- 21. Practical Examination.

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HOR 112 Production Technology for Fruit and Plantation Crops (1+1)

Theory

Unit I: Production status of fruit and plantation crops

Importance and scope of fruit and plantation crop industry in India – nutritional value of fruit crops - classification of fruit crops – area, production, productivity and export potential of fruit and plantation crops.

UNIT II:

Crop production techniques in tropical fruit crops

Climate and soil requirements – varieties – propagation and use of rootstocks- planting density and systems of planting - High density and ultra high density planting - cropping systems - after care - training and pruning - water, nutrient and weed management –fertigation - special horticultural techniques - plant growth regulation - important disorders – maturity indices and harvest- value addition. <u>Fruit</u> crops: mango, banana, papaya, guava, sapota

UNIT III:

Crop production techniques in subtropical fruit crops

Climate and soil requirements – varieties – propagation and use of rootstocks- planting density and systems of planting - High density and ultra high density planting - cropping systems - after care - training and pruning - water, nutrient and weed management – fertigation - special horticultural techniques - plant growth regulation - important disorders – maturity indices and harvest and value addition. <u>Fruit crops</u>: citrus, grape, litchi, pineapple, pomegranate, jackfruit and minor fruits **UNIT IV:**

Crop production techniques temperate fruit crops

Climate and soil requirements – varieties – propagation and use of rootstocks - planting density and systems of planting -High density and ultra high density planting -cropping systems - after care - training and pruning - water, nutrient and weed management –fertigation - special horticultural techniques - plant growth regulation - important disorders – maturity indices and harvest and value addition. **Fruit crops:** apple, pear, peach, strawberry, nut crops.

UNIT V

Crop production techniques in palms and plantation crops

Climate and soil requirements - varieties - propagation - nursery management - planting and - planting systems - cropping systems - after care - water, nutrient and weed management - intercropping - multitier cropping system - mulching - special horticultural practices - maturity indices, harvest and yield - pests and diseases - processing - value addition

Palms: Coconut, Arecanut, Oil palm and Palmyrah

Climate and soil requirements - varieties- propagation - nursery management - planting and planting systems - cropping systems- after care- training and pruning - water, nutrient and weed management - shade management - intercropping - mulching - cover cropping - special horticultural practices - maturity indices, harvest and yield - pests and diseases - processing - value addition.

Plantation crops: Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Cashew,

Rubber **Practical**

Propagation methods for fruit crops - description and identification of varieties - preparation of plant bio regulators & their uses – nutrient deficiency and disorders of fruit crops - fertilizers- application - pests and diseases- micro propagation in fruit crops- Visit to commercial orchard.

Fruit Crops: Mango, banana, papaya, guava, sapota, grapes, citrus (Mandarin and acid lime), pomegranate and jackfruit

Propagation methods for plantation crops - description and identification of plantation crops - preparation of plant bio regulators & their uses - nutritional disorders of plantation crops - fertilizers-application - pests and diseases- cost economics of plantation crops. Visit to plantations and plantation industries.

Palms and plantation Crops: Coconut, Arecanut, Cashew, Tea, Coffee, Rubber and Cocoa

Theory lecture schedule:

- 1. Importance and scope of fruit and plantation crop industry in India nutritional value of fruit crops
- 2. Classification of fruit crops area, production, productivity and export potential of fruit and plantation crops
- 3. Climate and soil varieties propagation methods planting and cropping systems after caretraining and pruning- top working - water, nutrient and weed management- canopy management plant growth regulation - important disorders – maturity indices and harvest - post harvest management of **Mango**
- 4. Climate and soil varieties propagation methods planting and cropping systems after carewater and nutrient management – fertigation - Weed control - Plant growth regulation - important disorders – maturity indices and harvest- post harvest management of **Banana**
- 5. Climate and soil varieties propagation methods planting and cropping systems after care water, nutrient and weed management crop regulation- important disorders maturity indices and harvest post harvest management of **Papaya**, **Guava and sapota**
- 6. Climate and soil varieties propagation methods planting and cropping systems after care water, nutrient and weed management crop regulation nutrient deficiencies and important disorders maturity indices and harvest- post harvest management of **Citrus** (Sweet orange,

7. Mandarin and Acid Lime)

- 8. Climate and soil varieties propagation methods planting and cropping systems-after care systems of training and pruning and bud forecasting water, nutrient and weed management plant growth regulation important disorders maturity indices and harvest post harvest management of **Grapes**
- 9. Climate and soil varieties propagation methods planting and cropping systems after care water, nutrient and weed management plant growth regulation- important disorders maturity indices and harvest post harvest management of **pineapple and litchi**

10. Mid semester examination

- 11. Climate and soil varieties propagation methods planting and cropping systems after care training and pruning water, nutrient and weed management plant growth regulation important disorders maturity indices and harvest post harvest management of **Pomegranate**, jackfruit and minor fruits
- 12. Climate and soil varieties propagation methods planting and cropping systems after caretraining and pruning - water, nutrient and weed management - plant growth regulation - important disorders – maturity indices and harvest- post harvest management of **Apple and pear**
- 13. Climate and soil varieties propagation methods planting and cropping systems after caretraining and pruning - water, nutrient and weed management - plant growth regulation - important disorders – maturity indices and harvest - post harvest management of **Peach and strawberry**, **nut crops**
- 14. Climate and soil requirements varieties propagation nursery management planting systems planting density -nutrient, water and weed management intercropping at various ages of plantation -multitier cropping shade management nutritional disorders maturity indices harvest and yield pests and diseases grading processing and value addition of **Coconut**
- 15. Climate and soil requirements varieties propagation nursery management planting systems planting density nutrient, water and weed management intercropping at various ages of plantation multitier cropping shade management nutritional disorders maturity indices harvest and yield pests and diseases grading processing and value addition of **Arecanut and Cocoa**.

- 16. Climate and soil requirements varieties propagation nursery management planting and planting density HDP UHDP nutrient, water and weed management cover cropping tapping use of plant growth regulators top working maturity indices harvest and yield , latex yield and processing pests and diseases grading processing and value addition **Rubber and Cashew**.
- 17. Climate and soil requirements- varieties propagation nursery management planting density and systems of planting nutrient, water and weed management mulching cropping systems shade regulation training and pruning role of growth regulators nutritional disorders maturity indices harvest and yield pests and diseases grading processing and value addition of **Tea**.
- 18. Climate and soil requirements varieties propagation nursery management planting nutrient, water and weed management mixed and inter cropping shade management training and pruning role of growth regulators nutritional disorders maturity indices harvest and yield pests and diseases grading processing and value addition of **Coffee**.
- 19. Climate and soil requirements varieties propagation nursery management planting nutrient, water and weed management water conservation techniques leaf pruning pollination maturity indices harvest and yield pests and diseases grading processing and value addition **Oil palm and Palmyrah**.

Practical schedule

- 4. Propagation techniques, selection of planting material, varieties, important cultural practices for **Mango**
- 5. Propagation techniques, selection of planting material, varieties, important cultural practices for **Banana**
- 6. Propagation techniques, selection of planting material, varieties, important cultural practices for **Papaya**
- 7. Propagation techniques, selection of planting material, varieties, important cultural practices for **Guava**
- 8. Propagation techniques, selection of planting material, varieties, important cultural practices for **Sapota**
- 9. Propagation techniques, selection of planting material, varieties, important cultural practices for **Grapes**
- 10. Propagation techniques, selection of planting material, varieties, important cultural practices for **Citrus (Mandarin and acid lime)**
- 11. Propagation techniques, selection of planting material, varieties, important cultural practices for **Pomegranate**
- 12. Propagation techniques, selection of planting material, varieties, important cultural practices for **Jackfruit**
- 18. Preparation and application of PGR's for propagation.
- 19. Micro propagation, protocol for mass multiplication and hardening of fruit crops.
- 12. Identification and description of varieties mother palm and seed nut selection nursery practices- seedling selection fertilizers application nutritional disorders pests and diseases of **Coconut**
- 13. Identification and description of varieties mother palm and seed nut selection- nursery practicesfertilizers - application - nutritional disorders - pests and diseases of **Arecanut and cocoa**
- 14. Identification and description of varieties nursery practices training and pruning pests and diseases processing of **Tea and coffee**
- 15. Identification and description of varieties, clones bud wood nursery practices propagation techniques top working preparation of plant bio regulators and its uses- pests and diseases processing of **Rubber and cashew**
- 16. Visit to commercial orchard and plantation industries.
- **17. Practical examination**

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- 5. http://cpcri.nic.in/
- 6. http://indiancoffee.org

RSG 101 Geo-informatics for Precision Farming (1+0)

Theory

Unit I

Remote sensing: Concepts - Electromagnetic radiation: principles and theories- Energy interaction: atmosphere and earth surface features- Spectral reflectance of earth features- Platforms and sensors: types and characteristics. Image Processing and Interpretation – Digital image processing: Image Classification - Optical, Microwave and Drones

Unit II

GIS: Definition, Components and functions- Raster and vector data models and non-spatial data types - Raster Data Analysis: Local, Neighborhood and Regional Operations- Vector Data Analysis: Querying, Buffering, Overlay

Unit III

Geodesy and its basic principles -Global Positioning System – components and its functions. GPS survey methods- Error sources - DEM – Sources, Generation and application.

Unit IV

Precision agriculture: concepts and techniques; their issues and concerns –STCR / VRT approach for precision agriculture - Soil moisture, Pest and Disease incidence – nutrient deficiencies – linking with VRT using Geospatial Technologies

Unit V

Crop discrimination and Yield monitoring, soil mapping; fertilizer recommendation using geospatial technologies. Introduction to crop Simulation Models and their uses for optimization of Agricultural Inputs – Drones for precision agriculture

Theory schedule

- 1. Remote sensing concepts and Electromagnetic radiation. Energy interaction: atmosphere and earth surface features and Spectral reflectance
- 2. Platforms and sensors: types and characteristics
- 3. Elements of visual photo/image interpretation
- 4. Digital image processing -Image classification Optical, Microwave and Drones
- 5. GIS: Definition and Components and functions
- 6. Raster and vector data models and non-spatial data types
- 7. Raster Data Analysis: Local, Neighborhood and Regional Operations.
- 8. Vector Data Analysis: Querying, Buffering, Overlay and Network Analysis

9. Mid semester examination

- 10. Geodesy and its basic principles
- 11. GPS: components and functions GPS Survey and Error Sources
- 12. Precision agriculture: concepts and techniques; their issues and concerns STCR / VRT approach
- 13. Soil moisture, Pest and Disease incidence nutrient deficiencies linking with VRT using Geospatial Technologies
- 14. Crop discrimination and Yield monitoring using Remote Sensing
- 15. Soil mapping; fertilizer recommendation using geospatial technologies
- 35. Introduction to Crop Simulation Models and their uses for optimization of Agricultural Inputs
- 36. Drones for precision agriculture

References

For Remote Sensing part of syllabus

Anji Reddy, M. 2008. Textbook of Remote Sensing and Geographic Information Systems. Third Edition. BS Publication, Hyderabad

For GIS part of syllabus

Rolf A.de By. 2001. Principles of Geographic Information Systems. ITC Educational Textbook Series I For Application part of syllabus

Roy, P.S., R.S.Dwivedi and D.Vijayan.2010. Remote Sensing Applications. NRSC Publication. ISBN: 978-81-909460-0-1

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- 1. www.physicalgeography.net
- 2. www.gisdevelopment.net
- 3. www.gis.nic.in
- 4. www.geos.iitb.ac.in/remotesensing.html
- 5. www.dimensionigis.com/remote_sensing.html

III SEMESTER

S.	Course code	Course Title	Credit
No.			load
1	PAT 201	Fundamentals of Plant Pathology	2+1
2	AEN 201	Fundamentals of Entomology	2+1
3	SST 201	Principles of Seed Technology	2+1
4	AGR 201	Crop Production Technology – I (<i>Kharif</i> crops)	1+1
5	HOR 211	Production Technology for Vegetables and Spices	1+1
6	ENS 201	Environmental Studies & Disaster Management	2+1
7	AMP 201	Livestock and Poultry Management	2+1
8	AEC 201	Farm Management, Production & Resource Economics	1+1
9	SAC 201	Soil Resource Inventory	1+1
10	FMP 211	Farm Machinery and Power	1+1
11	AGR 202	Study tour	0+1*
12	NSS/NCC 101	NSS/NCC	0+1*
13	PED 101	Physical Education	0+1*
		Tota	15 10-25
			15+10=25
		*Non-gradial courses compulsory courses	

1

PAT 201 Fundamentals of Plant Pathology (2+1)

Theory Unit I: Plant pathogenic organisms

Plant Pathology- Definition - History- Economic importance of plant diseases- Plant Pathogenic organisms – Protozoa, Phytomonas, chromista, Fungi, Bacteria, *Candidatus Phytoplasma*, Spiroplasma, Fastidious vascular bacteria, Viruses, Viroids, Algae, and Phanerogamic parasites

Unit II:

Pathogenesis

Koch's postulates- Pathogenesis - Mode of infection – pre-penetration, penetration and post penetration - Role of enzymes and toxins on disease development-Effect of pathogen on physiological functions of the plants

Unit III:

General characters and taxonomy of Protozoa, Chromista and fungi

General characters– somatic structures, types of mycelia - reproduction (Vegetative, asexual and sexual) – Types of parasitism. Classification (Kirk *et al.*, 2001) and symptoms of **Kingdom:Protozoa**, **Phylum:Plasmodiophoromycota**, *Plasmodiophora brassicae*. **Kingdom:Chromista**, **Phylum:Oomycota**-*Pythium*, *Phytophthora*, *Sclerospora*, *Plasmopara* and *Albugo* **Kingdom:Fungi**, **Phylum:Chytridiomycota**-*Synchytrium*, **Phylum: Zygomycota** -*Mucor*, *Rhizopus*

Unit IV:

General characters and taxonomy of fungi - Ascomycota and Basidiomycota

Phylum: Ascomycota, Taphrina, Capnodium, Mycosphaerella, Macrophomina, Cochliobolus, Lewia, Venturia, Eurotium, Talaromyces, Sclerotinia, Erysiphe, Leveillula, Phyllactinia, Claviceps, Gibberella, Ustilaginoidea, Verticillium, Glomerella, Pestalotiopsis and Magnaporthe

Unit V:

Bacteria, Phytoplasma, virus, viroid, Algae, Phanerogams and abiotic disorders

General characters and symptoms- phytopathogenic bacteria, *Candidatus Phytoplasma*, Spiroplasma, Fastidious vascular bacteria, viruses, viroids, algae, Phanerogams – Abiotic disorders.

Practical

General characters of fungi – Types of mycelia -Types of vegetative, asexual and sexual spores- asexual and sexual fruiting bodies .Study of important taxonomic characters and symptoms produced by *Plasmodiophora*, *Pythium Phytophthora*, *Sclerospora*, *Plasmopara*, *Albugo*, *Mucor*, *Rhizopus*, *Taphrina*, *Capnodium*, *Cercospora*, (*Mycospaerella*), *Botryodiplodia* (*Botryosphaeria*), *Curvularia*, *Drechslera* (*Helminthosporium*), *Alternaria*, *Venturia*, *Erysiphe*, *Phyllactinia*, *Uncinula*, *Leveillula* and *Claviceps*, *Fusarium* (*Gibberella*, *Nectria*), *Verticillium*, *Colletotrichum* (*Glomerella*) *Pestalotia* (*Pestalosphaeria*), *Pyricularia*(*Magnoporthe*) *Sarocladium*, *Macrophomina*, , *Puccinia*, *Uromyces*, *Hemileia*, *Ustilago Sphacelotheca* (*Sporisorium*), *Tolyposporium* (*Moesziomyces*), *Exobasidium*, *Sclerotium*, *Rhizoctonia* (*Thanatephorus*) *Ganoderma Agaricus*, *Pleurotus* and *Calocybe*. Symptoms of bacterial diseases, *Candidatus Phytoplasma*, Fastidious vascular bacteria, algal parasite, phanerogamic parasites and nonparasitic diseases

Theory lecture schedule

- Definition of Plant Pathology History of Plant Pathology
- Losses caused by plant diseases
- Causes of Plant diseases Protozoa, Chromista, , fungi, Bacteria, Fastidious vascular bacteria, Spiroplasma, *Candidatus Phytoplasma*,
- Causes of Plant diseases -Virus, viroid, algal, phanerogamic parasites and abiotic disorders
- Pathogenesis stages in pathogenesis pre-penetration, penetration and post penetration
- Role of enzymes in disease development
- Role of toxins in disease development
- Effect of pathogen on physiological functions of the plants- Effect on Photosynthesis- Transpiration-Respiration- translocation of water and nutrients
- General characters of fungi- Mycelia vegetative resting structures
- Asexual reproduction in fungi
- Sexual reproduction in fungi
- Parasitism in fungi- Types of parasitism parasite, saprophyte, obligate parasite, facultative parasite, facultative saprophyte- Mode of nutrition in fungi- biotrophs, hemibiotrophs, perthotrophs/ necrotrophs and symbiosis
- Classification of Kingdom Protozoa important taxonomic characters , symptoms and life cycle of *Plasmodiophora brassicae* and symptoms of Protozoan diseases
- Classification of Kingdom Chromista- General characters of Oomycetes- Symptoms and life cycle of *Pythium, Phytophthora* and *Albugo*
- Symptoms and life cycle of Sclerospora and Plasmopara
- Classification of Kingdom– Chytridiomycota and Zygomycota important characters, symptoms and life cycles of *Synchtrium* and *Rhizopus* and *Mucor*
- Mid Semester Examination
- Classification of Kingdom- Ascomycota- important characters
- Symptoms and life cycles of *Taphrina*, *Capnodium*, *Cercospora*, (*Mycospaerella*), *Macrophomina*, *Cochliobolus* (*Helminthosporium*), *Lewia* (*Alternaria*) and *Venturia*
- Symptoms and life cycles of Eurotium, Talaromyces, Erysiphe, Leveillula and Phyllactinia,
- Symptoms and taxonomic characters of Claviceps, Fusarium (Gibberella, Nectria) and Verticillium
- Symptoms and taxonomic characters of *Colletotrichum (Glomerella) Pestalotia (Pestalosphaeria), Pyricularia (Magnoporthe) ,Sarocladium and Ustilagenoidea*
- Classification of Kingdom Basidiomycota- important characters
- Symptoms and life cycles of Puccinia, Uromyces, Hemileia
- Symptoms and taxonomic characters of *Ustilago*, *Sphacelotheca* (*Sporisorium*), *Tolyposporium* (*Moesziomyces*), *Tilletia and Exobasidium*
- Symptoms and taxonomic characters of Athelium, Thanetephorus and Ganoderma
- Important taxonomic characters of Agaricus, Pleurotus and Calocybe
- Classification and general characters of phytopathogenic bacteria
- Symptoms and characters of Xanthomonas, Ralstonia, Erwinia, Pantoea, Pectobactrium, Agrobacterium (Rhizobium), Corynebacterium (Clavibacter,) and Streptomyces
- Important characters and symptoms of *Candidatus Phytoplasma* diseases Phyllody, little leaf, yellow dwarf and sandal spike, Fastidious vascular bacteria and Spiroplasma
- Virus definition, nature and properties of plant virus, Single stranded, Double stranded RNA and DNA viruses and Transmission of plant viruses

Semester III

- 7. Common symptoms of virus diseases mosaic, chlorosis, leaf curl, stem pitting, spotted wilt, necrosis, ring spot, vein clearing, leaf crinkle, rosette and bunchy top
- 8. Important characters and symptoms of Viroid, Algal and Phanerogamic parasites
- 9. Symptoms and characters of non-parasitic diseases

Practical schedule

- 18. General characters of fungi Types of mycelia -Types of vegetative, asexual and sexual sporesasexual and sexual fruiting bodies.
- 19. Study of important taxonomic characters and symptoms produced by *Plasmodiophora*, *Pythium* and *Phytophthora*.
- 20. Study of important taxonomic characters and symptoms produced by *Sclerospora Plasmopara* and *Albugo*
- 21. Study of important taxonomic characters and symptoms produced by *Rhizopus, Taphrina, Capnodium, Cercospora, (Mycospaerella), Botryodiplodia (Botryosphaeria), Drechslera (Helminthosporium)* and *Alternaria*
- 22. Study of important taxonomic characters and symptoms produced by *Eurotium, Talaromyces, Erysiphe, Leveillula, Phyllactinia, Uncinula , Podosphaera and Sphaerotheca*
- 23. Study of important taxonomic characters and symptoms produced by *Claviceps, Fusarium* (*Gibberella, Nectria*) and *Verticillim*
- 24. Study of important taxonomic characters and symptoms produced by *Colletotrichum* (Glomerella), Pestalotia (Pestalosphaeria), Pyricularia (Magnoporthe) Sarocladium and Macrophomina
- 25. Study of important taxonomic characters and symptoms produced by *Puccinia*, *Uromyces*, and *Hemileia*
- 26. Field visit for exposing students on different crop diseases
- 27. Study of important taxonomic characters and symptoms produced by Ustilago, Sphacelotheca (Sporisorium), Tolyposporium (Moesziomyces), and Exobasidium
- 28. Study of important taxonomic characters of Agaricus, Pleurotus, Calocybe and Volvariella
- 29. Study of important taxonomic characters and Symptoms produced by *Athelium, Thanetephorus* and *Ganoderma*
- 30. Symptoms of bacterial diseases leaf blight, leaf streak, canker, scab, crown gall, wilt and soft rot.
- 31. Symptoms of Candidatus Phytoplasma and Algae
- 32. Symptoms and vectors of viral diseases mosaic, chlorosis, leaf curl, stem pitting, spotted wilt, necrosis, ring spot, vein clearing, leaf crinkle, rosette and bunchy top
- 33. Phanerogamic parasites and non-parasitic diseases
- 34. Final Practical Examination.

References

- 18. Alice D, and Jeyalakshmi C 2014. Plant Pathology. A.E Publications , Coimbatore
- 19. Agrios, G.N. 2005. Plant Pathology (5th Edition). Academic Press, New York.

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- 1. Agrios, G.N. 2005. Plant Pathology (5th Edition). Academic Press, New York.
- 2. Richard N. Strange. 2003. Introduction of Plant Pathology John Wiley & Sons Ltd, London
- 3. John Webster and Ronald Weber, 2007. Introduction to fungi by Cambridge University Press, UK
Semester III

AEN 201 FUNDAMENTALS OF ENTOMOLOGY (2+1)

Theory

Unit I: History and importance of Entomology; Insect morphology

History of Entomology in India; Position of insects in the animal kingdom and their relationship with other classes of Arthropoda; Reasons for insect dominance. General organisation of insect body wall - structure and function, cuticular appendages, moulting; Body regions - insect head, thorax and abdomen, their structure and appendages.

Unit II:

Anatomy and physiology (Part - I): Digestive, excretory, respiratory, circulatory and nervous systems in insects.

Unit III:

Anatomy and physiology (Part - II) : Reproductive systems in insects, sense organs and their functions, exocrine and endocrine glands; Embryonic and post embryonic development.

Unit IV:

Taxonomy of Apterygota and Exopterygota

Insect systematics; Distinguishing characters of agriculturally important orders and families of Hexapoda. Apterygota (Thysanura, Diplura, Protura and Collembola); Exopterygota (Ephemeroptera, Odonata, Orthoptera, Phasmida, Dictyoptera, Embioptera, Dermaptera, Hemiptera, Isoptera, Psocoptera, Mallophaga, Thysanoptera and Siphunculata).

Unit V:

Taxonomy of Endopterygota

Distinguishing characters of agriculturally important families of Lepidoptera, Coleoptera, Diptera, Hymenoptera, Siphonaptera, Neuroptera and Strepsiptera.

Practical

Observations on external features of grasshopper / cockroach, Methods of insect collection, preservation – Preparation of Riker mount. Types of insect head, antenna, mouth parts – Structure of thorax. Types of insect legs, wings and their modifications – wing coupling. Structure of abdomen, and its modifications. Metamorphosis in insects – immature stages in insects. Study of digestive and reproductive systems of grasshopper / coackroach – Observing the characters of agriculturally important orders and families.

Theory lecture schedule:

- 37. History of Entomology in India; Position of insects in the animal kingdom relationship with other members of Arthropoda
- 38. Structural, morphological and physiological factors responsible for dominance
- 39. Insect body wall its structure and function; cuticular appendages
- 40. Moulting process in insects
- 41. Structure of insect head and its appendages
- 42. Structure of insect thorax and its appendages
- 43. Structure of insect abdomen and its appendages

- 41. Structure of alimentary canal and its modifications; Digestive enzymes, digestion and absorption of nutrients
- 42. Excretory system Malpighian tubules accessory excretory organs and physiology of excretion
- **43.** Respiratory system types structure of trachea tracheoles types of spiracles respiration in aquatic and endoparasitic insects
- 44. Circulatory system haemocoel and dorsal vessel circulation of blood -composition of haemolymph haemocytes and their functions
- 45. Nervous system Structure of neuron types of nervous systems
- 46. Axonic and synaptic transmissions of nerve impulses
- 47. Male and female reproductive systems in insects structure and modifications Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis
- 48. Oviparous, viviparous, paedogenesis, polyembryony, ovoviporous and parthenogenesis
- 49. Embryogenesis; Types of metamorphosis Immature stages of insects

50. Mid-semester examination

- 51. Structure of sense organs types of sensilla photoreceptors, chemoreceptors and mechan oreceptors
- 52. Exocrine and endocrine glands and their function effect on metamorphosis and reproduction
- 53. Tropism and Biocommunication in insects Sound and light production
- 54. Systematics principles and procedures of classification and nomenclature of insects
- 55. Distinguishing characters of insect orders Apterygota (Thysanura, Diplura, Protura and Collembola), Exopterygota (Ephemeroptera, Odonata and Phasmida)
- 23. Orthoptera (Ensifera Tettigonidae, Gryllidae and Gryllotalpidae; Caelifera Acrididae and Tetrigidae), Dictyoptera, Dermaptera and Embioptera
- 34. Isoptera social life in termites
- 35. Thysanoptera, Pscoptera, Mallophaga and Siphunculata.
- 26. Hemiptera Homoptera (Delphacidae, Flatidae, Cercopidae, Cicadidae, Membracidae, Cicadellidae, Psyllidae, Aleyrodidae, Aphididae, Margarodidae, Kerridae, Pseudococcidae, Coccidae, Asterolecaniidae and Diaspididae)
- 7. Hemiptera Heteroptera (Tingidae, Reduviidae, Cimicidae, Anthocoridae, Miridae, Lygaeidae, Pyrrhocoridae, Coreidae, Scutellaridae, Pentatomidae, Veliidae, Gerridae, Naucoridae, Belastomatidae, Nepidae, Notonectidae and Corixidae)
- 8. Endopterygota Classification of Lepidoptera suborders; butterfly families (Nymphalidae, Lycaenidae, Pieridae, Papilionidae, Satyriidae and Hesperiidae)
- 29. Moth families (Psychidae, Gelechiidae, Metarbellidae, Cochlidiidae, Pyralidae, Crambidae, Pterophoridae, Geometridae, Bombycidae, Saturniidae, Sphingidae, Arctiidae, Noctuidae and Lymantriidae)
- 7. Classification of Coleoptera suborders; Adephaga (Carabidae, Cicindellidae, Dytiscidae, Gyrinidae)
- 8. Polyphaga (Hydrophilidae, Staphylinidae, Passalidae, Lucanidae, Scarabaeidae, Dynastidae, Melolonthidae, Cetonidae, Buprestidae, Elateridae, Lampyriidae, Cantharidae, Dermestidae, Anobiidae, Bostrychidae, Coccinellidae, Tenebrionidae, Meloidae, Cerambycidae, Bruchidae, Chrysomelidae, Apionidae and Curculionidae)
- 9. Diptera Suborders; Nematocera (Tipulidae, Psychodidae, Culicidae, Bibionidae, and Cecidomyiidae), Brachycera (Tabanidae, Asilidae and Bombylidae,), Cyclorrapha (Syrphidae, Drosophillidae, Muscidae, Calliphoridae, Tachinidae, Hippoboscidae, Micropezidae, Agromyzidae, Chloropidae and Tephritidae)

12. Hymenoptera–Suborders; Symphyta (Tenthredinidae) Apocrita (Ichneumonidae, Braconidae, Evaniidae, Agaonidae, Chalcididae, Encyrtidae, Eulophidae, Trichogrammatidae, Bethylidae, Chrysididae, Scoliidae, Mutillidae, Formicidae, Vespidae, Sphecidae, Megachilidae, Anthophoridae, Xylocopidae and Apidae)

13. Neuroptera (Mantispidae, Chrysopidae, Myrmeleontidae and Ascalaphidae); Siphonaptera and Strepsiptera

Practical schedule:

- 23. Observations on external features of grasshopper / cockroach and other members of phylum Arthropoda
- 24. Methods of insect collection, preservation, display and storage
- 25. Types of insect head and antenna
- 26. Mouth parts of cockroach, modifications in the mouth parts in plant bug, female mosquito, honeybee, thrips, antlion grub, house fly, moths and butterflies
- 27. Structure of thorax and their appendages —modifications in insect legs and wings wing venation, regions and angles wing coupling.
- 28. Structure of abdomen and their appendages
- 29. Types of immature stages of insects
- 30. Study of digestive system, male and female reproductive systems
- 31. Observing the characters of Apterygota Collembola and Thysanura and Exopterygota -Odonata and Ephemeroptera and Phasmida
- 32. Observing the characters of Dictyoptera, Dermaptera, Embioptera, Orthoptera (Ensifera Tettigonidae, Gryllidae and Gryllotalpidae; Caelifera Acrididae and Tetrigidae), Mallophaga and Siphunculata
- 33. Observing the characters of Exopterygota —Isoptera and Hemiptera Homoptera (Delphacidae, Flatidae, Cercopidae, Cicadidae, Membracidae, Cicadellidae, Psyllidae, Aleyrodidae, Aphididae, Margarodidae, Kerridae, Pseudococcidae, Coccidae, Asterolecaniidae and Diaspididae) Heteroptera (Tingidae, Reduviidae, Cimicidae, Anthocoridae, Miridae, Lygaeidae, Pyrrhocoridae, Coreidae, Scutellaridae, Pentatomidae, Veliidae, Gerridae, Naucoridae, Belastomatidae, Nepidae, Notonectidae and Corixidae)
- 18. Observing the characters of orders Thysanoptera and Diptera- Nematocera (Tipulidae, Psychodidae, Culicidae, Bibionidae, and Cecidomyiidae), Brachycera (Tabanidae, Asilidae and Bombylidae,), Cyclorrapha (Syrphidae, Drosophillidae, Muscidae, Calliphoridae, Tachinidae, Hippoboscidae, Micropezidae, Agromyzidae, Chloropidae and Tephritidae)
- 19. Observing the characters of Hymenoptera-Symphyta (Tenthredinidae) Apocrita (Ichneumonidae, Braconidae, Evaniidae, Agaonidae, Chalcididae, Encyrtidae, Eulophidae, Trichogrammatidae, Bethylidae, Chrysididae, Scoliidae, Mutillidae, Formicidae, Vespidae, Sphecidae, Megachilidae, Anthophoridae, Xylocopidae and Apidae)
- 20. Observing the characters of Coleoptera Adephaga (Carabidae, Cicindellidae, Dytiscidae, Gyrinidae) Polyphaga (Hydrophilidae, Staphylinidae, Passalidae, Lucanidae, Scarabaeidae, Dynastidae, Melolonthidae, Cetonidae, Buprestidae, Elateridae, Lampyriidae, Cantharidae, Dermestidae, Anobiidae, Bostrychidae, Coccinellidae, Tenebrionidae, Meloidae, Cerambycidae, Bruchidae, Chrysomelidae, Apionidae and Curculionidae)
- 21. Observing the characters of Lepidoptera Butterfly families (Nymphalidae, Lycaenidae, Pieridae, Papilionidae, Satyriidae and Hesperiidae), Moth families (Psychidae, Gelechiidae, Metarbellidae, Cochlidiidae, Pyralidae, Crambidae, Pterophoridae, Geometridae, Bombycidae, Saturniidae, Sphingidae, Arctiidae, Noctuidae and Lymantriidae)
- 52. Observing the characters of Neuroptera (Mantispidae, Chrysopidae, Myrmeleontidae and Ascalaphidae), Siphonoptera. Identification and naming of collected insects based on characters order and family
- 53. Final Practical examination

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Richards O.W. and R.G. Davies. 1977. *Imm's General Text Book of Entomology*. Vol.I and II. Chapman and Hall Publication, London. 1354p. {ISBN 0412 15220 7}

Chapman, R.F. 1998. *The Insects: Structure and Function*. Fourth Edition. Cambridge University Press. 770p. {ISBN 0 521 78732 7}

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- David, B.V. and V.V. Ramamurthy. 2011. *Elements of Economic Entomology*, Namrutha Publications, Chennai, 386 p. {ISBN: 978-81-921477-0-3}
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- 18. www.zin.ru/animalia
- 19. https://courses.cit.cornell.edu/ent201/content/anatomy2.pdf
- 20. www.insectsexplained.com/03external.htm
- 21. www.earthlife.net/insects/anatomy.html
- 22. www.insectidentification.org/orders_insect.asp

SST 201 Principles of Seed Technology (2+1)

Theory Unit I – Seed : Importance and biology

Seed and seed technology: definition -importance -Characters of good quality seed -Seed development and maturation - Germination - phases of seed germination - Dormancy - types of seed dormancy -Different classes of seed - generation system of seed multiplication in supply chain - Seed replacement rate and varietal replacement - Seed Multiplication Ratio -Seed renewal period. Varietal deterioration of crops - causes and maintenance.

Unit II –

Seed Production

Principles of seed production- Foundation and certified seed production of varieties and hybrids - Cereals - rice, maize, sorghum and bajra - Pulses - greengram, blackgram and redgram - Oilseeds - groundnut, sesame, sunflower and castor - Cotton, Forage crops - Cenchrus sp and lucerne - Vegetables - tomato, brinjal, chillies, bhendi, onion and gourds - bittergourd, ashgourd, snakegourd, ribbedgourd, bottlegourd and pumpkin. Principles of GM crop and organic seed production.

Unit III –

Post harvest handling of seeds

Post harvest handling of seeds - threshing methods - drying - methods of seed drying - Seed processing - seed cleaning and grading - Processing equipments -cleaner cum grader -Upgrading equipments - specific gravity separator, colour sorter, indented cylinder separator, spiral separator, magnetic separator, needle separator - working principles - Seed quality enhancement techniques - importance - seed fortification, seed priming, seed coating, seed pelleting.

Unit IV –

Seed Quality Control and Seed Testing

Seed certification - phases of certification, procedure for seed certification, field inspection, field counts, field and seed standards. Post harvest inspection - processing, bagging and tagging. Seed Act and Rules - Seed law enforcement. Duty and powers of seed inspector, offences and penalties. Seeds Control Order 1983 - Salient features of PPV&FRA 2001 - National Seed Policy 2002 - Seed Bill 2004. Seed testing for quality assessment - importance - Varietal identification through grow out test, molecular and biochemical test. Detection of genetically modified crops.

Unit V - Seed Storage and marketing

Seed storage – principles- factors affecting seed longevity during storage – Seed treatments and packaging materials - measures for pest and disease control during storage and godown sanitation. Seed marketing - structure and organization - sales promotional activities. factors affecting seed marketing and demand - International seed movement - role of international organizations, WTO and OECD in seed trade.

Study on seed structure of major cereals - rice, wheat, maize, sorghum and bajra - Pulses - greengram, blackgram, redgram, bengalgram and field pea - Oilseeds - groundnut, sesame, sunflower, castor, soybean and mustard - Cotton - Forage crops - Vegetable crops. Seed production techniques - identification of physical and genetic contaminants - supplementary pollination in hybrid rice -

detasselling techniques in hybrid maize - emasculation and dusting technique in cotton - supplementary pollination in sunflower - pre-germinative technique and enhancing female flowers in cucurbits - assessment of physiological maturity indices - seed extraction methods in vegetables. Visit to seed production farms - Seed enhancement techniques - seed coating, seed priming and seed pelleting. Visit to seed processing plant. Seed certification - field inspection and counting procedure - Seed sampling and testing - seed moisture content, physical purity, seed germination, viability - Seed and seedling vigour test - Seed health test- Genetic purity test -grow out test and electrophoresis - Seed production planning - economics - Visit to seed testing laboratory.

Theory lecture schedule:

- 14. Seed and seed technology definition -importance -Characters of good quality seed.
- 15. Seed development and maturation.
- 16. Germination phases of seed germination Dormancy types of seed dormancy.
- 17. Different classes of seed generation system of seed multiplication in supply chain Seed replacement rate and varietal replacement Seed Multiplication Ratio -Seed renewal period.
- 18. Varietal deterioration of crops causes and maintenance.
- 19. Principles of seed production factors affecting seed production physical and genetic contaminants.
- 20. Seed production techniques in varieties and hybrids of rice.
- 21. Seed production techniques in varieties and hybrids of maize.
- 22. Seed production techniques in varieties and hybrids of sorghum and bajra.
- 23. Seed production techniques in greengram and blackgram varieties.
- 24. Seed production techniques in varieties and hybrids of redgram.
- 25. Seed production techniques in varieties and hybrids of sunflower and groundnut varieties.
- 26. Seed production techniques in varieties and hybrids of castor and sesame varieties.
- 27. Seed production techniques in varieties and hybrids of cotton.
- 28. Seed production techniques in Cenchrus species and lucerne.
- 29. Seed production techniques in varieties and hybrids of tomato, brinjal and chillies.
- 30. Seed production techniques in varieties and hybrids of bhendi and onion.

31. Mid semester examination.

- 32. Seed production techniques in varieties and hybrids of gourds bittergourd, ashgourd, snakegourd, ribbedgourd, bottlegourd and pumpkin.
- 33. Principles of GM crop and organic seed production.
- 34. Post harvest handling of seeds threshing methods drying methods of seed drying.
- 22. Seed processing principle importance seed processing sequence for different crops equipments.
- 18. Principles and mechanism of seed cleaning and grading processing equipments cleaner cum grader specific gravity separator.
- 19. Principles and mechanism of upgrading equipments colour sorter indented cylinder separator spiral separator magnetic separator needle separator
- 20. Seed quality enhancement techniques importance seed fortification seed priming seed coating seed pelleting.
- 21. Seed certification phases of certification, procedure for seed certification, field inspection, field counts, field and seed standards post harvest inspection processing bagging and tagging.
- 22. Seed Act and Rules Seed law enforcement Duties and powers of seed inspector offences and penalties Seeds Control Order 1983.
- 18. Salient features of PPV&FRA, 2001 National Seed Policy, 2002 Seed Bill, 2004.
- 19. Seed testing for quality assessment importance methods.
- 20. Varietal Identification grow out test molecular and biochemical test Detection of genetically modified crops.
- 21. Seed storage principles factors affecting seed longevity during storage.

- 22. Seed treatment and packaging materials measures for pest and disease control during storage and godown sanitation.
- 23. Seed marketing structure and organization sales promotional activities factors affecting seed marketing and demand.
- 24. International seed movement role of international organizations WTO and OECD in seed trade.

Practical schedule:

- 20. Study on external and internal seed structure and identification of major cereals pulses oilseeds cotton forage crops and vegetable crops.
- 21. Practicing supplementary pollination techniques in hybrid rice and detasselling techniques in hybrid maize.
- 22. Practicing emasculation and dusting technique in cotton and supplementary pollination in sunflower.
- 23. Practicing pre-germinative technique and female flowers production enhancement techniques in cucurbits.
- 24. Assessment of physiological maturity indices in various crops and seed extraction methods in vegetables.
- 25. Visit to seed production farms.
- 26. Seed enhancement techniques Seed coating seed priming and seed pelleting.
- 27. Seed certification field inspection and counting procedure identification of physical and genetic contaminants in seed production plots and roguing.
- 28. Seed testing seed sampling mixing dividing equipments.
- 29. Estimation of seed moisture content and physical purity.
- 30. Seed germination testing tetrazolium test for viability evaluation.
- 31. Genetic purity test grow out test electrophoresis.
- 32. Seed health testing methods.
- 33. Seed and seedling vigour test brick gravel test, paper piercing test cool and cold test accelerated ageing test.
- 34. Seed production planning economics.
- 35. Visit to seed processing plant and seed testing laboratory.

36. Final practical examination.

References

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- 36. Bhaskaran, M., A.Bharathi and K.Vanangamudi. 2013. Text Book on Principles of seed production and quality control. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 37. Indian Minimum Seed Certification Standards. 2014. Published by GOI, MOA, New Delhi.
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- 2. www.seednet.gov.in
- 3. www.agricoop.nic.in
- 4. www.online library.willey.com
- 5. <u>www.sciencedirect.com</u>
- 6. Seed Science Research (www.jgateplus.com)
- 7. Seed Science and Technology (www.jgateplus.com)

AGR 201 Crop production technology – I (Kharif crops) (1+1)

Theory :

Unit - I:

Cereals

Rice, Maize, - Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirements, varieties, cultural practices (from land preparation to harvest) and yield.

Unit - II:

Millets

Sorghum, Pearl millet, Small millets - Finger millet, Foxtail millet, little millet, Kodo millet, Barnyard millet and Proso millet - Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices and yield.

Unit - III:

Pulses

Redgram, Blackgram, Greengram, , Cowpea, - Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices and yield.

Unit - IV:

Oilseeds (Kharif)

Groundnut, sesame, Soybean- Origin, and geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.

Unit - V:

Fibre and forage

Cotton, jute, fodder sorghum, cumbu napier- Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.

Cereals	Rice, maize
Millets	Sorghum, pearl millet, finger millet and minor millets
Pulses	Pigeonpea, green gram, black gram, cowpea,
Oilseeds	Groundnut, sesame, soybean
Fibre & Forage	Cotton, jute, fodder sorghum, Cumbu napier

Theory Lecture Schedule:

- 1. Importance and area, production and productivity of major cereals and millets of India and Tamil Nadu.
- 2. Importance and area, production and productivity of pulses and oilseeds crops of India and Tamil Nadu.
- 3. Rice Origin geographic distribution economic importance varieties soil and climatic requirement.
- 4. Rice cultural practices yield economic benefits.
- 5. Special type of Rice cultivation SRI and Hybrid rice cultivation.
- 6. Maize Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices and yield.
- 7. Sorghum and Pearl millet Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices and yield.
- 8. Finger millet and Minor millets Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices and yield.

9. Mid semester Examination.

- 10. Pigeonpea Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices and yield.
- 2. Greengram, Blackgram and Cowpea Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices and yield Agronomy of rice fallow pulses.

- 3. Groundnut Origin, geographical distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirements varieties, cultural practices yield and economics.
- 4. Sesame and Soybean Origin, geographical distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirements, varieties, cultural practices and yield.
- 5. Cotton Origin, geographical distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirements, varieties, cultural practices and yield.
- 6. Jute- Origin, geographical distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirements, varieties, cultural practices and yield.
- 7. Fodder sorghum- Origin, geographical distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirements, varieties, cultural practices and yield.
- 8. Cumbu napier- Origin, geographical distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirements, varieties, cultural practices and yield.

Practical Schedule:

- 18. Identification of cereals, millets, pulses and oilseed crops in the crop cafeteria.
- 19. Practicing various nursery types and main field preparation for rice crop.
- 20. Nursery and main field preparation for important millets, pulses and oilseeds.
- 21. Acquiring skill in different seed treatment techniques in important kharif crops.
- 22. Estimation of plant population per unit area for important kharif crops.
- 23. Acquiring skill in field preparation, sowing and manuring of crops under pure and intercropping situations for cereals and millets.
- 24. Acquiring skill in field preparation, sowing and manuring of crops under pure and intercropping situations for pulses and oilseeds.
- 25. Acquiring skill in using seed drill for sowing operations.
- 26. Acquiring skill in foliar nutrition for important field crops.
- 27. Observations on growth parameters of cereals and millets.
- 28. Observations on growth parameters of pulses and oilseeds.
- 29. Study of yield parameters and estimation of yield in cereals and millets.
- 30. Study of yield parameters and estimation of yield in pulses and oilseeds.
- 31. Working out cost and returns of important cereals, millets, pulses and oilseeds crops.
- 32. Visit to farmers field / research stations to study the cultivation techniques of cereal, millets, pulses, cotton and oilseeds.
- 33. Visit to nearby Agricultural Research Station / Farmer's field.
- 34. Practical Examination.

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- Joshi, M. 2015. Textbook of Field crops. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- ICAR 2015. Hand book of Agriculture. Indian Council of Agricuture, New

Delhi Crop production Guide 2012. Directorate of Agriculture, Chennai.

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- 1. www.crida.org
- 2. www.cgiar.org
- 3. www.tnau.ac.in/agriportal

Theory Vegetables Unit I: Scope, Importance and classification of vegetables

Importance of vegetable growing –area and production of vegetables in India and Tamil Nadu- National economy- nutritive value of vegetables and human nutrition.

Unit II: Production technology of tropical vegetable crops

Origin - climate and soil – varieties and hybrids – seeds and sowing – transplanting – water and nutrient management – fertigation – weed management – use of micronutrients and plant growth regulators - physiological disorders - maturity indices – harvest – pest and diseases – seed production

Crops: Tomato, chilli, brinjal, bhendi, gourds (ash gourd, pumpkin, bitter gourd, ridge gourd, bottle gourd, snake gourd and watermelon) onion, cassava, amaranthus and moringa.

Unit III: Production technology of temperate vegetable crops

Origin -climate and soil – varieties and hybrids – seeds and sowing – transplanting - water and nutrient management – fertigation – weed management – use of micronutrient and plant growth regulators-physiological disorders- maturity indices – harvest – pest and diseases – seed production

(**Crops:** Cabbage, cauliflower, potato, carrot, radish, beetroot, peas and french beans, Protected cultivation of vegetables (tomato, capsicum and cucumber).

SPICES

Unit IV: Crop production techniques of major spices

Spices- scope and importance - classification of spices - origin, area and production - role of commodity boards- export potential of spices.

Climate and soil - varieties - propagation - nursery management and planting – cropping systems-training practices - nutrient, water and weed management - shade regulation - maturity indices - harvest and yield - pests and diseases - processing - value addition.

Black pepper, Cardamom, Turmeric, Ginger and Garlic

Unit V: Crop production techniques in seed spices, tree spices and other spices

Climate and soil- varieties - propagation, nursery management and planting- training , pruning canopy management- weed and water management- shade regulation- nutrient management including drip and fertigation – harvest and yield – pests and diseases – processing – value addition.

Coriander, Fenugreek, Cumin, Fennel, Clove, Nutmeg, Cinnamon, Curry leaf, Tamarind and Herbal spices

Practical

Vegetables

Layout of kitchen garden – seed sowing – nursery management – grafting in vegetables water and nutrient management – fertigation – weed management – practices in use of plant growth regulators - Special horticultural practices in vegetable production - study of maturity indices - Identification of physiological disorders - protected cultivation - visit to vegetable nursery unit/ protected cultivation unit.

Spices

Identification of spices - description of varieties - Propagation methods - rapid multiplication techniques 22. seed collection and extraction - raising of nurseries - seed sowing - seed treatment - fertilizer application - harvesting – pests and diseases - processing - cost economics - visit to spice gardens

Black pepper, Cardamom, Turmeric, Ginger, Coriander, Fenugreek, Curry leaf, Clove, Nutmeg and Cinnamon

Theory lecture schedule

- 15. Importance of vegetable growing –area and production of vegetables in India and Tamil Nadu- National economy- nutritive value of vegetables and human nutrition .
- 16. Climate and soil varieties and hybrids seeds and sowing transplanting water and nutrient management fertigation weed management use of micronutrients and plant growth regulator physiological disorders maturity indices harvest and yield pest and diseases seed production of tomato, chilli and brinjal
- 17. Climate and soil varieties and hybrids seeds and sowing transplanting water and nutrient management fertigation weed management use of micronutrients and plant growth regulator physiological disorders maturity indices harvest and yield pest and diseases seed production of bhendi and onion.
- 18. Climate and soil varieties and hybrids seeds and sowing transplanting water and nutrient management fertigation weed management use of micronutrients and plant growth regulator physiological disorders maturity indices harvest and yield– pest and diseases seed production of gourds (ash gourd, pumpkin, bitter gourd, ridge gourd, bottle gourd, snake gourd and watermelon)
- 19. Climate and soil varieties and hybrids seeds and sowing transplanting water and nutrient management fertigation weed management use of micronutrients and plant growth regulator-physiological disorders maturity indices harvest and yield pest and diseases seed production of cassava and potato
- 20. Climate and soil varieties and hybrids seeds and sowing transplanting water and nutrient management fertigation weed management use of micronutrients and plant growth regulator physiological disorders maturity indices harvest and yield pest and diseases seed production of moringa and amaranthus.
- 21. Climate and soil varieties and hybrids seeds and sowing transplanting water and nutrient management fertigation weed management use of micronutrients and plant growth regulator physiological disorders maturity indices harvest and yield pest and diseases seed production of cabbage and cauliflower.
- 22. Climate and soil varieties and hybrids seeds and sowing transplanting water and nutrient management fertigation weed management use of micronutrients and plant growth regulator physiological disorders maturity indices harvest and yield pest and diseases seed production of carrot , beetroot and radish.

23. Mid -semester examination

- 24. Climate and soil varieties and hybrids seeds and sowing transplanting water and nutrient management fertigation weed management use of micronutrients and plant growth regulator physiological disorders maturity indices harvest and yield pest and diseases seed production of french beans and peas.
- 25. Protected cultivation of vegetables (tomato, capsicum and cucumber)
- 23. Spices- scope and importance classification of spices origin, area and production role of commodity boards- export potential of spices. **Black pepper** climate and soil- varieties propagation rapid multiplication techniques nursery management and planting- nutrient, water and weed management special horticultural practices role of growth regulators shade regulation- maturity indices harvest and yield pests and diseases –post harvest practices-processing and value addition.
- 24. **Cardamom** climate and soil varieties propagation nutrient, water and weed management-shade regulation- mulching maturity indices harvest and yield pests and diseases –post harvest practices-processing and value addition.

- 25. **Turmeric**, **Ginger and Garlic** Climate and soil- varieties propagation, nursery management and planting- nutrient, water and weed management- inter cropping- physiological disorders -maturity indices harvest and yield pests and diseases –post harvest practices- processing and value addition.
- 15. Seed spices climate and soil- varieties seed treatment/ sowing nutrient, water and weed management- intercropping maturity indices harvest and yield pests and diseases –post harvest practices- processing and value addition.(Coriander, Fenugreek, Cumin and Fennel)
- 16. **Tree spices -** climate and soil varieties propagation, nursery management and planting nutrient, water and weed management- training and pruning practices- cropping system- special horticultural practices maturity indices harvest and yield pests and diseases –post harvest practices- processing and value addition.(**Clove, Nutmeg and Cinnamon**)

Tamarind, Curry leaf and herbal spices - climate and soil- varieties - propagation,

17. nursery

management

and planting- nutrient, water and weed management- canopy management - maturity indices - harvest and yield - pests and diseases –post harvest practices- processing and value addition.

Practical schedule

- 4. Layout of kitchen garden.
- 5. Seed treatment and sowing practices in direct sown vegetables
- 6. Nursery management of transplanted ,bulb and tuber vegetable crops
- 7. Grafting in vegetable crops
- 8. Water and nutrient management fertigation in vegetable crops
- 9. Practices in use of plant growth regulators in vegetable crops
- 10. Special horticultural practices in vegetable production
- 11. Identification of physiological disorders in vegetable crops
- 9. Study of maturity standards and harvesting of vegetables
- 10. Practices in protected cultivation of vegetable crops
- 11. Visit to vegetable nurseries/protected vegetable cultivation unit
- 12. Black pepper and cardamom- identification and description of varieties seed propagation and vegetative propagation fertilizers application preparation of plant bio regulators and application pests and diseases- harvest and post harvest practices.
- 13. Turmeric and ginger- identification and description of varieties- propagation, fertilizers application preparation of plant bio regulators and application pests and diseases- harvest and post harvest practices.
- 14. Coriander and Fenugreek identification and description of varieties seed treatment, sowing fertilizer application pests and diseases- harvest and post harvest practices.
- 22. Clove, Nutmeg and Cinnamon identification and description of varieties seed collection and extraction propagation fertilizer application training and pruning pests and diseases- harvest and post harvest practices.
- 23. Tamarind and curry leaf identification and description of varieties seed collection and extraction propagation fertilizer application canopy management pests and diseases- harvest and post harvest practices.
- 24. Visit to spice gardens or commodity boards and working out cost economics of spice crpops.

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- 2. http://journal.ashspublications.org
- 3. http://www.actahort.org/
- 4..http://www.aphorticulture.com/crops.htm
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ENS 201 Environmental Studies and Disaster Management (2+1)

Theory

Unit 1: Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies Definition, scope and importance

Unit 2: Natural Resources: Renewable and non-renewable resources Natural resources and associated

problems. a) Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forest and tribal people. b) Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems. c) Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies. d) Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. e) Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Case studies. f) Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification. • Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources. • Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

Unit 3: Ecosystems • Concept of an ecosystem. • Structure and function of an ecosystem. • Producers, consumers and decomposers. • Energy flow in the ecosystem. • Ecological succession. • Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. • Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem. a. Forest ecosystem. b. Grassland ecosystem. c. Desert ecosystem d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Unit 4: Biodiversity and its conservation:- Introduction, definition, genetic, species & ecosystem diversity and biogeographical classification of India. Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values. Biodiversity at global, National and local levels, India as a mega-diversity nation. Hot-sports of biodiversity. Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts. Endangered and endemic species of India. Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

Unit 5 : Environmental Pollution: Definition, cause, effects and control measures of : a. Air pollution. b. Water pollution. c. Soil pollution. d. Marine pollution. e. Noise pollution. f. Thermal pollution. g. Nuclear hazards. Solid Waste Management: causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes. Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. Pollution case studies.

Unit 6: Social Issues and the Environment: From Unsustainable to Sustainable development. Urban problems related to energy. Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management. Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions, climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Wasteland reclamation. Consumerism and waste products. Environment Protection Act. Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act. Water (Prevention and control of Pollution). Public awareness.

Unit 7: Human Population and the Environment: population growth, variation among nations, population explosion, Family Welfare Programme. Environment and human health: Human Rights, Value

Education, HIV/AIDS. Women and Child Welfare. Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health. Case Studies.

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Unit 8: Natural Disasters- Meaning and nature of natural disasters, their types and effects. Floods, drought, cyclone, earthquakes, landslides, avalanches, volcanic eruptions, Heat and cold waves, Climatic change: global warming, Sea level rise, ozone depletion.

Unit 9 : Man Made Disasters- Nuclear disasters, chemical disasters, biological disasters, building fire, coal fire, forest fire, oil fire, air pollution, water pollution, deforestation, industrial waste water pollution, road accidents, rail accidents, air accidents, sea accidents.

Unit 10 : Disaster Management- Effect to migrate natural disaster at national and global levels. International strategy for disaster reduction. Concept of disaster management, national disaster management framework; financial arrangements; role of NGOs, community - based organizations and media. Central, state, district and local administration; Armed forces in disaster response; Disaster response; Police and other organizations.

Practical

Field work: Visit to a local area to document environmental assets river/forest/grassland/hill/mountain, visit to a local polluted site -Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural, study of common plants, insects, birds and study of simple ecosystems-pond, river, hill slopes, etc.

Lecture Schedule

- 22. Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies Definition, scope and importance Natural Resources: Renewable and non-renewable resources - Natural resources and associated problems
- 23. Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forest and tribal people
- 24. Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams benefits and problems
- 25. Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing
- 26. Effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources use of alternate energy sources. Case studies.
- 27. Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides Soil erosion and desertification Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles
- 28. Ecosystems Concept of an ecosystem Structure and function of an ecosystem Producers, consumers and decomposers Energy flow in the ecosystem Ecological succession Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids
- 7. Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem and Desert ecosystem
- 8. Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of Aquatic ecosystems : ponds, streams, lakes Rivers, oceans, estuaries
- 9. Biodiversity and its conservation Introduction, definition, genetic, species & ecosystem diversity and biogeographical classification of India- Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values
- 10. Biodiversity at global, National and local levels India as a mega-diversity nation Hotspots of biodiversity Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts
- 11. Endangered and endemic species of India Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.
- 12. Environmental Pollution Definition, cause, effects and control measures of Air pollution and Noise pollution

- 13. Definition, cause, effects and control measures of Water pollution and Soil pollution
- 14. Definition, cause, effects and control measures of Marine pollution, Thermal pollution and Nuclear hazards
- 15. Solid Waste Management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes

16. Mid Semester Examination

- 17. Role of an individual in prevention of pollution Pollution case studies Social Issues and the Environment From Unsustainable to Sustainable development Urban problems related to energy
- 18. Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions, climate change, global warming
- 19. Acid rain, ozone layer depletion, Nuclear accidents and holocaust Wasteland reclamation-Consumerism and waste products
- 20. Environment Protection Act Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act Wildlife Protection Act Forest Conservation Act
- Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation Public awareness Human Population and the Environment: Population growth, variation among nations, population explosion, Family Welfare Programme
- 22. Environment and human health: Human Rights, Value Education, HIV/AIDS Women and Child Welfare Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health Case Studies
- 23. **Disaster Management -** Natural Disasters Meaning and nature of natural disasters, their types and effects Floods, drought
- 24. Cyclone, earthquakes, Landslides, avalanches
- 25. Volcanic eruptions, Heat and cold waves, Climatic change: global warming, Sea level rise, ozone depletion
- 26. Man Made Disasters Nuclear disasters, chemical disasters, biological disasters, Building fire, coal fire, forest fire, oil fire
- 27. Air pollution, water pollution, deforestation, industrial waste water pollution
- 28. Road accidents, rail accidents, Air accidents, sea accidents
- 29. Disaster Management Effect to migrate natural disaster at national and global levels
- 30. International strategy for disaster reduction. Concept of disaster management, national disaster management framework; financial arrangements
- 31. Role of NGOs, community based organizations and media in disaster management
- 32. Central, state, district and local administration in disaster management
- 33. Armed forces in disaster response Disaster response; Police and other organizations.

Practical schedule

- 18. Visit to a local area to document environmental assets river/forest/grassland/hill/mountain
- 19. Energy: Biogas production from organic wastes
- 20. Visit to wind mill / hydro power / solar power generation units
- 21. Biodiversity assessment in farming system
- 22. Floral and faunal diversity assessment in polluted and un polluted system
- 23. Visit to local polluted site-Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural to study of common plants, insects and birds
- 24. Environmental sampling and preservation
- 25. Water quality analysis: pH, EC and TDS
- 26. Estimation of Acidity, Alkalinity
- 27. Estimation of water hardness
- 28. Estimation of DO and BOD in water samples
- 29. Estimation of COD in water samples
- 30. Enumeration of E. coli in water sample
- 31. Assessment of Suspended Particulate Matter (SPM)
- 32. Study of simple ecosystem pond/river/hills
- 33. Visit to areas affected by natural disaster
- **34. Practical Examination**

References

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- 14. Tyler Miller and Scot Spoolman. 2009. Living in the Environment (*Concepts, Connections, and Solutions*). Brooks/cole, Cengage learning publication, Belmont, USA
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AMP 201 Livestock and Poultry Management (2+1)

Theory

Unit I: Introduction to Livestock Management

Significance of Livestock and Poultry in Indian Economy – Livestock and Poultry census – Different livestock development programs of Government of India and Tamil Nadu- Various systems of livestock production-extensive – semi intensive - intensive - mixed- Integrated and specialized farms.

Unit II: Dairy Cattle Management

Important White and Black cattle breeds-classification-indigenous and exotic – Breed characteristics – Breeding - Cross breeding- Upgrading - Economic traits of cattle –Culling - Estrus Cycle – Artificial Insemination – Introduction to Embryo transfer – Housing – Space requirement calf and adult stock – System and types of housing - Feeding and Management of Calf, Heifer, Pregnant, Milch animal and working animals – Nutrition – Ration – Balanced Ration - Characteristics of ration and classification of feed and fodder –Total Mixed Ration – composition of concentrate mixture for different stage - Milking methods - Clean milk production – Factors affecting milk composition – Common diseases of cattle – classification – symptoms - preventing and control measures.

Unit III: Sheep and Goat Management

Breeds - Sheep and goat classification — Economic traits - system of rearing - Housing Management – Floor space requirement - Care and Management of young and adult stock – Nutrition – Feed and fodders of Small ruminants – Flushing - Common diseases – prevention and control.

Unit IV: Management of Swine

Classification of breeds – Economic traits - Housing - Nutrition – creep feeding - Care and Management of Adult and Young Stock - Common disease- prevention and control.

Unit V: Poultry Management

Classification of breeds - Commercial Strains of broilers and layers – Housing – brooding – deep litter and cage system – care and Management of broilers and layers -Nutrition of Chick, grower, Layer and broiler – Incubation and Hatching of Eggs - Common Diseases - Control and prevention.

Practical

Study of external parts of Livestock - Identification of livestock and poultry-Tattooing-ear tags-wing and leg bands-Common restraining methods-Disbudding (or) Dehorning-Different methods of castration-Dentition-Study of type design of animal and poultry houses-Selection of dairy cow and work bullock-Determination of specific gravity, fat percentage and total solids of milk- Demonstration of cream separation, - Identification of feeds and fodder- Economics Dairy, Goat and Swine farming - Study of external parts of Fowl - Preparation of Brooder House - Brooder management-Identification of layer and non layer- Debeaking, delousing and deworming of poultry-Vaccination schedule for broiler and layer-Dressing of broiler chicken - Economics of Broiler and Layer Farming - Visit to a modern Dairy and commercial layer and broiler farms - Demonstration of incubator and setter.

Lecture schedule:

- 18. Significance of livestock and poultry in Indian economy-livestock and poultry census. Different livestock development programmes of Government of India and Tamil Nadu www.indiastat.com, Livestock census 2012, Dairying in Tamil Nadu 2014 by NDDB
- 2. Various systems of livestock production-extensive semi intensive, intensive- mixed- integrated and specialized farms. -357- 396 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- 3. Definition of breed-classification of indigenous white and black cattle-breed characteristics of Tamil Nadu cattle breeds and Indian breeds -Sindhi, Gir and Sahiwal. 1-53- Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **4.** Breed-characteristics of exotic cattle -Jersey and Holstein Friesian Indian Buffaloes- Murrah, Surti and Toda. 1-53- Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **5.** Breeding-cross breeding-upgrading-economic traits of cattle-culling importance and methods 1-53-Handbook of Animal Husbandry – ICAR.

- 6. Estrous cycle signs of estrous artificial insemination-merits and demerits-Principles and outline of embryo transfer -722-723 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **3.** Housing management-farm site selection and floor space requirement for calves, heifer, milch animal and work bullocks. 364-379 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **4.** Systems of housing-single row system-double row system- head to head and tail to tail-merits and demerits Type design of house. 364-379 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- 5. Care and management of new born calf and heifers -358-362 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- 6. Care and management of pregnant animal and lactating animals. 362-363 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- 7. Care and management of dry cows and work bullock. 756-757 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- 8. Nutrition-definition-ration-balanced ration-desirable characteristics of a ration. Classification of feed stuffsconcentrate and roughage-comparison, Total Mixed Ration - 395-447 Handbook of Animal Husbandry – ICAR
- **9.** Model composition of concentrate mixture of young and adult stock-age wise feed and fodder requirement-Importance of green fodder. - 395-447 - Handbook of Animal Husbandry – ICAR
- **10.** Milking methods-clean milk production-factors affecting milk yield and composition 363 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **15.** Diseases-classification-viral, bacterial and metabolic-general control and preventive measures. 448-551 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- 7. Viral diseases-foot and mouth disease, bacterial diseases, anthrax, hemorrhagic septicemia- black quarter metabolic- tympanites, acidosis, ketosis and milk fever 448-551 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- 8. Mid semester examination
- 9. Sheep and goat farming-classification of breeds of Indian and exotic origin economic traits. 54-120 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **10.** Systems of rearing-housing management type design- floor diagram-space requirement for adult and young stock. 101 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **11.** Care and management of ram, ewe and lamb-nutrition- feeds and fodder for small ruminants. 99-101 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **12.** Care and management of buck, doe and kid- nutrition- flushing. -102 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **13.** Common ailments of sheep and goat-sheep pox-foot and mouth-blue tongue- PPR- enterotoxaemia-Ecto and endo parasites. 448-551 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- 14. Swine husbandry –Common breeds of exotic origin-Large White Yorkshire, Landrace and Duroc economic traits- housing of Swine. -256-271Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **15.** Care and management of sow, boar and piglets-nutrition- creep feeding. 256-271Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **16.** Disease prevention and control of swine diseases –hog cholera, foot and mouth, ecto and endo parasites. 448-551 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **17.** Classification of breeds commercial strains of layer and broiler. 206-255 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **18.** Care and management of Chicks-brooder management. 206-255 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **19.** Systems of housing- deep litter and cage system- floor space requirement-common litter material-litter management-merits and demerits. 206-255 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **20.** Care and management of Grower and Layers- vaccination schedule. 206-255 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **21.** Care and management of broilers-vaccination schedule. 206-255 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- 22. Incubation and hatching of eggs. 206-255 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- **23.** Nutrition-feed formulation-composition of chick, grower, layer broiler- starter and Finisher mashes-Feed Conversion Ratio /dozen egg or kg of meat production. 206-255 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR

- 24. Classification of disease –viral bacterial protozoan- causative organisms, symptoms and prevention viral diseases- Ranikhet IBD-avian flu 448-551 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR
- 25. Bacterial disease-E.coli-coryza-salmonellosis-protozoan–coccidiosis-casuative organism, symptoms and preventive measures. Management of dead birds and manure 448-551 Handbook of Animal Husbandry ICAR

Practical Schedule

- 37. Study of external parts of livestock
- 38. Identification of livestock and poultry
- 39. Common restraining methods of livestock
- 40. Disbudding, Dehorning, Castration and Dentition of livestock
- 41. Study of type design of animal and poultry houses
- 42. Selection of dairy cow and work bullock
- 43. Determination of specific gravity, fat %, total solids, solids not fat
- 44. Demonstration of cream separation
- 45. Identification of feed & fodder
- 46. Economics of dairy, goat and swine Farming
- 47. Study of external parts of fowl. Preparation of brooder house
- 48. Identification of layer and non-layer
- 49. Debeaking, delousing, deworming of poultry Vaccination schedule for broiler and layer
- 50. Demonstration of dressing of broiler. Economics of layer and broiler farming
- 51. Visit to a modern dairy and commercial layer and broiler farms
- 52. Demonstration of incubator and setter
- 53. Practical examination

Reference:

ICAR (2002) Hand of Animal Husbandry, ICAR, New Delhi.

E- Eeference:

- 1. http://www.elearnvet.net/
- 2. http://agridr.in/expert_system/cattlebuffalo/Breeding%20management%20of%20cattle%20and%20b uffaloes-2.html

AEC 201 Farm Management, Production and Resource Economics (1+1)

Theory

Unit 1: Production Economics and Farm Management - Nature and Scope

Meaning and concept of farm management, objectives and relationship with other sciences. Meaning and definition of farms, its types and characteristics, factors determining types and size of farms. Types of farming: Specialized, Diversified, and Mixed farming – Systems of farming: Peasant Farming, State Farming, Capitalistic, Collective and Co – operative Farming.

Unit 2: Factor – Product, Factor – Factor and Product – Product Relationships

Principles of farm management: concept of production function and its characteristics and its type, use of production function in decision-making on a farm. Factor-Product relationship. Meaning, Definition – Laws of Returns. Meaning and concept of cost, types of costs, cost curves - and their inter-relationship - shut down and break-even points, importance of cost in managing farm business and estimation of gross farm income, net farm income, family labor income and farm business income. Economies of Scale – Economies of Size - Determination of Optimum Input and Output – Physical and Economic Optimum. Factor – Factor relationship: Least Cost Combination of inputs; Product – Product relationship: Optimum Combination of Products – Principle of Equi – Marginal Returns – Principle of Opportunity Cost and Minimum Loss Principle. Law of Comparative Advantage.

Unit 3: Farm Planning and Budgeting

Farm business analysis: meaning and concept of farm income and profitability, technical and economic efficiency measures in crop and livestock enterprises. Importance of farm records and accounts in managing a farm, various types of farm records needed to maintain on farm, farm inventory, balance sheet, profit and loss accounts. Meaning and importance of farm planning and budgeting, partial and complete budgeting, steps in farm planning and budgeting - linear programming, appraisal of farm resources, selection of crops and livestock's enterprises.

Unit 4: Risk and Uncertainty in Agriculture Production

Concept of risk and uncertainty occurrences in agriculture production, nature and sources of risks and their management strategies, Crop / livestock / machinery insurance. Weather based crop insurance - Features and determinants of compensations.

Unit 5: Resource Economics

Resource Economics: Concepts, Classification, differences between Natural Resource Economics (NRE) and agricultural economics, unique properties of natural resources. Natural Resources - Issues - Scarcity of resources - Factors mitigating scarcity - Property Rights: Common Property Resources (CPRs): meaning and characteristics of CPRs - Externalities: meaning and types - positive and negative externalities in agriculture, Inefficiency and welfare loss, solutions; Important issues in economics and management of common property resources of land, water, pasture and forest resources.

Practical

Preparation of farm layout. Determination of cost of fencing of a farm. Computation of depreciation cost of farm assets. Application of equi-marginal returns / opportunity cost principle in allocation of farm resources. Determination of most profitable level of inputs use in a farm production process. Determination of least cost combination of inputs. Selection of most profitable enterprise combination. Application of cost principles including CACP concepts in the estimation of cost of crops – Estimation of costs and returns of livestock products. Preparation of farm plan and budget, farm records and accounts and profit and loss accounts. Break – even analysis- Graphical solution to Linear Programming problem. Collection and analysis of data on various resources in India.

References

- Sankayan, P.L. 1983. Introduction to Farm Management. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi.
- Johl, S.S & Kapoor, T.R. 1973. Fundamentals of Farm Business Management. Kalyani Publishers. Ludhiana.

Kahlon, A.S and Singh K. 1992. Economics of Farm Management in India. Allied Publishers. New Delhi.

- Doll, J.P. and F. Orazem. 1983. Theory of Production Economics with Applications to Agriculture. John Wiley, New York.
- Debertin, D.L. 1986. Agricultural Production Economics. Macmillan. New York.
- Heady, E.O. and H.R. Jensen. 1954. Farm Management Economics. Prentice Hall. Englewood Cliffs.
- Kay, Ronald D., and William M. Edwards, and Patricia Duffy. 2004. Farm Management. Fifth Edition. McGraw–Hill Inc. New York.

Panda, S.C. 2007. Farm Management and Agricultural Marketing. Kalyani Publishers. Ludhiana. India.

Theory lecture schedule

- 6. Meaning and concept of farm management, objectives and relationship with other sciences. Meaning and definition of farms, its types and characteristics, factors determining types and size of farms.
- 7. Types of farming: Specialized, Diversified, and Mixed farming Systems of farming: Peasant Farming, State Farming, Capitalistic, Collective and Co operative Farming.
- 8. Principles of farm management: concept of production function and its characteristics and its type, use of production function in decision-making on a farm.
- 9. Factor Product relationship: Meaning, Definition Laws of Returns: Classical production function and its characteristics.
- 10. Meaning and concept of cost, types of costs, cost curves and their inter-relationship -shut down and break even points, importance of cost in managing farm business and estimation of gross farm income, net farm income, family labor income and farm business income.
- 11. Economies of Scale Economies of Size Determination of Optimum Input and Output Physical and Economic Optimum.
- 12. Factor Factor relationship: Least Cost Combination of inputs.
- 13. Product Product relationship: Optimum Combination of Products Principle of Equi –Marginal Returns Principle of Opportunity Cost and Minimum Loss Principle. Law of Comparative Advantage.
- 14. Mid Semester Examination.
- 10. Farm business analysis: meaning and concept of farm income and profitability, technical and economic efficiency measures in crop and livestock enterprises.
- 11. Importance of farm records and accounts in managing a farm, various types of farm records needed to maintain on farm, farm inventory, balance sheet, profit and loss accounts.
- 12. Meaning and importance of farm planning and budgeting, partial and complete budgeting, steps in farm planning and budgeting linear programming, appraisal of farm resources, selection of crops and livestock's enterprises.
- 13. Concept of risk and uncertainty occurs in agriculture production, nature and sources of risks and its management strategies.
- 14. Crop / livestock / machinery insurance. Weather based crop insurance Features and determinants of compensations.
- 15. Resource Economics: Concepts, Classification, differences between Natural Resource Economics (NRE) and agricultural economics, unique properties of natural resources.
- 16. Natural Resources Issues Scarcity of resources Factors mitigating scarcity Property Rights Common Property Resources (CPRs): meaning and characteristics of CPRs Externalities: meaning and types positive and negative externalities in agriculture,
- 17. Inefficiency and welfare loss, solutions, Important issues in economics and management of common property resources of land, water, pasture and forest resources.

Practical Schedule

1. Preparation of farm layout. Determination of cost of fencing of a farm.

- 2. Computation of depreciation and cost of farm assets: Valuation of assets by different methods.
- 3. Application of equi marginal returns / opportunity cost principle in allocation of farm resources.
- 4. Determination of most profitable level of inputs use in a farm production process.
- 5. Determination of least cost combination of inputs.
- 6. Selection of most profitable enterprise combination.
- 7. Application of cost principles including CACP concepts in the estimation of cost of cultivation and cost of production of agricultural crops.
- 8. Estimation of cost of cultivation and cost of production of perennial crops / horticultural crops.
- 9. Estimation of cost of returns of livestock products.
- 10. Preparation of farm plan and budget.
- 11. Farm records and accounts: Usefulness, types of farm records: farm production records and farm financial records.
- 12. Preparation of Cash flow statement
- 13. Preparation and Analysis of Net worth Statement and Profit and Loss statement
- 14. Estimation of Break even analysis.
- 15. Graphical solution to Linear Programming problem.
- 16. Collection and analysis of data on various resources in India.
- 17. Final Practical Examination.

SAC 201 Soil Resource Inventory (1+1)

Theory Unit I

Unit-I

Soil Survey: Importance-Definition-Purpose of soil survey- Standard soil survey - Scope and objectives -Fundamental and Applied. Soil systematics- pedon and polypedon, control section and three dimensional nature of soil body. Soil mapping units: Soil series, soil association, soil complex, variants, inclusions and miscellaneous land types.

Unit II

Methods of soil survey: Base maps, Traversing: Grid survey and Free survey. Types of soil survey: Detailed, Reconnaissance, Detailed- Reconnaissance and Semi–Detailed soil survey. Soil mapping.

Unit-III

Soil Classification -Purpose -Early and modern systems -USDA system of soil classification and its advantages. Soil taxonomy - Diagnostic horizons: surface and sub surface-structure and differentiating characteristics and limitations. Soil orders – description. Distribution of Soil orders in world. Soils of India and Tamil Nadu.

Unit-IV

Soil survey reports - Soil Survey Interpretations - Land Capability Classification - Soil and Land Irrigability Classification - Storie Index Rating - Productivity potential - Fertility Capability Classification - Crop suitability: Field crops, horticultural crops and forest trees. Delineation of soils for fertility – Nutrient indexing. Land Use Planning concepts and objectives.

Practical

Site characteristics and Soil Profile description - Morphological study of soil profiles - Estimation of CEC in soil - Estimation of cations and free CaCO₃ - Study of base maps- Interpretation of soil survey data and maps - Interpretation of soil data for land capability,

crop suitability - Interpretation of soil data for fertility capability classes - Interpretation of soil data for productivity rating - Interpretation of soil data for Nutrient Indexing.

Lecture schedule

- 1. Soil Survey: Importance-Definition-Purpose of soil survey.
- 2. Standard soil survey Its scope and objectives. Fundamental and Applied.
- 3. Soil systematics pedon and polypedon, control section and three dimensional nature of soil body.
- 4. Soil mapping units: Soil series, soil association, soil complex, variants, inclusions and miscellaneous land types.
- 5. Methods of soil survey: Base maps, Traversing: Grid survey and Free survey.
- 6. Types of soil survey: Detailed, Reconnaissance, Detailed- Reconnaissance and Semi–Detailed soil survey. Soil mapping.
- 7. Soil Taxonomy Purpose. Early and modern systems. USDA system of soil classification and its advantages.

18. Mid semester examination.

- 19. Diagnostic horizons: surface and sub surface.
- 20. Soil taxonomy Structure and differentiating characters and limitations.
- 21. Soil orders, characteristics and their distribution in world.
- 22. Soils of India and Tamil Nadu.
- 23. Soil maps, kinds of soil maps and their preparation.
- 24. Interpretative groupings of soils. Land capability classification and Fertility Capability Classification.
- 25. Land irrigability classification, Storie index and productivity potential.
- 26. Land suitability classification for field crops, horticultural crops and forest trees.
- 27. Land Use Planning Concepts and objectives Tropical, subtropical and temperate regions.

Practical schedule

- 1. Site characteristics and Soil Profile description
- 2. Morphological study of soil profile 1 (Red soil)
- 3. Morphological study of soil profile 2 (Black soil)
- 4. Morphological study of soil profile 3 (Alluvial / Laterite soil)
- 5. Estimation of CEC in soil
- 6. Estimation of cations and free CaCO₃
- 7. Study of base maps- Topo sheets and cadastral maps.
- 8. Study of base maps- Aerial photographs or satellite imageries.
- 9. Interpretation of soil survey data and maps.
- 10. Interpretation of soil data for land capability.
- 11. Interpretation of soil data for crop suitability for field crops.
- 12. Interpretation of soil data for crop suitability for horticultural crops.
- 13. Interpretation of soil data for crop suitability for forest trees.
- 14. Interpretation of soil data for fertility capability classes.
- 15. Interpretation of soil data for productivity rating.
- 16. Interpretation of soil data for Nutrient Indexing.
- **17. Practical Examination**

References

- 1. Buol, S.W., Hole, F.D., McCracken, R.J., (1973). Soil genesis and classification. Oxford and IBH publishing Co., New Delhi.
- 2. Lillesand, T.M. and Kiefer, R.W., 1987. Remote sensing and image interpretation, John Wiley and sons, inc, New York.
- 3. Sehgal, J.2005. Pedology concepts and applications, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Soil Survey Division Staff 1999. Soil Survey Manual, USDA publication.
- 5. Steven, M.D. and Clark, J.A. 1990. Applications of Remote Sensing in Agriculture, Cambridge University, UK.
- 6. USDA 1954. Diagnosis and improvements of Saline and alkali soils. (Ed) L.A.Richards. Handbook No.60. USDA Washington DC.
- 7. Anji Reddy, M., 2002. Remote sensing and geographical information systems, BS publication, Hyderabad.
- 8. Somani, L.L. and K.L.Totawat 1993. Management of Salt Affected Soils and Water.

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- 11. ftp://ftp-fc.sc.egov.usda.gov/NSSC/Lab_References/SSIR_51.pdf
- 12. tp://ftp-fc.sc.egov.usda.gov/NSSC/Lab_References/SSIR_51.pdf
- 13. www.iuss.org/Bulletins/00000096.pdf
- 14. www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/sap/centres/rscurrE.pdf -
- 15. en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Geographic_information_system
- 16. ww.annauniv.edu/cia/Curric%20Syllabi/M.../Remote%20Sensing.pdf
- 17. www.csre.iitb.ac.in/~dd/detail.html
- 18. www.dvsinstitute.org/forms/pg/M.Sc.%20-%20RS%20&%20GIS-350.pdf
- 19. inkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S0166248197800335
- 20. www.scribd.com/doc/40246764/Description-Pedon-Copy -
- 21. www.angrau.net/BSc(Ag)CourseCurriculum.htm
- 22. ww.springerlink.com/index/BJG00EL8FLNTFUNL.pdf
- 23. www.eurojournals.com/ejsr_42_2_10.pdf
- 24. inkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S0166248197800335
- 25. www.springerlink.com/index/R177R744722222UN.pdf Similar
- 26. content.alterra.wur.nl/Internet/webdocs/ilri-publicaties/.../Bib10.pdf
- 27. www-wds.worldbank.org/external/.../INDEX/multi_page.txt Cached
- 28. openaccess.icrisat.org/.../Proceedings-integrated-watershed-management-for-land- Asia.pdf
- 29. www.springerlink.com/index/jlu87tk58363.pdf
- 30. www.buc.edu.in/sde_book/msc_soil.pdf

FMP 211 FARM MACHINERY AND POWER (1+1)

THEORY

Unit I: Farm Power & IC engines

Status of Farm Power in India, Sources of Farm Power, I.C. engines, working principles of IC engines, comparison of two stroke and four stroke cycle engines, Study of different components of IC engine, I.C. engine terminology and solved problems, Familiarization with different systems of I.C. engines: Air cleaning, cooling, lubrication, fuel supply.

Unit-II: Tractor & functional components

Hydraulic control system of a tractor, Familiarization with Power transmission system clutch, gear box, differential and final drive of a tractor ,Tractor types, Cost analysis of tractor power and attached implement,

Unit –III: Tillage implements

Familiarization with Primary and Secondary Tillage implement, Implement for hill agriculture.

Unit-IV: Sowing & Intercultural implements

Familiarization with sowing and planting equipment, calibration of a seed drill and solved examples, implement for intercultural operations.

Unit-V: Plant Protection and Harvesting equipments

Familiarization with Plant Protection equipment, Familiarization with harvesting and threshing equipment.

PRACTICALS

Study of different components of I.C. engine - To study air cleaning and cooling system of engine - Familiarization with clutch – Transmission - Differential and final drive of a tractor - Familiarization with lubrication and fuel supply system of engine - Familiarization with brake – Steering - Hydraulic control system of engine - Learning of tractor driving - Familiarization with operation of power tiller - Implements for hill agriculture - Familiarization with different types of primary and secondary tillage implements - Mould board plough - Disc plough and disc harrow -Familiarization with seed-cum- fertilizer drills their seed metering mechanism and calibration - Planters and transplanter - Familiarization with different types of sprayers and dusters –Familiarization with different inter-cultivation equipment - Familiarization with harvesting and threshing machinery.

LECTURE SCHEDULE:

- 1. Farm power in India sources of farm power and their use in agriculture
- 2. Working principles of IC Engines-Two stroke and Four stroke engines applications comparison-Engine terminology.
- 3. Components of IC engine and systems of IC engine air cleaning, cooling, lubricating and fuel supply systems.
- 4. Tractors- types transmission system- clutch, gearbox, differential and final drive hydraulic system.
- 5. Cost analysis of tractor with attached implement.
- 6. Tillage, objectives, types ploughing methods. Primary tillage- mould board plough, disc plough, chisel plough and subsoil plough components and functions, types, advantages and disadvantages
- 7. Secondary tillage equipment cultivators, harrows, levelers, land forming equipment rotovators puddlers manure tramplers and cage wheels, Implements for Hill agriculture.
- 8. Sowing methods seed drills and planters- seed cum fertilizer drills components and functions-Calibration.
- 9. Mid semester examination
- 10. Paddy transplanters, types, working principle, field and nursery requirements
- 11. Implements for intercultural operations cultivators, sweep, junior hoe, manual weeders and power operated weeders for wet land and garden land
- 12. Sprayers and their functions, classification, manually operated sprayers, terminology, Nozzle types.
- 13. Power operated sprayers Tractor operated boom sprayer, Knapsack mist blower cum duster Tall tree sprayer-dusters, types and uses.
- 14. Tools for horticultural crops propagation tools, planters and harvesting tools and machinery

- 15. Threshing of crop, thresher and its principles of operation threshing losses.
- 16. Harvesting equipment reapers mowers and combine harvesters types, construction and operation-Balers.
- 17. Harvesting machinery for groundnut, tuber crops, Cotton and sugarcane

PRACTICAL SCHEDULE:

- 1. Study of working of two and four stroke IC engines and their systems with solved problems.
- 2. Study of Tractor clutch, gearbox, differential and final drive. Study of brake steering, and hydraulic control.
- 3. Learning driving of tractor and power tiller
- 4. Study of tractors and power tillers their operation and maintenance
- 5. Study of mould board plough, methods of ploughing- with solved problems.
- 6. Disc plough and subsoiler and their components- Hitching and adjustment of plough field operation of different tractor drawn primary tillage machinery.
- 7. Study of cultivator, disc harrows, Rotavator, bund former, ridger, leveller and puddling implements and their operation.
- 8. Study of seed drills, planters and seed-cum-fertilizer drills and their components and metering mechanisms calibration- simple problems on calibration.
- 9. Study and operation of machinery for rice cultivation puddling implements- rotary puddlers and cage wheels, tray seeder for rice nursery, transplanters- types operation and maintenance- Drum seeder, conoweeder, power weeder and finger type weeder.
- 10. Study of different inter-cultivation equipment for uplands manual, animal drawn, power operated tractor and power tiller operated field operation
- 11. Study of plant protection equipment manually operated sprayers and dusters, knapsack mist blower cum duster, tractor operated sprayers- their operation, adjustment, calibration and safety requirements
- 12. Study of tools for Hill agriculture and horticultural crops propagation tools, vegetable transplanter, harvesting tools -lawn mower, hole diggers, tree climber, shredders for crop residue.
- 13. Threshing machinery for paddy and identification of its components- different threshing drums calculation of efficiency and losses.
- 14. Study of paddy reaper and paddy combine- their systems, method of operation and adjustment.
- 15. Study of harvesters for root crops turmeric and tapioca and groundnut diggers
- 16. Problems on cost of operation of tractor operated machinery.
- 17. Final practical examination

References:

- 1. Jagadishwar Sahay, 2010 **Elements of Agricultural Engineering**. Standard Publishers Distributers, Delhi. ISBN 978-8180140440
- 2. Ojha, T. P. and Michael, A.M. Principles of Agricultural Engineering. Vol. I, Jain

Brothers, 16/893, East Park Road, Karol Bagh, New Delhi - 110005

- S.C.Jain and C.R.Rai. Farm Tractor Maintenance and Repair. Standard Publishers, 1705-B, Nai Sarak, Delhi 110006
- 4. Senthilkumar, T., R. Kavitha and V.M.Duraisamy 2015. A Text Book of Farm Machinery, Thannambikkai Publications, Coimbatore . ISBN: 978-9381102305

E- RESOURCES:

www.agricoop.nic.in/dacdivision/Machinery1/directory.htm www.farmmachineryshow.org http://www.hillagric.ac.in/edu/coa/agengg/lecture/243/agriengg-243.htm http://www.digitalbookindex.org/subject_search/search010agricultureequipmenta http://ecoursesonline.iasri.res.in/course/view.php?id=540

AGR 202 Study Tour (0+1)

The students will undertake the short tour during third semester for seven days covering KVK's, Research stations, Sister campuses and ICAR institutes in the southern part of Tamil Nadu. The study tour will provide an exposure to the students to know about the soil, climatic conditions and cropping patterns in the respective agro-climatic zones. The students will also have first-hand information on latest technologies on various crops and allied activities.

S.			Credit load
No.	Course code	Course Title	1044
1	PBG 201	Fundamentals of Genetics	2+1
2	AEX 201	Communication Skills and Personality Development	1+1
3	STA 211	Statistical Methods	1+1
4	PAT 201	Principles of plant disease management	1+1
5	AEN 202	Management of beneficial and harmful insects	2+1
6	AGR 203	Crop Production Technology – II (Rabi crops)	1+1
7	AGR 204	Farming System & Sustainable Agriculture	1+1
8	SAC 202	Problematic soils and their management	2+0
9	HOR 212	Production Technology for Ornamental Crops, MAP and Landscaping	1+1
10	ANM 201	Introductory Nematology	0+1
11	NST 201	Fundamentals and Applications of nanotechnology	1+0
12	ERG 211	Renewable Energy and green tehnoloy	1+1
12	NSS/NCC 101	NSS/NCC	0+1*
13	PED 101	Physical Education	0+1*
		Tota	
		1	14+10=24
		*Non-gradial courses compulsory courses	

IV SEMESTER

PBG 201. Fundamentals of Genetics (2+1)

THEORY Unit I: Cytology

Definition of genetics, heredity, inheritance, cytology, cytogenetics; Brief history of developments in genetics and cytogenetics. Physical basis of heredity. Structure and function of cell and cell organelles – Differences between Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes. Cell division – mitosis- meiosis and their significance - Gametogenesis and syngamy in Plants- identical and fraternal twins. Chromosome structure, chemical composition, nucleosome, centromere, telomere, euchromatin, heterochromatin, NOR, satellite chromosome, karyotype, ideogram. Types of chromosomes based on position of centromere, based on structure and function: normal and special chromosomes - polytene, lampbrush, Bchromosomes, ring and isochromosomes. Chromosomal aberration: Variation in chromosome structure – deletion, duplication, inversion and translocation – genetic and cytological implications. Chromosomal aberration: Variation in chromosomal aberration: Variation in chromosomal aberration: variation in chromosome and translocation – genetic and cytological implications. Chromosomal aberration: Variation in chromosome and translocation – genetic and cytological implications. Chromosomal aberration: variation in chromosome and translocation – genetic and cytological implications. Chromosomal aberration: variation in chromosome and translocation – genetic and cytological implications. Chromosomal aberration: variation in chromosome and translocation – genetic and cytological implications. Chromosomal aberration: variation in chromosome number – euploid, aneuploid, types of aneuploids and their origin; Klinefelter syndrome and Turner syndrome; Polyploid - auto and allopolyploids, their characters; meaning of genome; evolution of wheat, triticale, cotton, tobacco, *Brassica*

Unit II: Mendelian laws and modifications of Mendelian laws

Pre-Mendelian ideas about heredity – Vapour and fluid theory, Magnetic power theory, Preformation theory, Lamarck's theory, Darwin's theory, Germplasm theory and Mutation theory.Mendel's experiments and laws of inheritance.Rediscovery of Mendel's work.Terminologies: gene, allele, locus, homozygous, heterozygous, hemizygous, genotype, phenotype, monohybrid, dihybrid, trihybrid, polyhybrid.Chromosomal theory of inheritance.Allelic interactions – Dominance vs recessive, complete dominance, codominance, incomplete dominance,threshold characters.Deviation from Mendelian inheritance – Non allelic interaction without modification in Mendelian ratio – Bateson and Punnett's experiment on fowl comb shape. Non allelic interaction with modification in Mendelian ratio – i.) Dominant epistasis (12:3:1). ii.) Recessive epistasis(9:3:4) iii.) Duplicate and additive epistasis(9:6:1). iv.) Duplicate dominant epistasis(15:1). v) Duplicate recessive epistasis (9:7) vi.) Dominant and recessive epistasis (13:3); Summary of epistatic ratios (i)to (vi).Lethal genes, Pleiotrophy, penetrance and expressivity, Multiple alleles, blood group in human, coat colour in rabbits, self incompatibility in plants; pseudo alleles, isoalleles.

Unit III: Quantitative inheritance, Linkage and Crossing over

Quantitative inheritance – Multiple factor hypothesis – Nilsson Ehle experiment on wheat kernel colour.Polygenes – transgressive segregation, comparison of quantitatively and qualitatively inherited characters; modifiers; Linkage - coupling and repulsion; Experiment on Bateson and Punnet. Chromosomal theory of linkage of Morgan – Complete and incomplete linkage- Linkage group.Crossing over – significance of crossing over; cytological proof for crossing over - Stern's experiment - Factors controlling crossing over.Strength of linkage and recombination; Two point and three point test cross.Double cross over, interference and coincidence; genetic map, physical map.

Unit IV: Sex determination, sex linkage and cytoplasmic inheritance

Sex determination: Autosomes and sex chromosomes - chromosomal theory of sex determination - different types – sex determination in human, fowl, butterfly, grasshopper, honey bee, fumea; Sex determination in plants – *Melandrium*, papaya, maize.Genic balance theory of Bridges – Gynandromorphs.Sex linked inheritance – criss cross inheritance – reciprocal difference; holandric genes; sex influenced and sex limited inheritance - Genetic disorders.Cytoplasmic inheritance and maternal effects – features of cytoplasmic inheritance, chloroplast, mitochondrial - plastid colour in *Mirabilis jalapa* - cytoplasmic male sterility in maize, kappa particles of paramecium

Unit V: Modern concept of genetics and mutation

DNA, the genetic material – Griffith's experiment, Avery, McCleod and McCarthy Experiment – confirmation by Hershey and Chase; RNA as genetic material – Frankel, Conrat and Singer experiment.Structure of DNA –

Watson and Crick model. Proof for semi conservative method of DNA replication; Models of DNA replication; steps involved in DNA replication. RNA types - mRNA, tRNA, rRNA. Protein synthesis - Regulation of gene expression – Operon model of Jacob and Monad – Lac and Trp operons.Cistron,muton and recon.Mutation – characteristics of mutation – micro and macro mutation – ClB technique - molecular basis of mutation-Transition and transversion; major physical and chemical mutagens.

PRACTICAL

Study of microscopes – Preparation of fixatives and stains – pre treatment of materials for mitosis and meiosis – study of mitosis and meiosis. Study of genetic ratios of – monohybrid, dihybrid – incomplete dominance. Gene interaction - multiple alleles and multiple factors. Study of linkage, Estimation of strength of linkage and recombination frequency in three point test cross data and F_2 data – Drawing of genetic map – interference and coincidence.Studies on sex linked inheritance in Humans and Drosophila

Theory schedule

- Definition of genetics, heredity, inheritance, cytology, cytogenetics; Brief history of developments in genetics and cytogenetics.
- Physical basis of heredity: Structure and function of cell and cell organelles -
- Differences between Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes.Cell division mitosis
- Cell division meiosis and their significance
- Gametogenesis and syngamy in Plants- identical and fraternal twins
- Chromosome structure, chemical composition, nucleosome, centromere, telomere, euchromatin, heterochromatin, NOR, satellite chromosome, karyotype, ideogram
- Types of chromosomes based on position of centromere, based on structure and function: normal and special chromosomes polytene, lampbrush, Bchromosomes, ring and isochromosomes.
- Chromosomal aberration: Variation in chromosome structure deletion, duplication, inversion and translocation genetic and cytological implications.
- Chromosomal aberration: Variation in chromosome number euploid, aneuploid, types of aneuploids and their origin; Klinefelter syndrome and Turner syndrome;
- Polyploid auto and allopolyploids, their characters; meaning of genome; evolution of wheat, Triticale, cotton, tobacco, *Brassica*
- Pre-Mendelian ideas about heredity Vapour and fluid theory, Magnetic power theory, Preformation theory, Lamarck's theory, Darwin's theory, Germplasm theory and Mutation theory.
- Mendel's experiments and laws of inheritance. Rediscovery of Mendel's work
- 10. Terminologies: gene, allele, locus, homozygous, heterozygous, hemizygous, genotype, phenotype, monohybrid, dihybrid, trihybrid, polyhybrid.
- 11. Chromosomal theory of inheritance. Allelic interactions Dominance vs recessive, complete dominance, codominance, incomplete dominance,threshold characters
- Deviation from Mendelian inheritance Non allelic interaction without modification in Mendelian ratio Bateson and Punnett's experiment on fowl comb shape. Non allelic interaction with modification in Mendelian ratio – i.) Dominant epistasis (12:3:1)
- 13. ii.) Recessive epistasis(9:3:4) iii.) Duplicate and additive epistasis(9:6:1). iv.) Duplicate dominant epistasis(15:1)

14. Mid Semester Examination

- 15. v) Duplicate recessive epistasis (9:7) vi.) Dominant and recessive epistasis (13:3); Summary of epistatic ratios (i)to (vi).
- 16. Lethal genes, Pleiotrophy, penetrance and expressivity, Multiple alleles, blood group in humans, coat colour in rabbits, self incompatibility in plants; pseudo alleles, isoalleles.
- 17. Quantitative inheritance Multiple factor hypothesis Nilsson Ehle experiment on wheat kernel colour.
- 18. Polygenes transgressive segregation, comparison of quantitatively and qualitatively inherited characters; modifiers;
- 19. Linkage coupling and repulsion; Experiment on Bateson and Punnet
- 20. Chromosomal theory of linkage of Morgan Complete and incomplete linkage, Linkage group.

- 21. Crossing over significance of crossing over; cytological proof for crossing over Stern's experiment; Factors controlling crossing over.
- 22. Strength of linkage and recombination; Two point and three point test cross.
- 23. Double cross over, interference and coincidence; genetic map, physical map.
- 24. Sex determination: Autosomes and sex chromosomes chromosomal theory of sex determination different types sex determination in human, fowl, butterfly, grasshopper, honey bee, fumea; Sex determination in plants *Melandrium*, papaya, maize.
- 25. Genic balance theory of Bridges Gynandromorphs
- 26. Sex linked inheritance criss cross inheritance reciprocal difference; holandric genes; sex influenced and sex limited inheritance Genetic disorders
- 27. Cytoplasmic inheritance and maternal effects features of cytoplasmic inheritance, chloroplast, mitochondrial plastid colour in *Mirabilis jalapa* cytoplasmic male sterility in maize, kappa particles of paramecium
- 28. DNA, the genetic material Griffith's experiment, experiment of Avery, McCleod and McCarthy confirmation by Hershey and Chase; RNA as genetic material Frankel, Conrat and Singer experiment.
- 29. Structure of DNA Watson and Crick model Proof for semi conservative method of DNA replication; Models of DNA replication; steps involved in DNA replication.RNA types - mRNA, tRNA, rRNA – Protein synthesis
- 30. Regulation of gene expression Operon model of Jacob and Monad Lac and Trp operons. Cistron, muton and recon.
- 31. Mutation characteristics of mutation micro and macro mutation ClB technique molecular basis of mutation- Transition and transversion; major physical and chemical mutagens.

Practical Schedule

- 35. Use of microscopes
- 36. Principles of killing and fixing; preparation of stains and preservatives.
- 37. Study of behavior of chromosomes in mitosis.
- 38. Study of mitotic phases in root tips of onion / Aloe sp.
- 39. Procedure for fixing and observing different meiotic phases in the inflorescence of rice, maize
- 40. Procedure for fixing and observing different meiotic phases in the inflorescence in pearl millet, sorghum
- 41. Repetition of meiotic studies in maize/ sorghum/ pearl millet and making temporary and permanent slides.
- 42. Principles of dominance, recessive, back cross, test cross, incomplete dominance, codominance and lethal factor; Chi square test; Monohybrid genetic ratio with dominance, with incomplete dominance and test cross.
- 43. Dihybrid ratio with dominance, with incomplete dominance and test cross
- 44. Simple interaction of genes-comb character in fowls; Dominant epistasis.
- 45. Recessive epistasis, Duplicate and additive epistasis.
- 46. Duplicate dominant epistasis, Duplicate recessive epistasis, Dominant and recessive epistasis.
- 47. Multiple alleles and polygenic inheritance
- 48. Estimation of linkage with F₂ and test cross data; Coupling and repulsion.
- 49. Problems on three point test cross; Working out interference, coincidence and drawing genetic maps.
- 50. Studies on sex linked inheritance in Humans and Drosophila

51. Final Practical examination.

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- ^{5.} Benjamin Lewin. 2005. Genes IX Oxford University Press, Oxford.
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- Daniel Sundararaj, G. Thulasidas and M.StephenDorairaj, 1997. Introduction to Cytogenetics and Plant Breeding. Popular Book Depot, Chennai –15. Strickberger. M.W. 1996. Genetics. Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi. 7.
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AEX 201 Communication Skills and Personality Development (1+1)

Theory

Communication Skills: meaning and process of communication, verbal and nonverbal communication; listening and note taking, writing skills, oral presentation skills; field diary and lab record; indexing, footnote and bibliographic procedures. Reading and comprehension of general and technical articles, precise writing, summarizing, abstracting; individual and group presentations, impromptu presentation, public speaking; Group discussion. Organizing seminars and conferences.

- **Unit I** Communication Skills: meaning and process of communication, verbal and nonverbal communication
- **Unit II** Listening and note taking, writing skills, oral presentation skills; field diary and lab record; indexing, footnote and bibliographic procedures.
- Unit III Reading and comprehension of general and technical articles, precise writing, summarizing, abstracting

Unit IV Individual and group presentations, impromptu presentation, public speaking **Unit V** Group discussion. Organizing seminars and conferences.

Practical

Listening and note taking, writing skills, oral presentation skills; field diary and lab record; indexing, footnote and bibliographic procedures. Reading and comprehension of general and technical articles, precise writing, summarizing, abstracting; individual and group presentations

Theory Schedule

- 36. Communication meaning and process -Functions and Types of communication
- Communication models Aristotle, Shannon and Weaver, Schramm, Berlo Westly and Maclean, Leagan, Rogers and Shoemaker, Littererls model and Dance's Helical Model – Elements of communication – communication barriers
- 38. Verbal and Non verbal communication Verbal communication definition and meaning Verbal vs Oral communication – Types – Styles - Barriers to effective verbal communication ;
- 39. Non verbal communication definition and meaning Proxemics, Chronemics, Movement and body position, Posture, Facial Expression, Gestures and Eye Contact importance of non verbal communication
- 40. Listening Definition Listening vs Hearing Active listening Types of listening –Guidelines for effective listening Developing listening skills Barriers to listening Listening misconceptions
- 41. Writing skill Importance Effective writing Components of writing : Introduction , Audience and format ,Composition and style, Structure, Grammatical errors , Proofing and Conclusion Ways to improve writing skills Technical writing
- 42. Oral presentation skills Basics of effective oral presentation : Planning , preparing (Introduction, Body and conclusion), Delivery, Body language and Handling anxiety Strategies for giving oral presentation
- 43. Field diary Definition Components to be included Parts of field diary Field diary in social sciences
- 9. Lab record : Definition –Importance of keeping a lab record Features of a lab record Contents of lab record Guidelines for keeping a lab record

10. Mid semester examination

- 11. Indexing Definition Importance Types of indexing with advantages and limitations
- 12. Footnote and Bibliographic procedure : Footnote system of citation ; Bibliographic procedures : Citation in Text, Citation in Journal, Citation from Book(One author / Multiple authors), Citation from an Edited Book, Citation of Seminar/Conference Proceedings, Citation from Institutional Publication, Citing Government Publications, Abbreviations for Names of Journals, Paraphrasing, Abbreviations in citations (Art of publication)
- 13. Reading skills Definition Kinds of reading skills Critical reading skills Reading readiness skills-Guidelines for effective reading- Extensive reading- Intensive reading. Comprehension : Definition and meaning – Comprehension skills-Readability Index

- 14. Precise writing Derivation and Meaning Skills required Method or procedure Guidelines; Summarising – Meaning- Steps to write a summary
- 15. Abstracting : Definition Purpose of abstract Types of abstract Abstract Styles Steps for Writing Effective Abstracts- Some Do's Don'ts in preparing abstracts
- 16. Individual presentation Meaning Steps for individual presentation; Group presentation Meaning Stages of group presentation ; Impromptu presentation
- 17. Public speaking : meaning Points to be considered in public speaking Effective public speaking: Group Discussion: Meaning –Procedure – Advantages – Limitations ;Seminar Conferences : Definition and meaning – Steps in organizing seminar / conferences / symposium / workshop

Practical Schedule

- 10. Practicing active listening
- 11. Exercise on note taking methods
- 12. Exercise on technical writing and practicing proof correction
- 13. Practicing oral presentation
- 14. Exercise on writing field diary and Lab record
- 15. Visit to library and learn indexing
- 16. Exercise on preparing foot notes and citations
- 17. Practice on effective reading skills
- 18. Comprehension of technical article
- 19. Comprehension of general article
- 20. Exercise on precise writing
- 21. Practice on summarizing articles
- 22. Practice on preparing abstracts
- 14&15 Developing skill on individual presentation
- 14. Developing skill on group presentation
- 15. **Practical Examination**

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STA 201 Statistical Methods(1+1)

Theory Unit I: Descriptive Statistics

Basic concepts – statistics – variable – types and sources of data – classification and tabulation of data. Diagrammatic and graphical representation of data – simple, multiple, component and percentage bar diagrams, pie diagram – frequency polygon, frequency curve and histogram. Construction of frequency distribution tables.

Measures of central tendency: arithmetic mean, geometric mean, harmonic mean, median and mode – merits and demerits. Measures of dispersion: range, quartile deviation, mean deviation, standard deviation, and coefficient of variation – skewness and kurtosis – merits and demerits.

Unit II: Probability Distributions and Sampling Theory

Probability – basic concepts – additive and multiplicative laws (without proof). Probability distributions – Discrete distributions: Binomial and Poisson. Continuous distribution: Normal distribution – definitions and properties.

Sampling theory – population – sample – parameter and statistic – sampling distribution – sampling vs complete enumeration – Types of sampling – simple random sampling – selection of simple random sample using random number tables.

Unit III: Testing of hypotheses

Null and alternative hypothesis – types of errors – critical region and level of significance – degrees of freedom. Large sample test – single proportion and difference between two proportions – single mean and difference between two means.

Small sample tests – F-test – t-test for testing the significance of single mean – independent t test and paired t test – chi square test for goodness of fit – chi square test for testing the association of attributes by m x n contingency table – 2×2 contingency table – Yates' correction for continuity.

Unit IV: Correlation and Regression

Correlation – Scatter diagram – Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient definition – computation – types of correlation and properties. Regression – simple linear regression – fitting of simple linear regression equation – properties of regression coefficient.

Unit V: Analysis of Variance and Experimental Designs

Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) – assumptions – one way and two way classifications. Basic principles of experimental designs – Completely Randomized Design (CRD) – Randomized Block Design (RBD) – Latin Square Design (LSD) – lay out, analysis, merits and demerits of the above mentioned designs.

Practical

Formation of frequency distribution tables – Diagrammatic and graphical representation. Computation of different measures of central tendency and computation of various measures of dispersion for raw and grouped data – calculation of coefficient of variation (CV) – measures of skewness and kurtosis. Simple problems in Binomial distribution, Poisson and Normal distribution – Selection of simple random sampling. Large sample test for single proportion and difference between two proportions and Large sample test for single mean and difference between two means. t-test for single mean – t-test for testing the significance of two means for independent and paired samples – chi square test for goodness of fit and test for independence of two attributes in a contingency table – Yates correction for continuity

- calculation of the correlation coefficient – fitting of simple linear regression equation – One way and two way ANOVA – completely randomized design (CRD) – randomized block design (RBD) – Latin square design (LSD).

Theory Lecture Schedule
- 50. Basic concepts statistics variable types and sources of data classification and tabulation of data. Diagrammatic and graphical representation of data simple, multiple, component and percentage bar diagrams, pie diagram frequency polygon, frequency curve and histogram. Construction of frequency distribution tables.
- 51. Measures of Central Tendency meaning limitations properties mean, median mode geometric mean and harmonic mean for ungrouped and grouped data.
- 52. Measures of Dispersion meaning limitations properties range and mean deviation, Quartile deviation, standard deviation, variance and coefficient of variation for ungrouped and grouped data. Skewness and kurtosis types uses.
- 53. Probability basic concepts axioms mathematical and statistical probabilities additive and multiplicative laws (without proof). Theoretical discrete distributions Binomial and Poisson distribution and its applications.
- 54. Theoretical continuous distribution Normal distribution and its properties and importance standard normal distribution.
- 55. Sampling theory population sample sampling vs complete enumeration parameter and statistic need for sampling sampling distribution standard error.
- 56. Sampling methods probability sampling method simple random sampling Selection using random number tables and lottery method.
- 57. Tests of significance basic concepts null and alternative hypotheses critical region level of significance degrees of freedom.

58. Mid Semester Examination

- 8. Large sample test single proportion and difference between two proportions single mean and difference between two means
- 23. Small sample tests F-test t-test for testing the significance of single mean independent t test and paired t test
- 24. Chi square test for goodness of fit chi square test for testing the association of m x n contingency table -2×2 contingency table Yates' correction for continuity
- 35. Correlation Scatter diagram Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient definition computation types of correlation and properties.
- 36. Regression simple linear regression fitting of simple linear regression equation properties of regression coefficient.
- 37. Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) assumptions one way and two way classifications. Basic principles of experimental designs randomization, replication and local control.
- 38. Completely Randomized Design (CRD) Randomized Block Design (RBD).
- 39. Latin Square Design (LSD).

Practical schedule

- 23. Construction of frequency distribution tables.
- 24. Diagrammatic representation simple, multiple, component and percentage bar diagrams, pie diagram. Graphical representation frequency polygon, frequency curve and histogram.
- 25. Computation of arithmetic mean, geometric mean, harmonic mean, median and mode for ungrouped and grouped data.
- 26. Computation of range, standard deviation, variance, coefficient of variation for ungrouped and grouped data. Computation skewness and kurtosis for ungrouped and grouped data.
- 27. Simple problems in Binomial distribution and Poisson distribution.

- 28. Simple problems in Normal distribution.
- 29. Selection of simple random sample using simple random sampling method.
- 30. Large sample test test for single proportion and difference between two proportions.
- 31. Large sample test test for single mean and difference between two means.
- 25. Small samples test t-test for single mean independent t test for difference between two sample means (equal variances only) Paired t-test.
- 26. Chi square test for goodness of fit Chi square test for testing the association of attributes.
- 27. Computation of Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient.
- 28. Fitting of simple linear regression equation y on x.
- 29. One way ANOVA analysis of experimental data using Completely Randomised Design (CRD) (for equal replications only).
- 30. Two way ANOVA analysis of experimental data using Randomised Block Design (RBD).
- 31. Analysis of experimental data using Latin Square Design (LSD).

32. Final Practical Examination

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- 38. K.P. Dhamu and K. Ramamoorthy, 2007, Statistical Methods, Agrobios (India), Jodhpur.
- 39. R. Gangai Selvi and C. Kailasam, 2017, Applied Statistics, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 40. <u>K. M. Palaniswamy</u> and <u>Usha Palaniswamy</u>, 2006, Handbook of Statistics for Teaching and Research in Plant and Crop Science, , <u>IBDC Publishers</u>, <u>Lucknow</u>.

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- 20. http://www.iasri.res.in/design/analysis of data/analysis of data.html
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- 23. http://www.stattrek.com/
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- 25. http://www.stat-help.com/
- 18. www.statsci.org/jourlist.html

PAT 201 Principles of Plant Disease Management (1+1)

Theory

UNIT I: Epidemiology and Diagnosis of Plant Diseases: Classification of plant diseases - Disease triangle/ Disease Pyramid - Epidemiology of plant diseases- role of weather factors in disease development - survival and dispersal of plant pathogens- Disease surveillance, assessment and forecasting- Diagnosis of plant diseases- Seed health tests- chemodiagnosis, serodiagnosis and Molecular diagnosis

UNIT II: Principles - Avoidance & Exclusion : Avoidance- Role of cultural practices in plant disease management. Exclusion- Plant quarantine – domestic, International and Embargo - Phytosanitary certificate-Quarantine in India- Post Entry Quarantine- Exotic diseases introduced into India

UNIT III: Eradication : Eradication of pathogens from seed and Planting materials – Eradication of diseased plants- Surgery and Rouging – Eradication of Alternate and Collateral host- different methods of eradication-Mechanical, physical , chemical and Biological methods.

UNIT IV: Protection : Protection of crops from air borne, seed borne, soil borne and vector borne plant diseases-Physical methods- soil solarization, Hot water treatment, Incineration. Chemical control of plant diseases- fungicides- Different group of fungicides and antibiotics in plant disease management-Biological control of plant diseases - Plant products, Plant activators and Antiviral principles- method of application- plant protection appliances.

Unit V: Immunization and Biotechnological approaches: Immunization - cross protection and host plant resistance – Types of resistance - vertical and horizontal resistance – resistance breeding and Resistant varieties. Mechanism of resistance- structural and bio chemical resistance in plants -Biotechnological approaches for crop disease management.

Practical

Survey and Assessment of important plant diseases- Diagnosis of Plant diseases- Classification and grouping of fungicides- Preparation of Bordeaux mixture (1%) and Bordeaux paste (10%), Calculation of fungicides quantity and methods of application of fungicides – Special methods of application. Mass multiplication of *Trichoderma viride, Pseudomons fluorescens* and *Bacillus subtilis* and method of application-Preparation of leaf extracts, oil emulsion of neem and antiviral principles. Cross protection-Tissue culture –meristem tip culture technique. Visit to commercial biocontrol production unit/seed Testing Laboratory and pesticide testing laboratory

Theory lecture schedule

- 11. Plant diseases Abiotic , Biotic diseases, Classification based on mode of infection, multiplication of inoculum , spread, symptoms, occurrence & Distribution
- 9. Epidemiology Disease triangle/ Disease Pyramid Role of weather factors in plant disease development. Boom and burst cycle in disease outbreak
- 10. Survival and dispersal of Plant Pathogens
- 11. Disease surveillance –Different methods- surveillance report-Disease surveillance programme in Tamil Nadu.
- 12. Assessment of Plant Diseases- different methods- Measurement of disease growth rate by Area under disease Progressive curve (AUDPC)
- 13. Diagnosis of plant diseases-Seed health tests, Chemodiagnosis, serodiagnosis and Molecular diagnosis
- 14. Exclusion- Plant quarantine domestic, International and Embargo -phytosanitary certificate-Quarantine in India. Post entry quarantine. Exotic diseases introduced into India.
- 15. Role of cultural practices in plant disease management- Different methods of Eradication of Plant Diseases

16. Mid semester examination

17. Protection – Physical methods of protection- Chemical fungicides – Ideal characters- formulations and adjuvants

- 18. Sulphur and Copper fungicides,- classification -Phytotoxicity, mode of action and uses
- 19. Mercury fungicides, Heterocyclic Nitrogen compounds, Organo tin, Quinone, Benzene and Miscellaneous compounds, Mode of action and Uses
- 20. Systemic fungicides including antibiotics classification mode of action uses. New generation fungicides, Plant activators/ SAR inducing chemicals in Plant disease management
- 21. Methods of application of fungicides: seed treatment, foliar spray, soil drenching and special methods of application
- 22. Biological control Definition mechanism of action Mass production of *Trichoderma viride*, *Pseudomonas fluorescens & Bacillus subtilis* methods of application Plant products antiviral principles preparation methods of application
- 23. Disease Resistance- Types- Resistant varieties. Methods of developing resistant varieties-Mechanisms of resistance- structural and bio chemical resistance in plants- cross protection
- 24. Biotechnological approaches in plant diseases management: Tissue culture techniques- meristem tip culture, somoclonal variation and transgenic plant production by genetic engineering.

Practical Schedule

35.Survey and Assessment of important plant diseases

36.Diagnosis of Plant diseases: Tetrazolium test, Iodine test, ELISA test and Ooze test, paraquat test

- 37. Seed health tests for diagnosis of seed borne pathogens dry seed examination, seed washing, Blotter tests
- 38. Classification and grouping of fungicides.
- 39. Preparation of Bordeaux mixture (1%) and Bordeaux paste (10%),
- 40. Calculation of spray fluid and methods of application of fungicides Seed (wet and dry) soil, foliar and post harvest dipping.
- 41. Special methods of application: swabbing, acid delinting, pseudostem injection, capsule application
- 42. Special methods of application: Corm injection, Paring and prolinage, root feeding and trunk injection.
- 43. In vitro assay of fungicides against fungal pathogens
- 44. In vitro assay of biocontrol agents and their compatibility with agrochemicals
- 45. Trichoderma viride Mass production and methods of application
- 23. Pseudomons fluorescens and Bacillus subtilis -Mass production & methods of application
- 24. Visit to commercial biocontrol production unit /seed and pesticide testing laboratories
- 25. Preparation of leaf extracts, oil emulsion of neem and antiviral principles.
- 26. Cross protection: production of pre immunized citrus seedlings against tristeza virus.
- 27. Tissue culture Production of virus free plants through meristem tip culture technique.

28. Practical Examination

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- 28. Dale Walters (2009). Disease control in crops. Blackwell Publishing Ltd, UK

AEN 202 MANAGEMENT OF BENEFICIAL AND HARMFUL INSECTS (2+1)

Theory

Unit I: Classification of insects based on economic importance - <u>Apiculture - Bee species - comparison- castes of bees, bee behaviour and bee dance; Apiary management practices - bee pasturage, foraging, seasonal variations; Bee products - properties and uses; Effect of agricultural inputs on bee activity - pesticide poisoning.</u>

Unit II: <u>Moriculture; Silkworm rearing;</u> Lac insect- biology-strains-natural enemies of lac insect and lac products; Weed killers, pollinators, scavengers and soil builders; Balance of life in nature – population dynamics – role of abiotic and biotic factors. Life table – interspecific and intraspecific relationships

Unit III: Pests – definition and categories – pest outbreak – factors governing pest outbreak – pest monitoring, surveillance and forecasting. Economic Threshold Level – Economic Injury Level-<u>Integrated Pest Management – history, principles and strategies – requirements for successful pest management programme; Cultural, physical, mechanical, ecological engineering methods and host plant resistance in pest management</u>

Unit IV: Parasitoids, predators and microbial agents in pest management. <u>Legal methods – definition – pest introductions – quarantine – phytosanitary certificate – pest legislation</u>. Pesticides – history, classification – mode of action of insecticides. Pesticides compatibility, safety and hazards in the use of pesticides – pesticide poisoning - impact of pesticides in agro-ecosystem.

Unit V:Insecticide act. Insecticides residues and resistance. Semiochemicals – allomones – kairomones – pheromones- semiochemicals in pest management. Sterile male technique – chemosterilants, insect growth regulators – moult inhibitors – Juvenile Hormone mimics – antifeedants and repellents. Natural pesticides. Biotechnology in pest management. Bio safety of transgenic plants. Impact of global warming on pests. <u>Bio-intensive/Bio-rational/ Eco-friendly Integrated Pest Management – Indigenous/traditional technologies in Integrated Pest Management</u>

Practical

Identification, morphology and structural adaptations in honey bees. Bee keeping appliances, bee enemies and diseases. Sericulture. Lac insect-life history, hosts and culturing of lac, natural enemies and lac products. Study of useful insects- Pollinators, weed killers, scavengers and soil builders. Symptoms and types of damage caused by insect pests. Assessment of insect population and their damage in field crops. Cultural, mechanical and physical control of insects. Identification and mass culturing of different types of parasitoids, predators and entomopathogens. Behavioral approaches in pest management – Pheromone traps, light traps, sticky traps and others. Pesticide formulations and toxicity parameters. Pesticide application techniques. Preparation of spray fluids and botanicals for field application. Plant protection appliances.

Theory lecture schedule:

- 1. Economic classification of insects
- 2. <u>Bee species comparison castes of bees bee behaviour and bee dance</u>
- 3. <u>Apiary management practices bee pasturage foraging seasonal variations.</u>
- 4. <u>Bee products their properties and uses</u>
- 5. Effect of agricultural inputs on bee activity pesticide poisoning
- 6. Ecological requirements for mulberry cultivation soil type mulberry varieties Methods of propagation – merits and demerits – selection of semi hard wood cuttings
- 7. Pests and diseases of mulberry
- Types of silkworm Mulberry silkworm origin classification based on voltinism, moultinism, geographical distribution and genetic nature - Characters of multivoltine races, bivoltine races, cross breeds and bivoltine hybrids - double hybrids - suitability for rearing in different seasons.
- 9. Morphology and biology of silkworm sexual dimorphism in immature and adult stages silkworm genetics chromosome number sex limited characters in egg, larva and cocoon for grainage use.
- 10. Lac insect- biology-strains-Natural enemies of lac insect and lac products
- 11. Weed killers, pollinators, scavengers and soil builders
- 12. Insect ecology definition balance of life in nature reproductive potential and environmental

resistance

- 13. <u>Population dynamics role of biotic factors competition parasitoids and predators. Life table –</u> <u>Interspecific and intraspecific relationship</u>
- 14. <u>Abiotic factors physical, nutritional and host plant associated factors on insect population.</u>
- 15. <u>Pests definition, categories and causes for outbreak of pests. Losses caused by pests</u>
- 16. <u>Pest monitoring pest surveillance and forecasting objectives, survey, sampling techniques and decision making. Economic Threshold Level and Economic Injury Level. Factors influencing Economic Injury Level and Economic Threshold Level</u>
- 17. <u>Midsemester examination</u>
- 18. <u>Integrated Pest Management history, principles and strategies requirements for successful pest</u> <u>management programme. Components of pest management</u>
- 19. <u>Cultural methods definition characteristics, requisites farm level practices and community level practices, advantages and disadvantages-</u> Ecological Engineering <u>in pest management</u>
- 20. <u>Physical methods definition use of heat, moisture, light, electromagnetic energy and sound energy –</u> <u>Mechanical methods – definition – mechanical destruction and exclusion – merits and demerits</u>
- 21. Host plant resistance types and mechanisms of resistance and role of host plant resistance in pest management
- 22. Biological control definition, parasitoids and predators and their role in pest management
- 23. Microbial control viruses, bacteria, fungi, protozoa and nematodes and their role in pest management
- 24. Legal methods definition pest introductions quarantine phytosanitary certificate pest legislation
- 25. <u>Chemical control definition history of insecticide development toxicity parameters ideal qualities</u> of an insecticide
- 26. <u>Classification of insecticides based on mode of entry, mode of action and chemical nature</u>
- 27. <u>Mode of action of organophosphates, carbamates, synthetic pyrethroids, neonicotinoids, diamides and avermectins</u>
- 28. <u>Pesticide compatibility, safety and hazards pesticide poisoning antidotes safe handling impact of pesticides on agroecosystems</u>
- 29. <u>Insecticides Act 1968 insecticide residues and waiting periods, role of pesticides in pest management, insecticide resistance management</u>
- Semiochemicals definition intraspecific semiochemicals allomone, kairomone, synomone and apneumone - Interspecific semiochemicals – pheromone, sex pheromone, alarm and trail marking pheromone. Pheromones in Integrated Pest Management
- 31. <u>Sterility methods definition principles methods requirements and limitaitons</u>
- 32. <u>Insect growth regulators moult inhibitors Juvenile Hormone mimics mode of action and uses. Insect antifeedants and repellents mode of action, groups and uses</u>
- 33. Botanicals and Biotechnological approaches in pest management bio safety of transgenic plants
- 34. <u>Impact of global warming on pests. Integrated Pest Management : Issues and options. Bio-intensive/Bio-rational/ Eco-friendly Integrated Pest Management Indigenous/traditional technologies in Integrated Pest Management</u>

Practical schedule:

- 1. Identification, morphology and structural adaptations in honey bees
- 2. Bee keeping appliances, bee enemies and diseases
- 3. Mulberry nursery bed preparation methods of planting Pruning methods leaf / shoot harvest– preservation of leaves.
- 4. Identification of damage symptoms of insects, diseases and nematodes of mulberry
- 5. Chawki rearing and shoot rearing
- 6. Lac insect-life history, hosts and culturing of lac, natural enemies and lac products
- 7. Study of useful insects-Pollinators, weed killers, scavengers and soil builders
- 8. Symptoms and types of damage caused by insect pests, Assessment of insect population and their damage in rice, cotton and brinjal

- 9. Cultural, mechanical and physical control of insects
- 10. Identification and mass culturing of different types of parasitoids
- 11. Identification and mass culturing of different types of predators
- 12. Identification and mass production of entomopathogens
- 13. Behavioral approaches in pest management Pheromone traps, light traps, sticky traps and others
- 14. Pesticide formulations and toxicity parameters
- 15. Pesticide application techniques, Preparation of spray fluids and botanicals for field application
- 16. Plant protection appliances
- 17. Final Practical examination

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- 2. Dhaliwal, G.S. and R.Arora. 2001. Integrated Pest Management Concepts and approaches. Kalyani publishers, New Delhi. 427p. {ISBN: 81-7663-904-4}
- 3. Dandin, S.B., J.Jayaswal and K. Giridhar.2003. *Hand book of Sericulture Technologies*. Central Silk Board, Bangalore, 287 p.

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AGR 203 Crop Production Technology- II (Rabi crops) (1+1)

Theory

Unit I : Cereals

Wheat, barley, Oats - Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.

Unit II : Pulses

Chickpea, lentil, peas - Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.

Unit – III Oilseeds

Rapeseed, mustard and sunflower- Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.

Unit -IV: Sugar Crops

Sugarcane - Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.

Unit V: Forage crops

Berseem, Lucerne, Fodder maize : Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices.

Practical:

Identification of rabi cereals, pulses, oilseeds, sugarcane, and forage crops - nursery preparation and management for sugarcane - main field preparation; Seed treatment techniques - Sowing and manuring

35. Seeding equipment's - Estimation of population - After cultivation practices - Study of growth and yield parameters and yield estimation, harvesting of above crops; Fodder preservation techniques - Silage and hay making, Cost and returns - Visit to institutes and industries - Farmers' fields

Lecture Schedule:

- 17. Wheat- Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement,
- 18. Wheat varieties, cultural practices and yield.
- 19. Barley and oats Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.
- 20. Chickpea- Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.
- 21. Lentil and peas Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.
- 22. Peas Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.
- 23. Rapeseed and Mustard Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, Classification , soil and climatic requirement, varieties
- 24. Rapeseed and mustard cultural practices, yield.

25. Mid semester examination

- 26. Sunflower- Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.
- 21. Sugarcane Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties,
- 22. Sugarcane cultural practices and yield.
- 23. Sugarcane- package of practices for SSI
- 24. Sugarcane Crop logging, maturity and ripening
- 25. Sugarcane Gur manufacture , Value addition and byproduct utilization.
- 26. Berseem and Lucerne Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.

- 27. Fodder maize Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.
- 19. Identification of rabi crops and recording their importance in the crop cafeteria.
- 20. Acquiring skill in field preparation, sowing and manuring of rabi crops under pure and intercropping situations.
- 21. Acquiring skill in different seed treatment techniques and foliar nutrition of rabi crops.
- 22. Estimation of plant population per unit area for rabi crops.
- 23. Nursery preparation for Sugarcane.
- 24. Acquiring skill in after cultivation practices in sugarcane detrashing, and Propping.
- 25. Study on growth parameters of sugarcane.
- 26. Study on yield parameters and estimation of yield in sugarcane.
- 27. Study on yield parameters and estimation of yield in rabi crops.
- 28. Estimating Cost and returns of important rabi crops.
- 29. Visit to Sugarcane Breeding Institute/ Research Station to study cultivation of sugarcane and its by products.
- 30. Visit to nearby sugar mill, for observing juice extraction, quality assessment, sugar manufacture and by products.
- 31. Silage making.
- 32. Practicing field preparation and sowing Lucerne.
- 33. Practicing field preparation and sowing for fodder maize.
- 34. Visit to Wheat research station, Wellington to study rabi crops wheat, barley, rye, oats.
- 35. Practical Examination.

References:

Rajendra Prasad. 2012. Text Book on Field Crop Production, Indian Council of Agrl. Research, New Delhi. Ahlawat, I.P.S., Om Prakash and G.S. Saini. 2010. Scientific Crop Production in India. Rama publishing

House, Meerut

Chidda Singh, Prem Singh and Rajbir Singh. 2011. Modern Techniques of Raising Field Crops. Oxford and IBH Pub. Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

Reddy, S.R. 2012. Agronomy of field crops. Kalyani publishers, New Delhi.

Crop production guide.2012. Directorate of Agriculture, Chennai

ICAR 2015. Hand book of Agriculture. Indian Council of Agricuture, New Delhi

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- 2. http://fibre.tn.nic.in,
- 3. www.tnau.ac.in/agriportal

AGR 204 Farming System and Sustainable Agriculture (1+1)

Theory :

Unit - I: Cropping System

Cropping systems - Definition - Principles - Concepts - Classification - mono cropping - intensive cropping

6. cropping systems of India and Tamil Nadu - Interaction between different cropping systems - Cropping system management - Resource management - land, nutrient, water and weed.

Unit - II: Evaluation of Cropping System

Index for evaluation of cropping systems - Land use - yield advantages - Economic evaluation - sustainability.

Unit - III: Farming System

Farming systems - Definition - Principles - Concepts - Enterprises selection and management - interaction between different enterprises with cropping - scope and advantages of Integrated Farming system - Integrated farming system models for different agro eco-systems - interaction between enterprises.

Unit - IV: Evaluation of Farming System

Resource recycling in IFS - Evaluation indicators of integrated farming system - LEISA & HEIA - concepts and principles - Conservation agriculture - principles, concept and scope.

Unit - V: Resource and labour management in farming system

Resource management under constraint situation - Cost reduction strategies in crop production - Nonmonetary inputs and low cost technologies - Labour management - farming system and environment.

Practical:

Preparation of cropping scheme - working out input requirements for crops, cropping systems - preparation of calendar of operations for wetland, irrigated upland and dry land cropping system - visit to cropping system experiments - working out indices for evaluation of cropping systems - visit to different units: dairy, goat, poultry, fishery. Mushroom, sericulture and biogas - study on evaluation indicators on farming system - preparation of integrated farming system models for different eco-systems - on farm field visit - analysis of farming system models.

Lecture Schedule

- 11. Cropping system: Definition, Principles and basic concepts.
- 12. Classification of cropping system Mono cropping, intensive cropping, multiple cropping, mixed cropping.
- 3 Major cropping systems prevailing in India and Tamil Nadu for different agro eco systems.
- 16. Complementary and competitive interaction in different cropping system light, nutrient, water and weed.
- 17. Cropping system management: agronomic requirement for crops and cropping system selection of crops and varieties, tillage and land shaping, plant population and crop geometry.
- 18. Cropping system management: agronomic requirement for crops and cropping system water management, soil fertility management and plant protection.
- 19. Indices for evaluation of cropping system land use, yield advantage and economics.
- 20. Farming system: definition, principles and concepts and factors influencing choice and size of enterprises

26. Mid Semester Examination.

- 27. Scope and advantages of integrated farming system.
- 28. Allied enterprises for wetland, irrigated upland and dryland selection and management and their interaction.
- 29. Resource recycling in integrated farming system.
- 30. Integrated Farming System evaluation indicators.
- 31. Integrated farming system models for wetland, irrigated upland and dryland eco system.
- 32. LEISA and HEIA principles and concepts and Labour management in integrated farming system.

- 33. Conservation agriculture and environmental impact of integrated farming system.
- 34. Cost reduction technologies and non monetary inputs in integrated farming system.

Practical Schedule:

- 54. Visit to cropping system experiments in wetland.
- 55. Visit to cropping system experiments in irrigated upland and dryland.
- 56. Preparation of cropping scheme for wetland and working out input requirement.
- 57. Preparation of cropping scheme for irrigated upland and working out input requirement.
- 58. Calendar of operations for wet land and irrigated upland cropping system.
- 59. Working out indices for evaluating the cropping system land use, yield advantage.
- 60. Working out indices for evaluating the cropping system Economics, sustainability.
- 61. Visit to dairy, goat and poultry units.
- 62. Visit to mushroom unit.
- 63. Visit to sericulture and biogas unit.
- 64. Preparation of integrated farming system models : wetland eco-system.
- 65. Preparation of integrated farming system models : irrigated upland and dryland eco systems.
- 66. Resource recycling in integrated farming system models of different eco systems.
- 67. Evaluation of integrated farming system models : wetland eco-system.
- 68. Evaluation of integrated farming system models : irrigated upland and dryland eco systems.
- 69. On-farm visit to cropping fields and integrated farming system units.
- 70. Practical examination.

References:

- 1. Palaniappan, SP and K. Sivaraman.1996. Cropping systems in the tropics Principles and management.
- 2. New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Jayanthi, C. Devasenapathy, P and C. Vennila. 2007. Farming Systems. Principles and practices. Satish Serial Publishing House.Delhi.
- S.C. Panda. 2003. Cropping and Farming Systems. Agrobios Publishers. Jodhpur. Jana, B.L. 2014. Farming Systems. Agrotech Publishing Academy, Udaipur Shagufta. 2015. Cropping and Farming Systems. APH Publishing Corporation

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SAC 202 Problematic Soils and their Management (2+0)

Theory

Unit-I

Soil quality and health, Distribution of Waste land and problem soils in India and Tamil Nadu.

Categorization of waste lands based on properties.

Unit-II

Characteristics, reclamation and management of soil physical and chemical constraints - Eroded and Compacted soils, Flooded soils, Saline and sodic soils, Acid soils, Acid Sulphate soils, degraded alkali soils and Polluted soils. Effect of salts on soil and plants.

Unit-III

Remote sensing and GIS in assessment and management of problem soils. Irrigation water – quality and standards. Utilization of saline water in agriculture.

Unit-IV

Multipurpose tree species, bio remediation of soils through MPTs, land capability classification, land suitability classification. Problematic soils under different Agro ecosystems - Soil fertility improvement through carbon build up.

Lecture Schedule:

15. Soil health - Definition - Soil Quality Indices - Physical indicators

- 16. Soil Quality Indices Chemical and biological indicators
- 17. Distribution of waste lands and problem soils in India and Tamil Nadu
- 18. Categorization of waste lands based on properties
- 19. Soil physical constraints slow permeable, excessively permeable soils and fluffy paddy soils Characteristics and management
- 20. Soil crusting, soil compaction, sub soil hard pan, sand dunes and shallow soils characteristics and management
- 21. Eroded soil Genesis, types and characteristics: water- sheet, rill, gully, ravines, wind Aeolian, loess, saltation, suspension, soil creep
- 18. Universal soil loss equation and erosion control measures
- 19. Flooded soils Formation, characteristics and management
- 20. Acid soil and acid sulphate soil Genesis and characteristics.
- 18. Lime requirement of acid soil, liming materials, reclamation and management of acid soil
- 19. Formation and classification of Saline, Sodic and saline sodic soils
- 20. Effects of Salts on soils- Physical: Clay swelling and Dispersion, permeability, Infiltration, Crust, Water

transmission. Chemical: pH and EC. Biological : Microbial activity.

- 21. Effects of Salts on plants Plants response to saline and sodic conditions, Factors affecting salt tolerance, crop response to salinity, ratings of crop salt tolerance.
- 22. Salts and plant mineral nutrition- Salinity and nutritional effects: Salinity and N, P, K, Ca, Mg, S, and Micronutrients. Alkalinity and nutritional effects.
- 23. Saline, Sodic, saline sodic, and degraded alkali soils- characteristics and their management
- 8. Saline soil-reclamation Leaching requirement. Sodic soil reclamation -gypsum requirement calculations.

9. Mid semester examination

- 10. Polluted soils- industrial effluent s- Characteristics, reclamation and management
- 11. Polluted soils- mine spoils- Characteristics, reclamation and management
- 12. Irrigation water quality and standards EC, SAR, RSC, RSBC SSP, PSI and PS
- 13. Irrigation water quality and standards -USDA system and specific ion toxicity-USSL system
- 14. Factors affecting suitability of irrigation water and Management of poor quality water in agriculture
- 15. Remote sensing and GIS in assessment of wastelands and problem soils

- 16. Remote sensing and GIS in monitoring and management of wastelands and problem soils
- 17. Multipurpose tree species for waste lands and problem soils
- 18. Bio remediation through MPTs of soils
- 19. MPTs Nutrient cycling under waste lands and problem soils
- 20. Land capability and classification
- 21. Land suitability classification
- 22. Problematic soils under different Agro ecosystems- coastal salinity, inland salinity
- 23. Problematic soils under different Agro ecosystems- marshy, swampy soils, red sand dunes (Theri soils) Tsunami affected soils.
- 24. Agricultural Ecosystem services- Soil fertility improvement in problem soils
- 25. Potential of agro forestry systems in management of problem soils
- 26. Carbon sequestration and its role in problem soil management

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- 29. Gupta, S.K. and I.C. Gupta 2014. Salt affected soils: Reclamation and Management. Scientific Publishers.
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HOR 212 Production Technology for Ornamental Crops, MAPs and Landscaping (1+1)

Theory

Unit I: Landscaping

Importance and scope of ornamental crops landscaping. Principles of landscaping. Landscape uses of trees, shrubs and climbers.

Unit II: Production technology of cut flower crops under protected conditions

Production technology of important cut flowers like rose, gerbera, carnation, lilium and orchids under protected conditions

Unit III: Production technology of flowers under open conditions and value addition in ornamental crops

Production technology of important cut flowers like gladiolus, tuberose, chrysanthemum under open conditions. Package of practices for loose flowers like marigold and jasmine under open conditions. Processing and value addition in ornamental crops.

Unit IV: Production technology of medicinal crops

Medicinal crops- importance and scope – current status - soil and climate – varieties – propagation– planting methods – nutrient, irrigation and organic practices – harvest – post-harvest handling – storage, packaging of Periwinkle, Asparagus, Aloe, Costus, Isabgol, Glory lily, extraction and value addition of medicinal crops.

Unit V: Production technology of aromatic crops

Aromatic crops - importance and scope – current status -- soil and climate – varieties – propagation– planting methods – nutrient, irrigation and organic practices – harvest – post-harvest handling – storage, packaging of Ocimum, Mint, Geranium, Citronella, Lemon grass, Palmarosa and Vetiver – Distillation of oil and value addition.

Practical

Identification of Ornamental plants. Nursery bed preparation and seed sowing. Training and pruning of Ornamental plants. Planning and layout of garden. Protected structures – care and maintenance. Intercultural operations in flowers. Harvesting and post harvest handling of cut and loose flowers. Visit to commercial flower unit.

Medicinal and Aromatic Plants

Identification of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants- varieties-propagation-special practices - nutrient management, extraction and distillation of essential oil - Periwinkle, Asparagus, Aloe, Costus, Isabgol, Glory lily, Ocimum, Mint, Geranium, Citronella, Lemon grass, ,Palmarosa and Vetiver – visit to commercial medicinal and aromatic plants fields and processing units

Theory lecture schedule

- 31. Importance and scope of ornamental crops and landscaping.
- 32. Principles of landscaping
- 33. Landscape uses of trees, shrubs and climbers.
- 34. Production technology of cut rose under protected conditions
- 2 Production technology of gerbera and carnation under protected conditions
- 3 Production technology of lilium and orchids under protected conditions
- 4 Production technology of gladiolus and tuberose under open conditions
- 5 Production technology of chrysanthemum and marigold under open conditions
- 6 Mid Semester Examination.
- 7 Production technology of jasmine under open conditions.
- 8 Processing and value addition in ornamental crops.
- 9 Scope and Importance of medicinal & aromatic crops- current status conservation methods

- 10 Periwinkle, Asparagus and Aloe varieties -- soil and climate propagation- sowing and planting, nutrient, water management harvest and processing
- 11 Costus, Isabgol and Glory lily Propagation- soil and climate propagation and planting- standards pollination-nutrient, irrigation management harvest, yield and processing
- 12 Ocimum, Mint, Geranium varieties soil and climate- propagation planting nutrient, water management harvest distillation of essential oil
- 13 Citronella, Lemon grass, Palmarosa and Vetiver varieties soil and climate- propagation planting nutrient- water and weed management harvest- distillation of essential oil.
- 14 Processing and value addition in medicinal and aromatic plants.

Practical schedule

- 18. Identification, planting, care and maintenance of trees, shrubs and climbers used in garden
- 19. Identification of varieties in cut flowers under protected conditions.
- 20. Identification of varieties in flowers under open conditions.
- 21. Practices of nursery bed preparation, seed sowing in ornamental plants.
- 22. Training and pruning and intercultural operations in Ornamental plants
- 23. Planning and layout of garden.
- 24. Protected structures care and maintenance.
- 25. Harvesting and post harvest handling of cut and loose flowers.
- 26. Identification of medicinal and aromatic plants -economic parts
- 27. Propagation techniques, planting, cultural operations in Periwinkle, Asparagus and Aloe.
- 28. Propagation techniques, planting, cultural operations in Costus, Isabgol and poppy.
- 29. Propagation techniques, planting, cultural operations in Ocimum, Mint, Geranium
- 30. Propagation techniques, planting, cultural operations in lemon grass, palmarosa, vetiver and citronella
- 31. Extraction and distillation of medicinal & Aromatic crops.
- 32. Visit to commercial floriculture and floral oil extraction units
- 33. Visit to commercial medicinal and aromatic crops field and extraction unit.

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- 16 Bhattacharjee, S.K and De L.C (2005) Medicinal Herbs & Flowers, Aarishkar, Jaipur.
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- 19 Ravindrasharma (2004) Agro techniques of Medicinal plants. Daya publishing, New Delhi.
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- 4. http://www.pubmed.com
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- 6. http://www.indiaagronet.com/
- 7. http://www.intuxford.tripod.com/
- 8. http://www.lawngrasses.com/
- 9. <u>http://www.frlht.org</u>
- 10. www.herbs.org

ANM 201 INTRODUCTORY NEMATOLOGY (0+1) SYLLABUS

PRACTICAL

Usage and handling of microscopes (binocular, trinocular, zoom and compound microspores) -Soil and root sampling – Extraction of active nematodes and cysts from soil and roots (Cobb's sieving and decanting technique, Baermann funnel technique, conical flask technique, Sugar floatation technique, Fenwick can method, Incubation and Blender technique) – Nematode processing techniques (preservation, slow and rapid method of processing, making semi permanent and permanent slides) – Morpholoy of orders *Tylenchida (Hoplolaimus)*, and *Dorylaimida* (*Xiphinema*) – Identification of important nematodes (*Tylenchorhynchus*, *Helicotylenchus*, *Pratylenchus*, *Hirschmanniella*. *Hemicriconemoides* / *Criconema Heterodera* / *Globodera*, *Tylenchulus*, and *Aphelenchoides*) – Life stages of sedentary and migratory endoparasites – symptoms of important nematode diseases – Nematicides and their application – Biocontrol agents-bacteria and fungi.

PRACTICAL

- 1. Soil and root sampling. Extraction of nematodes by Cobb's sieving method; Baermann funnel Technique and modified Baermann funnel technique.
- 2. Extraction of nematodes by sugar flotation technique; Extraction of cysts by conical flask technique and fenwick can method.
- Extraction of nematodes from roots and staining of roots infested with endoparasitic and semi endoparasitic nematodes.
- 4. Preservation of nematodes and preparation of temporary and permanent slides.
- 5. Observing morphology of the order Tylenchida (Hoplolaimus) and Dorylaimida (Xiphinema, Longidorus).
- 6. Identification of nematodes *Tylenchorhynchus*, *Helicotylenchus*.
- 7. Identification of nematodes Pratylenchus, Hirschmanniella.
- 8. Identification of nematodes Hemicriconemoides Criconema, Heterodera Globodera.
- 9. Identification of nematodes Tylenchulus, Aphelenchoides.
- 10. Study of life stages of Meloidogyne, Rotylenchulus.
- 11. Study of life stages of Radopholus.
- 12. Study of Entomopathogenic nematodes
- 13. Study of life stages of Nematodes diseases of rice (White tip and rice root nematode)
- 14. Damage caused by root knot and reniform nematodes indifferent crops.
- 15. Symptoms of damage caused by citrus nematode; the lesion nematode and the burrowing nematode of banana.
- 16. Study of types of nematicides, application methods and calculation of dosages; study of biocontrol agents.
- 17. Practical examination.

NST 201 Fundamentals and Applications of Nanotechnology (1+0)

Theory

Unit I - Principles of Nanoscience (4 Lecture) : History, definition, terminologies in nanoscience -Importance of Moore's law- Introduction to nanomaterials – Semiconductor – Diode – Quantum Dots- Buckyball - CNT - Polymers- types – PLGA – coreshell nanoparticles - micelle -Introduction to nanobiosensor- types- properties and applications

Unit II - Synthesis of Nanomaterials (3 Lectures): Top-down and bottom-up approaches - Physical, Mechanical, Chemical and Biological synthesis of nanomaterials

Unit III - Properties and Characterization of Nanomaterials (4 Lectures): Physical, Mechanical, optical, magnetic, thermal and electrical properties – Characterization – SEM, TEM, AFM, FT-IR, XRD

Unit IV - Application of Nanotechnology (2 Lectures) : Agriculture and Food Systems

Unit V - Application of Nanotechnology (3 Lectures): Energy, Environment, Health – Social, Economic and Ethical issues – Nanotoxicology

Lecture schedule

Unit 1 Principles of Nanoscience (4 lectures)

- 1. History, definition, terminology in nanoscience and importance of Moore's law.
- 2. Nanomaterials Semiconductor Diode Quantum Dots Buckyball CNT - characteristics Applications
- 3. Polymers Types PLGA Coreshell nanoparticles Micelles characteristics Applications
- 4. Biosensors Principle, Components, Types, Applications

Unit 2 Synthesis of Nanomaterials (3 lectures)

- Top down and Bottom up approaches Physical method, Physical Vapour Deposition (PVD), Etching - Molecular Beam Epitoxy – Sputtering – Lithography - Mechanical synthesis - Ball milling – Types - Mechanical alloying
- 6. Chemical synthesis Sol-gel Method Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD) electro-deposition- thin film
- 7. Biological synthesis using Microorganisms and Plants

Unit 3 Properties and Characterization of Nanomaterials (4 lectures)

- 8. Mechanical, magnetic and thermal properties of nanomaterials
- 9. Optical and electrical properties of nanomaterials

10. *Principle, components and application of nanotechnology equipments*: Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM) and Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM)

11. *Principle, components and application of nanotechnology equipments*: X-ray Diffraction (XRD) – Fourier Transform Infra Red Spectroscopy (FT-IR) – Atomic Force Microscope (AFM)

Unit 4 Applications of Nanotechnology in Agriculture & Food Systems (2 Lectures)

12. Agriculture – Nano fertilizers – Nano-herbicides – Nano-pesticides – Seed technology

13. Nanotechnology in Food Systems – Nano foods, Nano-encapsulation of functional foods, Nano-packaging, Quality assessment.

Unit 5 Applications of Nanotechnology in Energy, Environment, Health (3 Lectures)

14. Nanotechnology applications in Energy and Environment

15. Applications in Health Sciences and Nanotoxicology

16.Social, Economic and Ethical Issues in Nanotechnology

References:

- 3. Nano: The essentials understanding nanoscience and Nano- T.Pradeep 2009 Mc Graw Hill.
- 4. Nano materials B.Viswanathan 2009 Narosa.
- 5. Introduction to nanotechnology Charles P. Poole; Frank J. Owens 2008 Wiley.
- 6. Fundamentals of biomems and medical microdevices Steven S.Saliterman 2006 Wiley Interscience.
- 7. Instrumental methods of analysis Hobart H. Willam; Lynne L. Merrit 2006 -CBS.
- 8. Fundamentals of physics David Halliday; Robert Resnick 2007 Willey.
- 9. Chemistry Raymond Chang 2009 Tata Mcgraw Hill.
- 10. Nanomaterial chemistry C.N. Rao, A. K. Chettam, A. Muller 2007 Wiley VCH.
- 11. Nanotechnology Applications in Agriculture C.R. Chinnamuthu, B.Chandrasekaran and C. Ramasamy 2008.

THEORY

Unit I- Introduction to Renewable energy Sources

Energy crisis – classification of energy sources – renewable energy – significance – potential - achievements in India. Biomass – methods of energy conversion.

Unit-II Biochemical Energy Conversion

Biofuels – importance – biodiesel and bioethanol production method – flowchart – by products utilization. Biogas technology – classification - types - factors affecting biogas plants- alternate feedstocks – applications - biodigested slurry and enrichment.

Unit III – Thermochemical Energy Conversion

Briquetting –methods- advantages and disadvantages -combustion –definition- Improved chulhas – types – construction features - applications. Pyrolysis – methods for charcoal /biochar production- comparion of slow and fast pyrolysis. Gasification – chemistry – types – updraft gasifier -downdraft gasifier – working principles – operation and applications.

Unit IV - Solar Energy Conversion

Solar Energy – characteristics - types of radiation – solar constant-solar thermal devices – solar water heater – solar cooker – solar pond – solar distillation – working principles and applications. Solar PV systems – principle – solar lantern - water pumping. Solar driers – natural and forced convection types – solar tunnel drier – working principles and operation.

Unit V- Wind and other Renewable Energy Sources

Wind – formations - Wind mills – types – horizontal and vertical axis – components – working principles – applications. Geothermal energy – wave energy – tidal energy – ocean energy – principle and operation - types – advantages and disadvantages

PRACTICAL

Familiarization with renewable energy gadgets. To study biogas plants, To study gasifier, To study the production process of biodiesel, To study briquetting machine, To study the production process of bio-fuels. Familiarization with different solar energy gadgets. To study solar photovoltaic system: solar light, solar pumping, solar fencing. To study solar cooker, To study solar drying system. To study solar distillation and solar pond.

Lecture Schedule

1.	Energy crisis – renewable energy sources – significance – potential and achievements in	TB-1 : 1-10			
	India – energy requirements of agricultural and horticultural crops.				
2.	Biomass - methods of energy conversion - biochemical conversion methods -	TB-1 : 12-26			
	thermochemical conversion methods.				

- 3. Biofuels importance biodiesel and bioethanol production method flowchart by **TB-1**: 164-177; products utilization 182-183
- 4. Biogas technology classification types of biogas plants KVIC and Deenabandhu **TB-1**: 30-43 model biogas plants factors affecting biogas plants.
- 5. Alternate feedstocks for biogas production applications of biogas cooking, lighting **TB-1**: 45-49 and engine operations biodigested slurry and enrichment.
- 6. Briquetting MED VED methods need for briquetting benefits of biomass **TB-1**: 92-99 briquettes.
- Combustion improved chulha single pot double pot conventional chulha TB-1: 52-57; 64biomass gas stove – constructional features – principles and applications.
- 8. Pyrolysis methods for charcoal production –biochar production comparison between **TB-1**: 67-73 slow and fast pyrolysis.
- 9. Mid semester examination
- 10. Gasification chemistry types updraft gasifier working principles operations **TB-2**: 395-411 application
- 11. Downdraft gasifier working principles operation and applications.

12.	Solar energy - characteristics of solar radiation - types of radiation - solar constant	TB-1 : 101-105
13.	Solar thermal devices – solar water heater – solar cooker – solar pond – solar distillation	TB-1 : 105-114
	 working principles and applications. 	TB-2 : 138-142,
		195-197
14.	Solar PV systems – principle – solar lantern - water pumping applications.	TB-1 : 117-123
15.	Solar driers – natural and forced convection types – solar tunnel drier – working principles and operation.	TB-1: 115-117
16.	Wind mills – types – horizontal and vertical axis – components – working principles – applications.	TB-1 : 136 - 144

17. Energy from ocean, waves, tides. Geothermal energy sources – principles and operation. TB-1: 189-205

Practical schedule

- 1. Basic principles of working of renewable energy gadgets
- 2. Experiments on biodiesel production
- 3. Experiments on bioethanol production process
- 4. Construction and working principle of KVIC biogas plant
- 5. Construction and working principle of deenbandhu biogas plant
- 6. Experiments on biogas applications
- 7. Experiments on briquetting technology
- 8. Performance evaluation of improved chulha
- 9. Evaluation of biochar production systems
- 10. Experiments on biooil production method
- 11. Performance evaluation of producer gas production system
- 12. Performance evaluation of solar dryers
- 13. Experiments on solar cookers and distillation systems
- 14. Performance evaluation of solar water heaters
- 15. Experiments on solar water pumping system
- 16. Performance assessment of solar street light and fencing
- 17. Final practical examination

References:

- S. Pugalendhi, R. Shalini, J. Gitanjali and P. Subramanian. 2017. Introduction to Renewable Sources of Energy. TNAU, Coimbatore
- G.D. Rai. 2012. Nonconventional Energy Sources. Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
- C.S. Solanki, 2009. Renewable Energy Technologies : A Practical Guide for Beginners. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- S. Rao and B.B. Parulekar. 2007. Energy Technology: Non-Conventional, Renewable and Conventional. Khanna Publishers, Naisarak, Delhi.
- G.D. Rai. 1993. Solar Energy Utilisation. Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
- J. F. Manwell, J. G. McGowan and A. L. Rogers. 2009. Wind Energy Explained: Theory, Design and Application. Wiley & Sons Ltd.,

V SEMESTER

S.	Course code	Course Title	Credit
No.			load
1	PBG 301	Fundamentals of Plant Breeding	2+1
2	AEC 301	Agricultural Marketing Trade & Prices	2+1
3	AGM 301	Agricultural Microbiology	1+1
4	PAT 301	Diseases of Field and Horticultural crops and their management - I	1+1
5	ARM 301	Entrepreneurship Development and Business Managment	1+1
6	AGR 301	Practical Crop Production - I (Kharif crops)	0+2
7	HOR 311	Post harvest management and value addition of fruits and vegetable crops	1+1
8	SAC 301	Manures, Fertilizers and Soil Fertility Management	2+1
9	APE 311	Protected Cultivation and Secondary Agriculture	1+1
10	AGR 302	Rainfed Agriculture & Watershed Management	1+1
11	AEN 301	Pests of Field crops and stored produces and their management	1+1
11	NCC 101	NCC*	
		Tota	
		I	13+12=25
		*Non-gradial courses compulsory courses	

PBG 301 Fundamentals of Plant Breeding (2+1)

THEORY

Unit I: Reproductive systems in plant breeding

Objectives and role of plant breeding - historical perspective – activities in Plant Breeding. Centres of origin – contribution of Vavilov, Harlan, Zhukovosky – law of homologous series. Plant genetic resources – importance – germplasm – types – activities – gene erosion - gene bank – collection - conservation – types of conservation. Germplasm: evaluation – use of descriptors, documentation, utilization; Agencies – national and international; germplasm exchange – quarantine. Modes of reproduction – sexual – asexual – mechanisms promoting self and cross pollination – significance of pollination. Self incompatibility – classifications – mechanisms – application – measures to overcome and limitations. Sterility – male sterility – introduction – classification – CMS, GMS, CGMS -inheritance and applications. EGMS - TGMS, PGMS, Gametocides, Transgenic Male sterility and applications. Apomixis – introduction – classification - application; Parthenocarpy and its types.

Unit II: Breeding methods of self pollinated crops

Polygenic variation-components of variance - phenotypic, genotypic and environmental varianceheritability and genetic advance. Plant introduction as a breeding method – types of introduction – objectives – quarantine - acclimatization – achievements - merits and demerits. Genetic basis of self pollinated crops – Vilmorin's principle of progeny selection - Johannsen's pure line theory. Breeding methods for self pollinated crops without involving artificial hybridization: Pure line selection – procedure – merits and demerits – achievements; Mass selection– procedure - types – merits and demerits-achievements- comparison of mass and pureline selection. Breeding methods of self pollinated crops involving artificial hybridization: Creating variability in self pollinated crops - Hybridization and selection – objectives – steps in hybridization - choice of parents – kinds of emasculation – hybridizationtransgressive breeding. Handling segregating generations- Pedigree breeding – procedure – mass pedigree – merits – demerits – achievements; Bulk breeding – procedure – merits – demerits – achievements. Comparison of pedigree and bulk breeding methods. Single Seed Descent (SSD) method – procedure – application – merits and demerits. Backcross breeding – genetic basis — procedures for transferring dominant and recessive genes. Back cross breeding – merits – demerits – multilines- types- proceduremerits and demerits.

Unit III: Breeding methods of cross pollinated crops and clonally propagated crops

Genetic structure of a population in crosses pollinated crops – Hardy Weinberg law – gene frequencies in random mating population. Breeding methods of cross pollinated crops without involving artificial hybridization: Mass selection in cross pollinated crops – modified mass selection – Grid selection – progeny selection. Breeding methods of cross pollinated crops involving artificial hybridization: Recurrent selection principles – types – merits and demerits. Heterosis breeding – theories - genetic basis – hybrid vigour – estimation of heterosis – inbreeding depression. Heterosis breeding – procedure

– development of inbreds- evaluation of inbred lines – top cross method and single cross methodprediction of double cross performance- hybrids – single cross- double cross- three way cross hybrids. achievements – merits and demerits. Synthetics and composites - steps in development of synthetics and composites – achievements – merits and demerits. Genetic characters of asexual reproduction – clonal selection – hybridization and clonal selection – merits and demerits – achievements.

Unit IV: Special breeding methods

Polyploidy breeding – classification – induction of polyploidy - achievements – limitations. Wide hybridization-importance-barriers and techniques for overcoming barriers-utilization- Pre-breeding. Mutation breeding: mutation – types – mutagens – breeding procedure – achievements – limitations. Concepts in biotic stress resistance breeding- diseases and pests - gene for gene hypothesis-mechansims of resistance - sources of resistance - multilines-gene pyramiding-gene deployment-Breeding methods. Concepts in abiotic stress resistance breeding- drought- mechansims of drought resistance – basis of drought resistance - morphological and physiological characters- sources of drought resistance- Breeding methods.

Unit V: Varietal Release, Seed Production, Markers and IPR

Procedure for release of new varieties-stages in seed multiplication-steps in nucleus and breeder seed production. Introduction to markers – morphological – biochemical- DNA markers – advantages and disadvantages- marker assisted selection in plant breeding. Participatory plant breeding- Intellectual Property Rights- Patenting- Plant Breeders and Farmers Rights.

PRACTICAL

Reproduction in plants - Alternation of generation and life cycle. Mode of pollination - Mechanisms enforcing self and cross pollination in crops- Working out extent of natural out crossing. Breeder's kit and its components. Basic techniques for selfing and crossing in crop plants. Emasculation and pollination techniques in field crops. Emasculation and pollination techniques in horticultural crops. Handling of segregating populations- Layout of different yield trials-maintenance of records. Study of Cytoplasmic genic male sterility system in Rice/horticultural crops. Study of Genic male sterility system in Redgram. Mutagenesis study using physical and chemical mutagens. Germplasmcollection and conservation. Experimental designs used in plant breeding-RBD analysis. Calculation of mean, range, PCV, GCV, heritability, genetic advance. Estimation of heterosis and prediction performance of double cross hybrids. Screening techniques for shortic stresses in rice.

Theory schedule

- 52. Objectives and role of plant breeding historical perspective activities in Plant Breeding.
- 53. Centres of origin contribution of Vavilov, Harlan, Zhukovosky law of homologous series.
- 54. Plant genetic resources importance germplasm types activities gene erosion gene bank collection conservation types of conservation.
- 55. Germplasm: evaluation use of descriptors, documentation, utilization; Agencies national and international; germplasm exchange quarantine.
- 56. Modes of reproduction sexual asexual mechanisms promoting self and cross pollination significance of pollination.
- 57. Self incompatibility classifications mechanisms application measures to overcome and limitations.
- 58. Sterility male sterility introduction classification CMS, GMS, CGMS -inheritance and applications.
- 59. EGMS TGMS, PGMS, Gametocides, Transgenic Male sterility and applications.
- 60. Apomixis introduction classification-applications; Parthenocarpy and its types.
- 20. Polygenic variation-components of variance phenotypic, genotypic and environmental varianceheritability and genetic advance
- 21. Plant introduction as a breeding method types of introduction objectives quarantine acclimatization achievements merits and demerits.
- 22. Genetic basis of self pollinated crops Vilmorin's principle of progeny selection Johannsen's pure line theory.
- 23. Breeding methods for self pollinated crops without involving artificial hybridization: Pure line selection procedure merits and demerits achievements; Mass selection procedure types merits and demerits-achievements- comparison of mass and pureline selection.

- 24. Breeding methods of self pollinated crops involving artificial hybridization: Creating variability in self pollinated crops Hybridization and selection objectives steps in hybridization choice of parents
 - kinds of emasculation hybridization- transgressive breeding.
- 25. Handling segregating generations- Pedigree breeding procedure mass pedigree merits demerits achievements; Bulk breeding procedure merits demerits achievements.
- 26. Comparison of pedigree and bulk breeding methods. Single Seed Descent (SSD) method procedure application merits and demerits.

27. Mid Semester examination

- 28. Backcross breeding genetic basis procedures for transferring dominant and recessive genes
- 29. Back cross breeding merits demerits multilines- types- procedure- merits and demerits.
- 30. Genetic structure of a population in cross pollinated crops Hardy Weinberg law gene frequencies in random mating population.
- 31. Breeding methods of cross pollinated crops without involving artificial hybridization: Mass selection in cross pollinated crops modified mass selection Grid selection progeny selection
- 32. Breeding methods of cross pollinated crops involving artificial hybridization: Recurrent selection principles types merits and demerits.
- 33. Heterosis breeding theories genetic basis hybrid vigour estimation of heterosis inbreeding depression.
- 34. Heterosis breeding procedure development of inbreds- evaluation of inbred lines top cross method and single cross method- prediction of double cross performance- hybrids single cross-double cross- three way cross hybrids. achievements merits and demerits.
- 35. Synthetics and composites steps in development of synthetics and composites achievements merits and demerits
- 36. Genetic characters of asexual reproduction clonal selection hybridization and clonal selection merits and demerits achievements;
- 37. Polyploidy breeding classification induction of polyploidy achievements limitations.
- 38. Wide hybridization-importance-barriers and techniques for overcoming barriers-utilization- Prebreeding.
- 39. Mutation breeding: mutation types mutagens breeding procedure achievements limitations.
- 40. Concepts in biotic stress resistance breeding- diseases and pests gene for gene hypothesismechansims of resistance - sources of resistance- multilines-gene pyramiding-gene deployment-Breeding methods.
- 41. Concepts in abiotic stress resistance breeding- drought- mechansims of drought resistance basis of drought resistance- morphological and physiological characters- sources of drought resistance-Breeding methods.
- 4. Procedure for release of new varieties-stages in seed multiplication-steps in nucleus and breeder seed production.
- 5. Introduction to markers morphological biochemical- DNA markers advantages and disadvantages- marker assisted selection in plant breeding.
- 6. Participatory plant breeding- Intellectual Property Rights- Patenting- Plant Breeders and Farmers Rights.

Practical schedule

- 44. Reproduction in plants Alternation of generation and life cycle.
- 45. Mode of pollination Mechanisms enforcing self and cross pollination in crops- Working out extent of natural out crossing.
- 46. Breeder's kit and its components
- 47. Basic techniques for selfing and crossing in crop plants.
- 48. Emasculation and pollination techniques in field crops.
- 49. Emasculation and pollination techniques in horticultural crops.
- 50. Handling of segregating populations- Layout of different yield trials-maintenance of records.
- 51. Study of Cytoplasmic genic male sterility system in Rice

- 52. Study of Genic male sterility system in Redgram
- 53. Mutagenesis study using physical and chemical mutagens
- 54. Germplasmcollection and conservation.
- 55. Experimental designs used in plant breeding-RBD analysis
- 56. Calculation of mean, range, PCV, GCV, heritability, genetic advance
- 57. Estimation of heterosis and prediction performance of double cross hybrids
- 58. Screening techniquesfor biotic stresses in rice
- 59. Screening techniques for abiotic stresses in rice

60. Final Practical examination

References

- 1. Singh, B. D. 2005. Plant breeding Principles and Methods. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Phundhan Singh. 2001. Essentials of Plant Breeding, Kalyani publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. Allard, R. 1989. Principles of Plant Breeding. John Wiley and Sons, New Delhi.
- 4. D. N. Bharadwaj. 2012. Breeding Field Crops. Agrobios (India), Jodhpur
- 5. Chahal, G. S. and S. S. Gosal. 2002. Principles and Procedures of Plant
- 6. Breeding: Biotechnological and Conventional Approaches. Narosa Publishing House (India)
- 7.

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Chopra, V. L., 1994. Plant breeding theory and practice. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi

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- 10. Chaudhary, H. K. 1980. Elementary Principles of plant breeding. Oxford and IBH publication Co., New Delhi

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R. K. Singh and B. D. Choudhary. Biometrical methods in quantitative Genetics. Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana

E- References

- a. http://www.edugreen.teri.res.in/explore/bio/breed.htm
- b. http://cuke. hort. ncsu. edu/gpb/
- c. http://www.stumbleupon.com/tag/plant-breeding
- d. http://www.iaea.org/

AEC 301 Agricultural Marketing, Trade and Prices (2+1)

Theory

Unit 1: Agricultural Marketing – Nature and Scope

Agricultural Marketing: Concepts and definitions of market, marketing, agricultural marketing, market structure, marketing mix and market segmentation, classification and characteristics of agricultural markets; nature and determinants of demand and supply of farm products. Producer's surplus – meaning and its types, marketable and marketed surplus, factors affecting marketable surplus of agricultural commodities. Approaches to the study of marketing - Market functionaries and Market forces. Marketing of agricultural versus manufactured goods.

Unit 2: Marketing Functions, Pricing and Promotion strategies

Marketing process and functions: Marketing process - concentration, dispersion and equalization; exchange functions – buying and selling; physical functions – storage, transport and processing; facilitating functions – packaging, branding, grading, quality control and labeling (AGMARK); Standardization, Finance, Storage and Warehousing, Processing, Value Addition and Risk Taking - Market Structure, Conduct and Performance paradigm (SCP) – Market Structure: Meaning, Components, Dynamics of Conduct and Performance – Market structure and Price determination under perfect and imperfect competition.

Product Life Cycle (PLC) and competitive strategies: Meaning and stages in PLC; characteristics of PLC; strategies in different stages of PLC; pricing and promotion strategies: pricing considerations and approaches – cost based and competition based pricing; market promotion – advertising, personal selling, sales promotion and publicity – their meaning and merits and demerits.

Unit 3: Marketing Efficiency and Marketing Institutions

Market functionaries and marketing channels: Types and importance of agencies involved in agricultural marketing; meaning and definition of marketing channel; number of channel levels; marketing channels for different farm products; Integration over space, time and form: Meaning, definition and types of market integration; marketing efficiency; marketing costs, margins and price spread; factors affecting cost of marketing reasons for higher marketing costs of farm commodities; ways of reducing marketing costs; Modern marketing systems versus traditional agricultural marketing systems; Role of Government in agricultural marketing - Public sector institutions - CWC, SWC, FCI and DMI – their objectives and functions; cooperative marketing in India; Market Intelligence -Legal measures for improving agricultural marketing: APMC Act. New EXIM policy of India – Advantages of AEZs, ITPO, Export Promotion Councils, APEDA, MPEDA, and Commodity Boards.

Unit 4: Trade in Agricultural Products

International Trade: Concept of International Trade and its need - Free trade, Autarky and it needs - Theories of Trade: Absolute and comparative advantage; Present status and prospects of Agricultural

exports / imports from India and their share - Barriers to Trade: Tariff and non tariff barriers - Trade policy instruments – Terms of Trade - Role of institutions like UNCTAD and GATT - WTO in promoting trade in agricultural products - Free Trade Agreements – AoA and its implications on Indian agriculture: Sanitary and Phyto-sanitary issues, Market Access, Domestic Support and Export Subsidies - IPR.

Unit 5: Agricultural Prices and Risk Analysis

Agricultural Prices and Policy: Meaning and functions of price; administered prices; need for agricultural price policy; Objectives of Price Policy and Price Stabilization – Role of CACP – Concept of MSP, FRP (SMP) and SAP – Price Parity - Procurement of food grains and buffer stock - Risk in marketing: Meaning and Importance - Types of risk in marketing: Speculation and Hedging and Forward and Futures trading; an overview of futures trading; – Role of Contract Farming in risk mitigation.

Theory Schedule

- 23. Agricultural Marketing: Concepts and definitions of market, marketing, agricultural marketing.
- 24. Market structure, marketing mix and market segmentation, classification and characteristics of agricultural markets.
- 25. Demand and supply of agri-commodities: meaning, nature and determinants of demand and supply of farm products.
- 26. Approaches to the study of marketing: Market functionaries and Market forces.
- 27. Marketing of agricultural versus manufactured goods. Producer surplus meaning and its types, marketable and marketed surplus, factors affecting marketable surplus of agri- commodities.
- 28. Marketing process and functions: Marketing process concentration, dispersion and equalization.
- 29. Exchange functions buying and selling; physical functions storage, transport and processing.
- 30. Facilitating functions packaging, branding, grading, quality control and labeling (AGMARK).
- 31. Standardization, Finance, Storage and Warehousing, Processing, Value Addition and Risk Taking.
- 32. Market Structure, Conduct and Performance paradigm (SCP) Market Structure: Meaning, Components, Dynamics of Conduct and Performance.
- 33. Market structure and Price determination under perfect and imperfect competition.
- 34. Product Life Cycle (PLC) and competitive strategies: Meaning and stages in PLC; characteristics of PLC; strategies in different stages of PLC.
- 35. Pricing and promotion strategies: pricing considerations and approaches cost based and competition based pricing.
- 16. Market promotion advertising, personal selling, sales promotion and publicity their meaning and merits and demerits.
- 17. Market functionaries and marketing channels: Types and importance of agencies involved in agricultural marketing; meaning and definition of marketing channel; number of channel levels; marketing channels for different farm products.
- 18. Integration over space, time and form: Meaning, definition and types of market integration.

19. Mid-Semester Examination

- 20. Marketing efficiency; marketing costs, margins and price spread; factors affecting cost of marketing reasons for higher marketing costs of farm commodities; ways of reducing marketing costs.
- 21. Role of Government in agricultural marketing Modern marketing systems versus traditional agricultural marketing systems.
- 22. Public sector institutions- CWC, SWC, FCI, and DMI their objectives and functions.
- 23. Co-operative marketing in India.
- 24. Market Intelligence Legal measures for improving agricultural marketing: APMC Act. New EXIM policy of India.
- 25. Advantages of AEZs, ITPO, Export Promotion Councils, APEDA, MPEDA, and Commodity Boards.
- 26. International Trade: Concept of International Trade and its need Free trade, Autarky and it needs.
- 27. Theories of Trade: Absolute and comparative advantage;
- 28. Present status and prospects of Agricultural exports / imports from India and their share.

- 29. Barriers to Trade: Tariff and non tariff barriers Trade policy instruments.
- 30. Terms of Trade Role of institutions like UNCTAD and GATT WTO in promoting trade in agricultural products Free Trade Agreements.
- 31. AoA and its implications on Indian agriculture: Sanitary and Phyto-sanitary issues, Market Access, Domestic Support and Export Subsidies IPR.
- 32. Agricultural Prices: Meaning and functions of price; administered prices; need for agricultural price policy; Objectives of Price Policy and Price Stabilization Role of CACP Concept of MSP, FRP (SMP) and SAP.
- 33. Price Parity Procurement of food grains and buffer stock.
- 34. Risk in marketing: Meaning and Importance Types of risk in marketing.
- 35. Speculation and Hedging and Forward and Futures trading: an overview of futures trading.
- 36. Role of Contract Farming in risk mitigation.

Practical Schedule

- 34. Preparation of farm survey schedule
- 35. Visit to a farm to collect information on marketing practices of agricultural commodities and marketing problems.
- 36. Plotting and study of demand and supply curves and calculation of elasticities.
- 37. Computation of marketable and marketed surplus of important commodities.
- 38. Visit to a local market / weekly *shandy* / farmers' market to study various marketing functions performed by different agencies.
- 39. Study of relationship between market arrivals and prices of some selected commodities.
- 22. Identification of marketing channels for selected commodity, collection of data regarding marketing costs, margins; price spread estimation for major agricultural and allied agricultural products to assess their marketing efficiency; and presentation of report in the class.
- 23. Visit to market committee and regulated market to study their organization and functioning.
- 24. Visit to co-operative marketing society to study its organization and functioning.
- 25. Visit to market institutions SWC / CWC to study their organization and functioning.
- 26. Visit to AGMARK Laboratory / Grading institutions.
- 27. Farm input marketing: Visit to Farm input dealer to study marketing of farm inputs.
- 28. Visit to Commodity Boards / AEZ / Export oriented units.
- 29. Time Series Analysis of prices–TCSI Study of price behaviour over time for some selected commodities.
- 30. Construction of Index Numbers and their uses.
- 31. Application of principles of comparative advantage of international trade.
- 32. Practical Examination.

References

- 54. Acharya S. S. and N. L. Agarwal. 2002. Agricultural Marketing in India. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 55. Acharya S. S. and N. L. Agarwal. 1994. Agricultural Prices Analysis and Policy. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 56. Kahlon A. S. and S. D. Tyagi, 2000. Agricultural Price Policy in India Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd. Bombay.
- 57. SakOnkvisit. John J. Shaw. 1999. International Marketing Analysis and Strategy. Prentice Hall of India. New Delhi.
- 58. Sivarama Prasad A. 1999. Agricultural Marketing in India. Mittal Publications, New Delhi.
- 59. Kohls R. L. and N. Uhl. Joseph. 1980. Marketing of Agricultural Products. Collier Macmillan. New York.

AGM 301 Agricultural Microbiology (1+1)

Theory Unit I Introduction

Soil microorganisms and their role in soil fertility and crop production. Historical developments in soil microbiology. Diversity of soil microorganisms - culturable (bacteria, actinobacteria, yeasts, molds and algae) and unculturable microorganisms - metagenomic approach; factors influencing soil microbial diversity. Soil enzymes and their role in soil fertility.

Unit II Biogeochemical cycling of nutrients

Carbon cycle; organic matter decomposition in oxygenic and anoxygenic environments; humus formation. Nitrogen cycle – ammonification, nitrification, denitrification and biological nitrogen fixation (BNF) – bacterial and algal nitrogen fixers (diazotrophs); free living, associative, symbiotic, endophytic and epiphytic diazotrophs; nodulation in leguminous and non-leguminous plants; biochemistry and molecular biology of BNF. Phosphorus cycle – mineralization, phosphate mobilization and solublization Microbial transformation of sulphur, potassium, zinc and silica in soil.

Unit III Microbial degradation and bioremediation

Role of microbes in reclamation of problematic soils. Microbes in solid waste management. Biodegradation of agricultural residues and chemicals – processes involved in remediation.

Unit IV Microbiomes and plant growth

<u>Rhizosphere</u>, spermosphere, <u>phyllosphere</u>, epiphytic and endophyticmicrobiomes and their significance. Plant growth promoting rhizobacteria. Soil microorganisms and their interactions – positive and negative interactions.

Unit V Microbes in human welfare

An overview of industrially important microorganisms and products. Silage production. Bioinoculants (biofertilizers and biopesticides); types of biofertilisers – nitrogen fixers, phosphate, zinc and silicate solubilizers, potassium releasers, phosphate mobilizers, sulphur oxidizers and Pink Pigmented Facultative Methylotroph (PPFM). Biopesticides- types and mechanism of action. Mass production and quality control of bacterial and fungal bioinoculants. Methods of application of bioinoculants. Biofuel production

Practical

Enumeration of soil microbial population - quantitative and qualitative methods. Organic matter decomposition - CO₂ evolution and BOD. Isolation of symbiotic nitrogen fixing bacteria, free living, associative and endophytic nitrogen fixing bacteria. Isolation of phosphobacteria and sulfur oxidizing bacteria. Isolation of zinc and silicate solubilizing/ potassium releasing bacteria. Isolation of plant growth promoting rhizobacteria(*Pseudomonas* sp) and phyllosphere (PPFM) microbes. Examination of AM fungal infection in plants and recovery of AM spores from soil. Examination of Blue Green Algae (BGA) from soil and azolla. Mass production of bacterial bioinoculants, blue green algae, azolla and AM fungi. Visit to biopesticides, silage production and compost yard.

Theory schedule

- 8. Introduction and historical developments in soil microbiology. Contributions of BeijerinckHellriegel, Wilfarth, Frank, Winogradsky, Fleming, Waksman, Doberiener and Mosse
- 9. Soil microorganisms and their role in soil fertility and crop production
- 10. Assessment of microbial diversity. Factors influencing the activities of soil microorganisms. Role of soil enzymes in nutrient transformation
- 11. Carbon cycle. Role of soil microorganisms in the decomposition of organic matter in oxygenic and anoxygenic environments; humus formation.
- 12. Nitrogen cycle microbiology and biochemistry of mineralization, ammonification, nitrification and denitrification

- 6. Biological nitrogen fixation free living, associative, endophytic, epiphytic and symbiotic diazotrophic microorganisms. Nodulation in *Rhizobium* legume and *Frankia* actinorhizal symbioses
- 59. Biochemistry and molecular biology of nitrogen fixation in different types of diazotrophs
- 60. Phosphorus cycle and microbial transformation of phosphorus mineralization, phosphate solubilization and translocation

61. Mid Semester Examination

- 62. Sulphur cycle sulphur oxidizers; microbial transformation of K, Zn and Si.
- 63. Role of microbes in reclamation of problem soils. Microbes in solid waste management
- 64. Biodegradation of agricultural residues and chemicals- processes involved in remediation
- 65. Importance of soil and plant microbiomes- rhizosphere, spermosphere, phyllosphere, epiphytic and endophytes. Plant growth promoting microbes-types and mechanism of action.
- 66. Soil microorganisms and their interactions positive and negative interactions. An overview of industrially important microorganisms and products.
- 67. Silage production. Bioinoculants types; biofertilisers bacterial, fungal (AMF) and algalbiofertilisers. Biopesticides types and mechanism of action
- 68. Mass production and quality control of bacterial and fungal bioinoculants. BIS standards- methods of application of bioinoculants.
- 69. Biofuel production methane, hydrogen, alcohol and biodiesel production

Practical schedule

Enumeration of soil microorganisms - quantitative Conn's direct microscopic method – qualitative buried slide technique

- 25. Enumeration of rhizosphere and bulk soil microorganisms and determination of R:S ratio
- 26. Studying organic matter decomposition by measurement of CO2 evolution
- 27. Isolation of Rhizobium from root nodulesandAzotobacterfrom soil
- 28. Isolation of AzospirilumbyMPN technique
- 29. Isolation of *Gluconoacetobacter* from sugarcane phllosphere/rhizosphere and PPFM fromphyllosphere
- 30. Isolation of phosphobacteria, potassium releasing and zinc solubilizing bacteria from soil
- 31. Isolation of PGPR (Pseudomonassp) and sulphur oxidizing bacteria from soil
- 32. Examination of AM infection in roots and recovery of spores from soil
- 33. Mass production of bacterial bioinoculants and AM fungi
- 34. Examination ofblue green algae from soil and azolla
- 35. Mass multiplication of blue green algae and azolla
- 40. Methods of application of different bioinoculants
- 41. Antibiosis in soil Crowded plate technique
- 42. Visit to biopesticides production unit
- 43. Visit to silage production and compost yard
- 44. Practical Examination

Text Books

- 32. Alexander, M. 1977. Soil Microbiology. John Wiley and Sons. New York
- 33. Paul, E. A. 2014. Soil Microbiology, Ecology and Biochemistry. 4th Ed., Academic Press, USA
- 34. e book: Waksman, S. A 1952. Soil Microbiology John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
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- 33. Rangaswamy, G. and Bagyaraj, D. J. 1992. Agricultural Microbiology, Asia Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 34. Subba Rao, N. S. 1999. Soil Microorganisms and plant Growth. Oxford and IBH, New Delhi
- 35. Osborn, M., Smith, C. J. 2005. Molecular Microbial Ecology. Taylor and Francis.

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PAT 301 Diseases of Field and Horticultural crops and their management-I (1+1)

Theory

Unit-I Diseases of cereals and Millets

Cereals: rice and maize; Millets: sorghum, bajra, finger millet and small millets

Unit- II Diseases of Pulses and Oilseeds

Pulses : pigeon pea, urd bean, mung bean, soyabean, cowpea; Oilseeds: ground nut, castor and Sesame

Unit- III Diseases of Cash crops: tobacco, jute and mulberry

Unit- IV Diseases of Fruits and vegetables crops

Fruits: banana, guava, papaya, pomegranate; Vegetables: tomato, brinjal, okra, cruciferous vegetables, beans, colacasia and sweet potato

Unit- V Diseases of Plantation crops

Plantation: coconut, arecanut, tea, coffee, rubber and cocoa

PRACTICAL

Study of symptoms and host parasite relationship of rice, maize, sorghum, bajra, finger millet, small millets, pigeon pea, urd bean, mung bean, soyabean, cowpea, ground nut, castor Sesame, tobacco, jute, mulberry, banana, guava, papaya, pomegranate, tomato, brinjal, okra, cruciferous vegetables, beans, colacasia, sweet potato, coconut, arecanut, tea, coffee, rubber and cocoa

THEORY

Etiology, symptoms, mode of spread, survival, epidemiology and integrated management of

- 41. Diseases of rice
- 42. Diseases of maize and sorghum
- 43. Diseases of pearl millet, finger millet and small millets,
- 44. Diseases of pigeonpea, urdbean, mungbean, soybean and cowpea
- 45. Diseases of groundnut, sesame and castor
- 46. Diseases of tobacco, jute and mulberry
- 47. Diseases of banana
- 48. Diseases of guava, papaya and pomegranate

49. Mid semester examination

- 50. Diseases of tomato
- 51. Diseases of brinjal and okra
- 52. Diseases of crucifers
- 53. Diseases of sweet potato and beans
- 54. Diseases of coconut and arecanut
- 55. Diseases of tea
- 56. Diseases of coffee
- 57. Diseases of rubber and cocoa

PRACTICAL

Study of symptoms and host-parasite relationship of:

- 48. Diseases of rice
- 49. Diseases of maize and sorghum
- 50. Diseases of pearl millet, finger millet and small millets,
- 51. Diseases of pigeonpea, urdbean, mungbean, soybean and cowpea
- 52. Diseases of groundnut, sesame and castor
- 53. Diseases of tobacco, jute and mulberry
- 54. Diseases of banana

- 55. Diseases of guava, papaya and pomegranate
- 56. Diseases of crucifers
- 57. Field visit/ exposure visit to hilly fruits, vegetables and plantation crops
- 58. Diseases of tomato, brinjal and okra
- 59. Diseases of sweet potato and beans
- 60. Diseases of coconut and arecanut
- 61. Diseases of tea
- 62. Diseases of coffee
- 63. Diseases of rubber and cocoa
- 64. Final practical examination

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- 22. Rangasawmi ,G and Mahadevan, A. 1998. Diseases of crop Plants in India, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. , New Delhi
- 23. Prakasam, V., Valluvaparidasan, V., Raguchander, T. and K. Prabakar. 1997. Field crop diseases, AE Publication, Coimbatore.
- 26. Agrios, G. N. 2008. Plant Pathology, Academic Press, New York.

27. Rangaswami, G. 2005. Diseases of Crop plants in India. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. , New Delhi. Thakur, B. R. 2006. Diseases of field crops and their management

ARM 301 Entrepreneurship Development and Business Communication (1+1)

Theory

Unit I – Entrepreneur and Entrepreneurial Process

Concept and Types of Entrepreneurship - Characteristics of Entrepreneurs and Entrepreneurial Skills - Entrepreneurial process – Importance of Entrepreneurship.

Unit II – EntrepreneurshipOpportunities

Innovation - principles of innovation - Sources of innovative opportunities - Business environment - Micro and Macro environment - MSME Classification and Opportunities for rural enterpreneurship - KVIC classification, Startup and Business incubators. Agribusiness - Importance, Opportunities and Challenges.

Unit III – ManagerialFunctions – Planning and Organizing

Management Functions – Planning – Types of Plans and Steps in Planning, Organizing – Principles and Departmentation.

Unit IV - ManagerialFunctions - Staffing, Directing and Control

Staffing – Job Analysis, Human Resource Planning Process, Recruitment and Selection, Directing-Principles, Techniques and Supervision, Controlling – Process and Types.

Unit V – Functional Areas of Management

Operations Management – Meaning and Scope, Supply Chain Management – Drivers and flows and Total Quality Management – Meaning and Principles, Marketing Management – Market Segmentation and Marketing Mix Financial Management – Meaning, Objectives and Scope.

Practical

Assessment of entrepreneurial traits-Identification of new business opportunities-Exercise on SWOC Analysis of Agribusiness Sector in India -Market survey for understanding customer needs-Starting new business - Visit to firms / discussion with entrepreneurs-Documenting Procedure for Establishing Agribusiness Firms-Government programs and institutions for entrepreneurship development-Financing new agribusiness ventures - Visit to banks / discussion-Exercise on Demand Forecasting for Agricultural Inputs/Products-Preparation of Advertisement and Sales Promotion Measures for Agribusiness-Exercise on Inventory Management – ABC Analysis and EOQ Model-Exercise on discounted measures of Capital Budgeting-Calculation of Break Even Point and its Business Implication-Understanding balance sheet and income statement-Financial Performance Analysis - Ratio Analysis.

Lecture Schedule

- 12. Concept of Entrepreneurship and Types of Entrepreneurship
- 13. Characteristics of Entrepreneurs and Entrepreneurial Skills
- 14. Entrepreneurial process -- Importance of Entrepreneurship
- 15. Innovation principles of innovation Sources of innovative opportunities
- 16. Business environment Micro and Macro environment
- 17. MSME Classification and Opportunities for rural enterpreneurship KVIC classification, Startup and Business incubators
- 18. Agribusiness Importance, Opportunities and Challenges
- 19. Management Functions Planning Types of Plans and Steps in Planning

20. MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION

- 21. Organizing Principles and Departmentation
- 22. Staffing Job Analysis, Human Resource Planning Process, Recruitment and Selection
- 23. Directing Principles, Techniques and Supervision
- 24. Controlling Process and Types
- 25. Functional Areas of Management Operations Management Meaning and Scope
- 26. Supply Chain Management Importance, Drivers and flows and Total Quality Management Meaning and Principles
- 27. Marketing Management Market Segmentation and Marketing Mix
- 28. Financial Management Meaning, Objectives and Scope

Practicals schedule

- 25. Assessment of entrepreneurial traits
- 26. Identification of new business opportunities
- 27. Exercise on SWOC Analysis of Agribusiness sectorin India
- 28. Market survey for understanding customer needs
- 29. Starting new business Visit to firms / discussion with entrepreneurs
- 30. Documenting Procedure for Establishing Agribusiness Firms
- 31. Government programs and institutions for entrepreneurship development
- 32. Financing new agribusiness ventures Visit to banks / discussion
- 33. Exercise on Demand Forecasting for Agricultural Inputs/Products
- 34. Preparation of Advertisement and Sales Promotion Measures for Agribusiness
- 35. Exercise on Inventory Management EOQ Model and ABC Analysis
- 36. Exercise on discounted measures of capital budgeting
- 37. Calculation of Break Even Point and its Business Implication
- 38. Business Plan Preparation
- 39. Understanding balance sheet and income statement
- 40. Financial Perfromance Analysis Ratio Analysis
- 41. PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

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- 47. Joseph, L. Massie. 1995. Essentials of Management. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 48. Mark J Dollinger. 1999. Entrepreneurship Strategies and Resources. Prentice-Hall, Upper Saddal Rover, New Jersey.
- 49. Mohanty S K. 2007. Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship. Prentice Hall India Ltd., New Delhi.
- 50. Peter F. Drucker, 2006. Innovation and Entrepreneurship. HarperBusiness; Reprint edition, New York.
- 51. Poornima M. Charantimath 2005. Entrepreneurship Development and Small Business Enterprise, Pearson Education India, New Delhi.
- 52. Prasanna Chandra, 2007. Financial Management: Theory and Practice, McGraw-Hill Education, New Delhi.
- 53. Thomas W Zimmer and Norman M Scarborough. 1996. Entrepreneurship. Prentice-Hall, New Jersey.

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- 33. www. nimsme. org/
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AGR 301 Practical Crop Production-I (*Kharif crop*) (0+2)

Practical Schedule:

29. Rice (Transplanted rice or Direct sown rice):

Transplanted rice:

- 12. Rice ecosystems Climate and weather Seasons and varieties of Tamil Nadu.
- 13. Preparation of nursery Application of manures to nursery seed treatment Forming nursery beds and sowing seeds Weed management and plant protection to nursery.
- Preparation of main field Application of organic manures Green manuring Bio-fertilizers -Pulling out seedlings and transplanting - Rajarajan 1000 (SRI) - Application of herbicides - Water management - Nutrient management - Plant protection measures - Mechanization in rice cultivation - Recording growth, yield attributes and yield.
- 15. Harvesting, threshing, drying and cleaning the produce Working out cost of cultivation and economics.

Practical Schedule:

Transplanted rice:

1&2. Study of rice ecosystems, climate, weather, seasons and varieties of Tamil Nadu.

3&4. Selection of nursery area, preparation of nursery, application of manures and fertilizer to nursery.

5&6. Acquiring skill in seed treatment, seed soaking and incubation, nursery sowing and management.

7 & 8. Study and Practice of main field preparation and puddling operations.

9&10. Practicing of field preparatory operations - sectioning of field bunds and plastering, leveling and basal application of fertilizers.

11 &12. Practicing transplanting techniques in lowland rice.

- 13 &14. Estimation of plant population and acquiring skill in gap filling and thinning.
- 15 &16. Study of weeds and weed management in rice.
- 17 &18. Study and practice of green manuring and bio-fertilizer application in rice.
- 19 & 20. Acquiring skill in nutrient management and practicing top dressing techniques.
- 21 & 22. Study of water management practices for lowland rice.
- 23 & 24. Observation of insect pests and diseases and their management.
- 25 & 26. Recording growth and other related characters of rice.
- 27 & 28. Estimation of yield and yield parameters in rice.
- 29 & 30. Harvesting, threshing and
- 31 & 32. Cleaning, drying and calculating the yield of produce
- 15. Working out cost of cultivation and economics.
- 16. Practical Examination.

References:

- Ahlawat, I. P. S., Om Prakash and G. S. Saini. 1998. Scientific Crop Production in India. Rama Publishing House, Meerut.
- Chidda Singh. 1997. Modern techniques of raising field crops. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Crop Production Guide. 2012. Directorate of Agriculture, Chennai and Tamil Nadu Agricultural University, Coimbatore.
- Rajendra Prasad. 2004. Text Book on Field Crop Production, Indian Council of Agrl. Research, New Delhi.

K Annadurai and B Chandrasekaran. 2009. A Text Book Of Rice Science. Scientific Publishers.

Reddy,S. R. 2012. Agronomy of field crops. Kalyani publishers, New Delhi. ICAR 2015. Hand book of Agriculture. Indian Council of Agricuture, New Delhi.

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HOR 311. Postharvest management and value addition of fruits and vegetables (1+1)

Theory

Unit I

Scope and Importance of postharvest technology of fruits and vegetables- factors responsible for postharvest losses – constraints –preharvest factors affecting postharvest quality - postharvest operation – precooling, grading, cleaning, waxing on shelf life of fruits and vegetables.

Unit II

Physiological and biochemical changes occurring during maturity and ripening- Respiration and factors affecting respiration rate - role of ethylene in regulation of ripening.

Unit III

Packaging and storage of fruits and vegetables - heat, chilling and freezing injury - storage (ZECC, cold storage, CA, MA and hypobaric) - cold chain management for fruits and vegetables

Unit IV

Value addition concepts, principles and methods of preservation, intermediate moisture food –Jam, jelly, marmalade, preserve, candy- concepts and standards of fermented and non fermented beverages. Tomato products – Concepts and Standards

Unit V

Drying and dehydration of fruits and vegetables, concepts and methods, osmotic drying. Canning-concepts-processing of canned products-spoilage and prevention. Packaging of products –quality standards- GMP,HACCP, FSSAI, Codex alimentrarius and ISO certification.

Practical

Pre harvest operations to improve postharvest shelf life - assessment of maturity indices and harvest criteria of fruits and vegetables-different types of packaging for shelf life extension- of chilling and freezing injury in vegetables and fruits- estimation of ethylene evolution in fruit crops- Identification of postharvest diseases and disorders- Postharvest machineries -extraction and preservation of pulps and juices. Preparation of jam, jelly, RTS, nectar, squash, osmotically dried products, fruit bar and candy and tomato products, canned products. Quality evaluation of products –physio-chemical and sensory evaluation. Visit to cold storage / packaging unit -visit to processing unit/ industry.

Theory schedule

- 29. Scope and importance of postharvest technology of fruits and vegetables
- 30. Factors responsible for post harvest losses.
- 31. Preharvest factors affecting postharvest life of fruits and vegetables
- 32. Physiological and biochemical changes during maturity and ripening
- 33. Respiration and ripening and the factors affecting the ripening of fruits and vegetables
- 34. Role of ethylene in ripening of fruits and vegetables
- 07. Preharvest operations to extend shelf life of fruits and vegetable crops
- 08. Postharvest handling of the produce (washing, fungicide treatment, precooling, grading, sorting waxing and nano coating)
- 29. Mid -semester examination
- 30. Importance of packaging, types of packaging and packaging materials.
- 31. Methods of storage of fruits and vegetables *viz*. , Zero energy cool chamber, cold storage, controlled atmosphere, modified atmosphere and hypobaric storage and management of cold chain for export of high value fruits and vegetables
- 32. Principles and methods of preservation of fruits and vegetables
- 33. Preservation and value addition of fruits viz., jam, jelly, marmalade, preserve and candy

- 34. Concepts and standards in fermented and non fermented beverages from fruits and vegetables
- 35. Drying, dehydration and osmotic dehydration of fruits and vegetables- concepts and methods
- 36. Canning of fruits and vegetables- concepts-processing of canned products-spoilage and prevention
- 37. Packaging of products and standards in value addition of fruits and vegetables viz. , GMP, HACCP, FSSAI, Codex alimentrarius and ISO certification.

Practical Schedule

- 34. Preharvest operations to improve post harvest shelf life of fruits and vegetable crops
- 35. Assessment of maturity indices and harvest criteria for fruits and vegetable crops
- 36. Methods of packaging in fruits and vegetables
- 37. Identification and causes of chilling and freezing injury in vegetables and fruits
- 38. Estimations of ethylene evolution in fruit crops
- 39. Identification of postharvest diseases and disorders of fruits and vegetable crops
- 40. Postharvest machineries for fruits and vegetables crops
- 41. Postharvest handling of the produce (washing, fungicide treatment, grading, sorting, precooling, waxing and nano coating).
- 42. Preparation of jam/Jelly and quality evaluation of products
- 36. Preparation of RTS, nectar, squash and quality evaluation of products
- 37. Processing of dried and dehydrated fruits and vegetables
- 38. Preparation of fruit bar and candy and quality evaluation of products
- 39. Preparation of tomato products
- 40. Processing of canned fruits and vegetables
- 15 Quality evaluation of products -physio-chemical and sensory evaluation. .
- 27. Visit to processing unit/ industry and cold storage / packaging unit
- 28. Practical examination

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- 2. Ashwani. S. and Goel. 2007. Post harvest management and value addition. Daya publishing house, New Delhi.
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- 4. Sudheer, K. P. and V. Indira. 2007. Post harvest technology of horticultural crops, New India publishing agency, New Delhi.
- 5. Bhutani, R. C. 2003 Fruit and Vegetable Preservation. Biotech Books, Delhi. 89
- 6. Pruthi, J. S. 2000. Major Spices and condiments. Productions and post harvest technologies. ICAR publications, New Delhi.
- 7. Verma, L. R and V. K. Joshi. 2000. Post harvest technology of fruits and vegetables –Handling, Processing, Fermentation and Waste Management. Indus publishing House.

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SAC 301 Manures, Fertilizers and Soil Fertility Management (2+1)

Theory

Unit-l : Introduction and importance of organic manures, properties and methods of preparation of bulky and concentrated manures. Green manuring and green leaf manuring. Integrated nutrient management. Carbon sequestration- Carbon trading

Unit-II: Chemical fertilizers: classification, composition and properties of major nitrogenous,

phosphatic, potassic fertilizers, secondary & micronutrient fertilizers. Mixed/ Complex/customized/designer fertilizers, water soluble and liquid fertilizers, nano fertilizers & Soil amendments. Fertilizer Storage and Fertilizer Control Order.

Unit-III: History of soil fertility and plant nutrition. Criteria of essentiality. Role, deficiency and toxicity symptoms of essential plant nutrients. Mechanisms of nutrient transport to plants, factors affecting nutrient availability to plants. Chemistry of soil nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, calcium, magnesium, sulphur and micronutrients.

Unit-IV :Soil fertility evaluation-Soil testing, Critical levels of different nutrients in soil. Forms of nutrients in soil, plant analysis, and rapid plant tissue tests. Indicator plants.

Unit-V L Methods of fertilizer recommendations to crops. Factor influencing nutrient use efficiency (NUE), methods of application under rainfed and irrigated conditions

Practical

Introduction of analytical instruments and their principles, calibration and applications- Colorimetry, Spectrophotometry, Flame Photometry and Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry. Estimation of available N in soil. Estimation of available P in soil. Estimation of available K in soil. Estimation of available Ca and Mg in soil. Estimation of available Micronutrients in soil. Estimation of N in plant. Estimation of P in plant. Estimation of K in plant. Estimation of S in plant. Fertilizer calculations. Visit to STL and FTL/Fertilizer manufacturing or mixing unit.

Lecture Schedule

Organic manures-Importance, Definition, classification, properties and sources- Fortified organics.

Methods of preparation of bulky and concentrated manures - Composting techniques- Aerobic and anaerobic (Bangalore & Coimbatore method) enriched FYM and vermicompost.

Composting of organic waste-Sugarcane trash and coir waste. Green manuring and green leaf

- 35. Soil carbon sequestration and carbon trading.
- 36. Fertilizers- Definition, classification of N, P and K fertilizers.
- 37. N fertilizers- Urea, ammonium sulphate, ammonium nitrate, CAN, properties and their reactions in
- 38. P fertilizers- Rock phosphate, bone meal, basic slag, single super phosphate, diammonium phosphate, triple super phosphate, properties and their reactions in soil.
- 39. K fertilizers- MOP and SOP- properties and reactions in soil.
- 40. Secondary nutrient fertilizers and micronutrient fertilizers.
- 41. Complex fertilizers- definition, manufacture of ammonium phosphate, nitro phosphate and N,P,K complexes.
- 71. Mixed fertilizers-definition, preparation and compatibility.
- 72. Customized/designer fertilizers, water soluble, liquid fertilizers and Nano fertilizers.
- 73. Micro nutrient mixtures and chelated micronutrients. Soil amendments
- 74. Fertilizer Storage and Fertilizer Control Order
- 75. History of soil fertility, productivity plant nutrition and criteria of essentiality. Functions, deficiency and toxicity symptoms of N, P and K.

Functions, deficiency and toxicity symptoms of Secondary, micronutrient and beneficial elements

22. Mid semester Examination

23. Mechanisms of nutrient transport to plants

- 24. Sources, forms, mobility, transformation, fixation, losses and availability of nitrogen in soil
- 25. Sources, forms, mobility, transformation, fixation, losses and availability of phosphorous in soil
- 21. Sources, forms, mobility, transformation, fixation, losses and availability of potassium in soil Sources, forms, mobility, transformation, fixation, losses and availability of calcium, magnesium and sulphur in soil

Sources, forms, mobility, transformation, fixation, losses and availability of micronutrients in soil Concepts and approaches of soil fertility evaluation - Liebig's Law, Mitscherlich's law and Bray's nutrient mobility concept. Approaches - Deficiency symptoms, tissue analysis, biological tests and chemical tests.

Techniques/ methods of soil fertility evaluation: Crop logging, critical level, DRIS, Isotopic nutrient availability techniques.

Fertilizer application: Soil and foliar application.

Fertigation - Definition - Types of fertigation and scheduling.

Fertilizer application- specific methods - Seed coating, pelletization, seedling dipping - Nutriseed pack

Nutrient management concepts – 4 R concept-Agronomic approach, Inductive(STCR), SSNM and RTNM

Nutrient management concepts -Deductive, INM, IPNS. Tools - DSSIFER and VDK

Nitrogen use efficiency - Slow release N fertilizers - Significance and enhancement techniques

Nutrient use efficiency of P, K and micronutrients and their enhancement techniques

Nutrient management for dry land and rainfed agriculture.

Long term effect of fertilization on soil health-PME and LTFE.

Practical Schedule

- 33. Analytical instruments : Principles, calibration and applications Colorimetry and Spectrophotometry
- 34. Flame photometry and Atomic absorption spectroscopy
- 35. Estimation of available N in soil
- 36. Estimation of available P (Olsen P and Bray P) in soil
- 37. Estimation of available K in soil
- 38. Estimation of available sulphur in soil by turbidimetry
- 39. Estimation of available Ca and Mg in soils.
- 40. Estimation of DTPA extractable micronutrients in soil
- 27. Estimation of N content in plant.
- 15. Estimation of P content in plant.
- 16. Estimation of K content in plant.
- 17. Estimation of S content in plant
- 18. Estimation of N content in manure
- 19. Estimation of P content in manure
- 20. Estimation of K content in manure
- 21. Colloquium on establishment of soil testing laboratories -Fertilizer calculations-Soil test based fertilizer prescription
- 22. Visit to STL and FTL / Fertilizer manufacturing or mixing unit
- 23. Practical Examination

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- 36. Gupta, P. K. 2012. A Handbook of Soil, Fertilizer and Manure. Agrobios (India), Jodhpur.
- 37. Michael, A. M. 2009. Irrigation Theory and Practice. Second Edition. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
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APE 311 PROTECTED CULTIVATION AND SECONDARY AGRICULTURE

1+1

THEORY

Unit I: Introduction to Protected Cultivation and Green houses

Protected cultivation – need, advantages and limitations – present status. Green house technology – Introduction – Types of greenhouses- Plant response to greenhouse environment.

Unit II Design of Greenhouses

Planning and design of greenhouses - Design criteria of green house for cooling and heating purposes - Green house equipment - Materials for construction of green houses - Irrigation systems used in greenhouses.

Unit III Applications of Greenhouses

Typical applications - Passive solar greenhouse - Hot air greenhouse heating systems - Greenhouse drying - Cost estimation and economic analysis.

Unit IV: Engineering Properties of Food Materials

Physical properties- size-shape, Aero-hydro dynamic properties, thermal properties- specific heat- thermal conductivity- thermal diffusivity, and their application in PHT equipment design and operation.

Unit V: Drying and Dehydration

Drying and dehydration, Moisture determination- direct method and indirect method of moisture determination, drying rate curves- constant rate period, CMC- Falling rate period, EMC, Drying methods- contact type dryers- convective type dryer- radiation dryer, commercial grain dryer -deep bed dryer-flat bed dryer- tray dryer-fluidized bed dryer. -Recirculatory dryer- solar dryer.

Unit VI: Material Handling

Introduction- selection of material handling machines, Belt conveyor- belt conveyor idlers- idler spacingbelt material- belt tension, Bucket conveyor- head section-Boot section-elevator legs- elevator belts- bucket drive mechanism. Screw conveyor- Details -various shapes screw trough- capacity – horse power, pneumatic conveyor – advantages and limitations.

PRACTICAL

Determination of engineering properties (shape and size, bulk density and porosity of biomaterials). Performance evaluation of screen cleaner. Determination of Moisture content of various grains by direct method and indirect method. Determination of capacity of belt conveyor and bucket conveyor.

LECTURE SCHEDULE

1	Introduction to protected cultivation – need, advantages and limitations and present status – protected cultivation for horticultural crops	TB 1: 1-9
2	Green house technology – Definition, History and evolution – Advantages and limitations	TB 1: 77-84
3	Types of greenhouses – based on shape, cost, utility and cladding materials	TB 2: 9-24
4	Plant response to greenhouse environment – Sunlight, Temperature, Relative Humidity, Carbon dioxide enrichment – Soil / media	TB 5:61-62 TB 5:118-124
5	Planning and design of greenhouses – Criteria for site selection – orientation – structural design - Design criteria of green house for cooling and heating purposes	TB 2: 25-46
6	Equipment and components of a Greenhouse – Summer cooling and winter cooling, natural ventilation and forced ventilation	TB 2: 96-102
7	Materials for construction of greenhouses – Wood, iron, glass, polyethylene film	TB 3: 16-28
8	Irrigation systems in greenhouses - Rules of watering, hand watering, perimeter watering, overhead sprinklers, boom watering and drip irrigation	TB 4: 61-64 TB 5: 110-116
9	Mid semester examination.	
10	Typical applications of greenhouses – passive solar greenhouse, hot air greenhouse	TB 4: 37-38,
	heating system and green house dryng- Cost estimation and economic analysis.	TB 4: 77-87
11	Physical properties – size- shape- sphericity- density- specific gravity, Aero- hydrodynamic properties – Terminal velocity- drag coefficient	TB 1: 6-11, TB 2: 6- 10, TB 3: 2-8

12	Thermal properties- specific heat- thermal conductivity- thermal diffusivity, Application of Engineering properties of cereals, pulses and oilseeds in PHT	TB 1: 1-6, 15-18, TB 2: 7-9
	equipment design and operation	TB 3: 20-23
13	Moisture measurement, direct method and indirect method of moisture measurments,	TB 1: 107-130
	Drying and dehydration, Drying theory, drying rate curves- constant rate period,	TB 2: 25-49
	CMC- Falling rate period, EMC	
14	Various drying method, contact type dryers- convective type dryer- radiation dryer	TB 1: 132161
		TB 2: 66-70
15	Commercial grain dryer- deep bed dryer-flat bed dryer- tray dryer-fluidized bed dryer, recirculatory dryer- solar dryer.	TB 1: 143-161 TB 2: 71-90
16	Material handling equipment-introduction, screw conveyor working principle, and	TB 1: 289-297
	selection	TB 3: 317-332
17	Bucket elevator- head section-Boot section-elevator legs- elevator belts- bucket drive	TB 1: 297-310
	mechanism- Screw conveyor and pneumatic conveyor working principle and	TB 3: 332-347

PRACTICAL SCHEDULE

selection

- 1. Study of different types of green houses based on shape, etc
- 2. Measurement of weather data in green houses
- 3. Computing the rate of air exchange in an active summer and winter cooling systems
- 4. Experiment on determination of shape and size of the cereal grains
- 5. Experiment on determination of bulk density and porosity of biomaterials
- 6. Determination of Moisture content of various grains by direct method
- 7. Determination of Moisture content of various grains by indirect method
- 8. Experiment on determination of terminal velocity of different grains
- 9. Performance evaluation of available screen cleaner
- 10. Performance evaluation of fluidized bed dryer
- 11. Performance evaluation of tray dryer
- 12. Determination of Capacity of a belt conveyor and its performance evaluation
- 13. Determination of Capacity of a bucket conveyor and its performance evaluation
- 14. Field visit to greenhouse
- 15. Visit to Horticulture Research Station, Udhagamandalam
- 16. Visit to food modern rice mill
- 17. Final Practical Examination

TEXT BOOK

- 1. Singh Brahma and Balraj Singh., 2014. Advances in Protected Cultivation, New India Publishing Company.
- 2. Greenhouse Management for Horticulture crops S.Prasad&U.Kumar., 2013. AGROBIOS (INDIA).
- 3. Greenhouse Management for Horticulture crops Sandhya Sharaf., 2012. Oxford Book Company.
- 4. Greenhouse for Homeowners and Gardeners John W. Bartok, Jr., 2000. NRAES
- 5. Greenhouse Engineering Robert A. Aldrich and John W. Bartok, Jr., 1994. NRAES
- 6. Sahay K.M and Singh K .K. Unit operations of agricultural processing. Vikas Publishing housePvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 7. Chakraverty A. Post-harvest technology of cereals, Pulses and Oil seeds. published by Oxford & IBH publishers. New Delhi.
- 8. M.N.Dabhi and N.K. DhamsananiyaAgricultural Processing and food engineering (A basicapproach). published by Kalyani Publisher. New Delhi.

REFERNCE BOOKS

- 1. Brennan J.G. Food engineering operations. Second edition. Published by applied science Publisher limited, London.
- 2. Fellows, P. 2000. Food processing technology Principles and Practice. Second Edition. Published by Woodhead Publishing Limited Abington Hall, Abington Cambridge CB1 6AH, England.
- 3. Kudra, T. and Mujumdar, A.S. Advanced drying technologies. Marcel Dekker, Inc.

E – BOOKS

A. Chakraverty, Arun S. Mujumdar, G. S. Vijaya Raghavan, H. S. Ramaswamy.2003. Handbook of Postharvest Technology (cereals, fruits, vegetables, tea and spices), Marcel Dekker, Inc.New York, USA.

AGR 302 Rainfed Agriculture and Watershed Management (1+1)

Theory

Unit - I:

Dryland farming - India and Tamil Nadu - Major crops of Dryland in India and Tamil Nadu - rainfed farming - Significance, Characteristics and constraints of dry farming in India - Distribution of Arid and semiarid regions in World, India and Tamil Nadu.

Unit - II:

Rainfall climatology - Length of growing period - Drought - Definition - Types and effects of Drought on crop production - Mechanism of drought tolerance in plants - Drought management - Contingent crop planning - Mid season correction - Mulching - anti transpirants.

Unit - III:

Soil moisture conservation approaches: agronomical, engineering and agrostological measures - In-situ water harvesting, storage and recycling - water harvesting - farm pond, percolation pond.

Unit - IV:

Integrated dry land technologies - Mechanization - Resource management under constraint situation - Cost reduction strategies in crop production - Non-monetary inputs and low cost technologies.

Unit - V:

Watershed management - alternate land use system - Agro forestry systems - Role of institutions - government policies for promotion of dryland farming.

Practical:

Zonation of Dry farming regions of Tamil Nadu, India and World - Characteristics of ACZs of Tamil Nadu and cropping pattern - Study of tools, implements and machineries for tillage, sowing and after cultivation - Rainfall analysis - working out economics - Sustainability Indices - working out LGP - Preparation of contingency crop plan for aberrant rainfall situations - Visit to watershed.

Lecture Schedule:

- 13. Significance and scope of dry farming in India and history of dryland agriculture.
- 14. Dry farming and rainfed farming: Definition and Characteristics.
- 15. Distribution of arid and semi-arid regions in World, India and Tamil Nadu.
- 16. Major crops of dryland in India and Tamil Nadu.
- 17. Characteristics of dryland farming and major constraints for crop production.
- 18. Drought: definition, types and effects of drought on crop production.
- 19. Drought management strategies and contingent crop planning: mid season correction.
- 20. Mulching, anti transpirants, in-situ soil moisture conservation techniques and approaches.

21. Mid-Semester Examination.

- 22. Water harvesting, storage and recycling.
- 23. Integrated dryland technologies and farm mechanization.
- 24. Watershed: definition, principles, classification and management.
- 25. Mechanization in dryland farming.
- 15 Resource management under constraint situations for irrigated and rainfed farming.
- 16 Cost reduction strategies in crop production cropping system, integrated farming system and dry farming.
- 17 Non-monetary inputs and low cost technologies for crop production.
- 18 Alternate land use systems in dryland role of institutions policies.

Practical Schedule:

- 18. Studies on rainfall pattern in rainfed areas of the country and pattern of onset and withdrawal of monsoons.
- 19. Agroclimatic, Agro ecological zones and characteristics.
- 20. Zonation of dry farming regions of Tamil Nadu, India and World.
- 21. Characteristics of ACZs of Tamil Nadu and cropping pattern.
- 22. Cropping and farming systems in dryland.
- 23. Skill development in Seed hardening technique.
- 24. Input management and efficiency in dryland.
- 25. Soil erosion and soil conservation practices.
- 26. Water harvesting structures and their use.
- 27. Study of methods to reduce evaporation and transpiration.
- 28. Study of tools, implements, and machineries for tillage, sowing and after cultivation and assessing their efficiencies.
- 29. Indices in dry farming working out LGP and planning for cropping system.
- 30. Drought management technologies in dryland agriculture.
- 31. Preparation of contingency crop plan for aberrant rainfall situations.
- 32. Alternate land use system and their merits.
- 33. Visit to watershed area to study the impact of various soil and moisture conservation methods.

34. Practical examination.

References:

Govindan K. and V. Thirumurugan. 2003. Principles and practice of Dryland Agriculture, Kalyani Publishers, Chennai.

Rengasamy P. 1990. Dry farming Technology in India. Agri publishing Academy, New Delhi.

Reddy, G. S., Reddy, Y. V. R., Vittal, K. P. R., Thyagaraj, C. R., Ramakrishna, Y. S. and L. L Somani. 2008. Dryland Agriculture. Agrotech Publishing Academy, Udaipur

Jat., Bharkar., Sharma and Kothari. 2013. Dryland Technology. Scientific Publishers, Jodhpur Pradeep, S. 2014. Dryland Agriculture. Discovery Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, NewDelhi Widtsoe, J. A. 2012. Dry Farming for Sustainable Agriculture. Agrobios (India), Jodhpur

E.References:

www. tnau. ac. in www. crida. org www. icrisat. org

AEN 301 PESTS OF FIELD CROPS AND STORED PRODUCES AND THEIR MANAGEMENT (1+1)

Theory

Unit I: Pests of Cereals and Millets

Distribution, bionomics, symptoms of damage and management strategies for insects and non-insect pests of rice, wheat, maize, sorghum, cumbu, ragi, tenai. Integrated Pest Management - case studies in rice.

Unit II: Pests of Pulses and Oilseeds

Distribution, bionomics, symptoms of damage and management strategies of insects and non-insect pests of pulses (redgram, green gram, black gram, bengal gram, cowpea.), groundnut, castor, gingelly, sunflower, safflower, jatropa, soybean and mustard. Integrated Pest Management - case studies in groundnut.

Unit III. Pests of Cotton and Sugarcane

Distribution, bionomics, symptoms of damage and management strategies of insects and non-insect pests of cotton and sugarcane. Integrated Pest Management - case studies in cotton.

Unit IV: Pests of Green Manures, Forage Crops, Stored Products and Non Insect Pests

Distribution, bionomics, symptoms of damage and management strategies of pests of green manures (Sunnhemp, Sesbania, Daicha. Glyricidia), forage crops (Lucere and Subabul) and stored products. Rodents and birds of agricultural importance and their management. Locusts and their management.

Theory schedule:

Distribution, bionomics, symptoms of damage and management strategies for insects and noninsect pests of

- 1. Rice Sucking pests
- 2. Rice Borers and defoliators
- 3. Maize, sorghum and cumbu
- 4. Wheat, ragi and tenai
- 5. Redgram, bengalgram, Blackgram, greengram and cowpea
- 6. Groundnut, gingelly and sunflower
- 7. Castor, soybean, safflower, jatropha and mustard
- 8. Cotton
- 9. Mid semester examination
- 10. Sugarcane
- 11. Green manures- sunnhemp, sesbania, daincha, lucerne, subabul and gliricidia
- 12. Role of physical, biological, mechanical and chemcial factors in deterioration of grain
- 13. Stored product pests
- 14. Methods of grain storage and various methods of stored product pest management
- 15. Mites, slugs and snails, rodents and bird pests
- 16. Locusts and their management
- 17. Integrated Pest Management in rice and cotton

Practical schedule:

Identification of symptoms of damage and life stages of pests of

- 1. Pests of rice (sucking pests)
- 2. Pests of rice (borers and defoliators)
- 3. Pests of maize, sorghum and cumbu
- 4. Pests of wheat, ragi and tenai
- 5. Pests of redgram and bengalgram
- 6. Pests blackgram, greengram and cowpea

- 7. Pests of groundnut, gingelly and sunflower
- 8. Pests of castor, soybean, safflower, jatropha and mustard
- 9. Pests of cotton (sucking pests)
- 10. Pests of cotton (bollworms and defoliators)
- 11. Pests of sugarcane
- 12. Pests of green manures-sunnhemp, sesbania, daincha, lucerne, subabul and gliricidia
- 13. Pests of stored products
- 14. Gadgets for management of stored product insects
- 15. Rodents and Birds pests in field and storage
- 16. Visit to FCI godown and farmer's fields
- 17. Final practical examination

References:

A. Text Books:

- 1. Manisegaran, S. and R.P.Soundararajan. 2010. *Pest Management in Field Crops- Principles and Practices*. Agrobios, Jodhpur, India. 316p. {ISBN (10): 81-7754-321-0}
- 2. David, B.V. and V.V. Ramamurthy. 2011. *Elements of Economic Entomology*, Namrutha Publications, Chennai. 386 p. {ISBN: 978-81-921477-0-3}

E- RESOURCES:

- 1. http://www.ncipm.org.in
- 2. http://agritech.tnau.ac.in/
- 3. http://www.nbaii.res.in/
- 4. <u>http://www.nrcg.res.in/</u>

VI	SEMESTER
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S.	Course code	Course Title	Credit load
No.			
1	AEC 302	Agricultural Finance and Co-Operation	2+1
2	PAT 302	Diseases of Field and Horticultural crops and their management -II	2+1
3	COM 311	Agro Informatics	1+1
4	ENS 301	Environmental Pollution and Management	1+1
5	AEN 301	Pests of Crops and Stored grain and their Management	2+1
6	AGR 303	Practical Crop Production - II (Rabi crops)	0+2
7	AGR 304	Principles of organic Farming	1+1
8	ABT 301	Plant Bio technology	2+1
9	PBG 302	Crop Improvement	2+1
10	OPT 301	Optional course	1+1
11	NCC 101	NCC*	
		Tota	
		1	13+11=24
		*Non-gradial courses compulsory courses	

AEC 302 Agricultural Finance and Co - operation (2+1)

Theory

Unit 1: Agricultural Finance – Nature and Scope : Agricultural Finance- meaning, scope and significance, credit needs and its role in Indian agriculture. Agricultural credit: meaning, definition, need, classification. Sources of credit - advantages and disadvantages - Rural indebtedness- History and Development of rural credit in India.

Unit 2: Financial Institutions : Sources of agricultural finance: institutional and non-institutional sources and their roles, commercial banks - social control and nationalization of commercial banks. Micro financing including KCC, Micro finance – SHG Models, Lead Bank Scheme, RRBs, Scale of finance and unit cost. Cost of credit. An introduction to higher financing institutions – RBI, NABARD, ADB, IMF, world bank, Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation of India. Recent development in agricultural credit: Rural credit policies of Government – Subsidized farm credit - Differential Interest Rate (DIR) Scheme – Loan relief measures

Unit 3: Farm Financial Analysis: Credit analysis: 4 R's, 7 P's and 3C's of credit. Preparation of bankable projects / Farm credit proposals – Feasibility; Appraisal - Time value of money: Compounding and Discounting - Undiscounted and Discounted measures. Preparation and analysis of financial statements

– Balance Sheet, Income Statement and Cash Flow Statement. Basic guidelines for preparation of project reports - Bank norms – SWOT analysis.

Unit 4: Co-operation: Agricultural Cooperation in India – Meaning, brief history of cooperative development in India - Pre and Post - Independence periods and Co-operation in different plan periods, objectives, principles of cooperation, significance of cooperatives in Indian agriculture. Co-operating credit structure: short term and long term. Agricultural Cooperation - credit, marketing, consumer and multi-purpose cooperatives, farmers' service cooperative societies, processing cooperatives, farming cooperatives, cooperative warehousing; role of ICA, NCUI, NCDC, NAFED. Strength and weakness of co-operative credit system, Policies for revitalizing co-operative credit.

Unit 5: Banking and Insurance: Negotiable Instruments: Meaning, Importance and Types - Central bank:

RBI – functions - Credit control – Objectives and Methods: CRR, SLR and Repo rate - Credit rationing - Dear money and cheap money - Financial Inclusion and Exclusion: credit widening and credit deepening

monetary policies. Credit gap: Factors influencing credit gap. Non - Banking Financial Institutions (NBFI). NPA – Causes, consequences and mitigation. Crop Insurance: Schemes, Coverage, Advantages and Limitations in Implementation - Estimation of Crop Yields - Assessment of crop losses, Determination of compensation - Weather based crop insurance, features, determinants of compensation. Livestock Insurance Schemes Agricultural Insurance Company of India Ltd (AIC): Objectives and functions.

Practical

Determination of most profitable level of capital use. Optimum allocation of limited amount of capital among different enterprise. Analysis of progress and performance of cooperatives using published data. Analysis of progress and performance of commercial banks and RRBs using published data. Visit to a commercial bank, cooperative bank / cooperative society to acquire first - hand knowledge of their management, schemes and procedures. Visit to District Central Co-operative Bank (DCCB) to study its role, functions and procedures for availing loan – Fixation of Scale of Finance. Estimation of credit requirement of farm business – A case study. Preparation and analysis of Balance Sheet, and Cash Flow Statement – A case study. Exercise on Financial Ratio Analysis. Appraisal of farm credit proposals – A case study. Preparation and analysis of income statement – A case study. Preparation of Bankable projects / Farm Credit Proposals and appraisal - Undiscounted methods and Discounted methods. Techno-

economic parameters for preparation of projects for various agricultural products and its value added products. Seminar on selected topics. Analysis of Different Crop Insurance Products / Visit to crop insurance implementing agency.

Theory Schedule

- 61. Agricultural Finance meaning, scope and significance, credit needs and its role in Indian agriculture.
- 62. Agricultural credit: meaning, definition, need and classification.
- 63. Sources of credit advantages and disadvantages.
- 64. Rural indebtedness History and Development of rural credit in India.
- 65. Sources of agricultural finance: institutional and non-institutional sources their roles.
- 66. Commercial banks social control and nationalization of commercial banks.
- 67. Micro financing including KCC, Micro finance SHG Models, Lead bank scheme.
- 68. RRBs, Scale of finance and unit cost. Cost of credit.
- 69. An introduction to higher financing institutions-RBI, NABARD, ADB, IMF and World Bank.
- 70. Role of Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation of India.
- 71. Recent developments in agricultural credit.
- 72. Rural credit policies of Government: Subsidized farm credit- Differential Interest Rate (DIR) Scheme Loan relief measures
- 73. Credit analysis: 4 R's, 7 P's and 3C's of credit.
- 74. Preparation of bankable projects / Farm credit proposals Feasibility.
- 75. Appraisal: Time value of money: Compounding and Discounting Undiscounted and Discounted measures.
- 76. Preparation and analysis of financial statements Balance Sheet, Income Statement and Cash Flow Statement.

77. Mid Semester Examination

- 42. Basic guidelines for preparation of project reports- Bank norms SWOT analysis.
- 43. Agricultural Cooperation in India Meaning, brief history of cooperative development in India.
- 44. Pre and Post Independence periods and Co-operation in different plan periods, objectives, principles of cooperation, significance of cooperatives in Indian agriculture.
- 45. Co-operating credit structure: short term and long term. Agricultural Cooperation credit, marketing, consumer and multi-purpose cooperatives, farmers' service cooperative societies, processing cooperatives, farming cooperatives, cooperative warehousing;
- 46. Role of ICA, NCUI, NCDC and NAFED.
- 47. Strength and weakness of co-operative credit system, Policies for revitalizing co-operative credit.
- 48. Negotiable Instruments: Meaning, Importance and Types.
- 49. Central bank: RBI functions, Credit control Objectives and Methods: CRR, SLR and Repo rate.
- 50. Credit rationing Dear money and cheap money.
- 51. Financial Inclusion and Exclusion: credit widening and credit deepening monetary policies.
- 52. Credit gap: Factors influencing credit gap.
- 53. Non Banking Financial Institutions (NBFI). NPA Causes, consequences and mitigation.
- 54. Crop Insurance: Schemes, Coverage, Advantages and Limitations in Implementation.
- 55. Estimation of Crop Yields Assessment of crop losses, Determination of compensation.
- 56. Weather based crop insurance, features, determinants of compensation.
- 57. Livestock Insurance Schemes
- 58. Agricultural Insurance Company of India Ltd (AIC): Objectives and functions.

Practical Schedule

- 7. Determination of most profitable level of capital use.
- 8. Optimum allocation of limited amount of capital among different enterprise.
- 9. Analysis of progress and performance of cooperatives using published data.

- 10. Analysis of progress and performance of commercial banks and RRBs using published data.
- 11. Visit to a commercial bank, cooperative bank / cooperative society to acquire first hand knowledge of their management, schemes and procedures.
- 12. Visit to District Central Co-operative Bank (DCCB) to study its role, functions and procedures for availing loan Fixation of Scale of Finance.
- 13. Guest lecture on Role and functions of Commercial Bank and Lead Bank / NABARD and its Role and Functions.
- 14. Estimation of credit requirement of farm business A case study.
- 15. Preparation and analysis of Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Statement A case study.
- 16. Exercise on Financial Ratio Analysis. Appraisal of farm credit proposals A case study.
- 17. Preparation and analysis of income statement A case study.
- 18. Preparation of Bankable projects / Farm Credit Proposals and appraisal.
- 19. Undiscounted methods and Discounted methods.
- 20. Techno-economic parameters for preparation of projects for various agricultural products and its value added products.
- 21. Analysis of Different Crop Insurance Products / Visit to crop insurance implementing agency.
- 22. Seminar on selected topics.
- 23. Practical Examination.

References

- 32. Muniraj, R. 1987. Farm Finance for Development. Oxford & IBH. New Delhi.
- 33. Subba Reddy, S and P. Raghu Ram. 2011. Agricultural Finance and Management. Oxford & IBH. New Delhi.
- 34. Lee, W.F., M.D. Boehlje, A.G. Nelson and W.G. Murray. 1998. Agricultural Finance. Kalyani Publishers. New Delhi.
- 35. Mammoria, C.B. and R.D. Saxena. 1973. Cooperation in India. Kitab Mahal. Allahabad. Patnaik, V.E. and A.K. Roy. 1988. Cooperation and Cooperative Management. Kalyani Publishers. Ludhiana.

PAT 302 Diseases of Field and Horticultural crops and their management-II (2+1)

Theory

Etiology, symptoms, mode of spread, survival, epidemiology and integrated management of important diseases

Unit-I Diseases of cereals: Wheat

Unit- II Diseases of Pulses, Oilseeds and Cash crops Pulses: chick pea and lentil; Oilseeds: sunflower and mustard; Cash crops: sugarcane and cotton

Unit- III Diseases of Fruits and vegetables crops

Fruits: mango, citrus, grapevine, sapota, jackfruit, pineapple, ber, apple, peach plum and strawberry; **Vegetables:** cucurbits, peas, potato, beet root, radish, cassava, colacasia and yam

Unit- IV Diseases of Spices, Plantation and Flower crops

Spices: chillies, turmeric, ginger, onion, garlic, coriander, cardamom; **Plantation crops:** black pepper and vanilla; **Flower crops:** rose, Jasmine, marigold,crossandra, chrysanthemum, tube rose, carnation, lillium and orchids

Unit- V Diseases of medicinal crops and mushroom cultivation

Medicinal crops: gloriosa, coleus, stevia and aloe; **Mushroom cultivation:** Importance of mushroom and cultivation of button mushroom, oyster mushroom, milky mushroom and paddy straw mushroom-pest and diseases of mushroom

PRACTICAL

Study of symptoms and host parasite relationship of the important diseases of wheat, chick pea, lentil, sunflower, mustard, cotton, sugarcane, mango, citrus, grapevine, sapota, jackfruit, pineapple, ber, apple, peach, plum, strawberry, cucurbits, potato, peas, beet root, radish, cassava, colacasia, yam, chillies, turmeric, ginger, onion, garlic, coriander, cardamom, black pepper, vanilla, rose, Jasmine, marigold, crossandra, chrysanthemum, tube rose, carnation, lillium, orchids, gloriosa, coleus, stevia and aloe and cultivation of button mushroom, oyster mushroom, milky mushroom and paddy straw mushroom.

THEORY

Etiology, symptoms, mode of spread, survival, epidemiology and integrated management of

- 61. Diseases of wheat
- 62. Diseases of chickpea and lentil
- 63. Diseases of sunflower and mustard
- 64. Diseases of cotton
- 65. Diseases of sugarcane
- 66. Diseases of mango
- 67. Diseases of citrus
- 68. Diseases of grapevine
- 69. Diseases of sapota, jack fruit, pineapple and ber
- 70. Diseases of apple
- 57. Diseases of peach, plum and strawberry
- 58. Diseases of cucurbits
- 59. Diseases of Potato-I (Fungal diseases)
- 60. Diseases of Potato-II (bacterial and viral diseases)
- 61. Diseases of peas, beet root and radish
- **62.** Mid semester examination
- 63. Diseases of cassava, colacasia and yam

- 64. Diseases of chillies
- 65. Diseases of turmeric and ginger
- 66. Diseases of onion and garlic
- 67. Diseases of cardamom and coriander
- 68. Diseases of black pepper, betel vine and vanilla
- 69. Diseases of rose and jasmine
- 70. Diseases of marigold, crossandra and chrysanthemum
- 71. Diseases of tube rose and carnation
- 72. Diseases of lillium and orchids
- 73. Diseases of gloriosa and coleus
- 74. Diseases of stevia and aloe
- 75. Diseases of stored grains and their management
- 76. Post harvest diseases of fruit and vegetables
- 77. Mushroom-edible and poisonous mushroom- importance of mushroom
- 78. Cultivation of button mushroom and oyster mushroom
- 79. Cultivation of milky mushroom and paddy straw mushroom
- 80. Pest and diseases of mushroom

PRACTICAL

Study of symptoms and host-parasite relationship of:

- 44. Diseases of wheat
- 45. Diseases of chick pea, lentil, sunflower and mustard
- 46. Diseases of cotton and sugarcane
- 47. Diseases of mango and sapota
- 48. Diseases of citrus and grapevine
- 49. Diseases of jackfruit , pineapple, ber, apple , peach, plum , strawberry
- 50. Diseases of cucurbits
- 51. Diseases of potato, peas, beet root and radish
- 52. Diseases of cassava, colacasia and yam
- 53. Field visit/ exposure visit to hilly fruits , vegetables and plantation crops / mushroom unit
- 54. Diseases of chillies, turmeric and ginger
- 55. Diseases of coriander, cardamom, black pepper and vanilla,
- 56. Diseases of rose, Jasmine, marigold and crossandra
- 57. Diseases of tube rose, carnation, lillium and orchids,
- 58. Diseases of gloriosa, coleus, stevia and aloe
- 59. Cultivation of oyster , milky and paddy straw mushroom cultivation
- 60. Final practical examination

Reference:

- 18. Arjunan.G. Karthikeyan, G, Dinakaran ,D. Raguchander,T. 1999 Diseases of Horticultural Crops, AE Publications, Coimbatore.
- 19. Rangasawmi ,G and Mahadevan, A. 1998. Diseases of crop Plants in India, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 20. Prakasam, V., Valluvaparidasan, V., Raguchander, T. and K.Prabakar. 1997. Field crop diseases, AE Publication, Coimbatore.
- 36. Agrios, G.N. 2008. Plant Pathology, Academic Press, New York
- 37. Rangaswami, G. 2005. Diseases of Crop plants in India. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 38. Thakur, B.R. 2006. Diseases of field crops and their management

COM 311 Agro- Informatics (1+1)

Theory

Unit I: Information and Communication Technology (ICT)

ICT and its importance – Computer Fundamentals - Basic anatomy of the computer system: Input devices, CPU, Output devices, Memory: Primary and secondary - Software – Types: System software,

Application software and Utility software – Software terminologies: Firmware, Liveware, Freeware, Shareware, Commercial software, Proprietary software, Semi-free software - Internet - World Wide Web – URL – Domain names - Protocols: HTTP, HTTPS - Internet Applications: Email, File sharing web apps,

Social Networks, Online shopping, Video Conferencing – HTML: Introduction, Editor, HTML Documents –

 $Tags: <\!head\!>, <\!body\!>, <\!title\!>, <\!heading\!>, <\!paragraph\!>, <\!/br\!>, <\!table\!>, <\!li\!>, <\!u\!>, <\!href\!>, <\!img\!>, <\!hr\!>, and <\!marquee\!>.$

Unit II: Spreadsheet and Database

Electronic spreadsheet – Microsoft Excel - Worksheet manipulation: insert, delete, move, copy and hide worksheet – Cell manipulation: copy, edit and format cell data – Charts - Create Bar and Pie charts - PIVOT table - DBMS: Database terms: Data, Database, DBMS, RDBMS, Row, Column, Table – Database

Architecture – Data types: char, varchar(), int, float() – Use of databases in agriculture.

Unit III: C Programming

Introduction to Computer Programming – Programming languages - Translators: Compilers and Interpreters - Algorithm – Flowchart - Introduction to C – Structure of C program - Data types, Variables, Constants, Operators: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical, Assignment - Input/Output: scanf(), printf() - Control statements: if, if else – Loop: while, do while, for.

Unit IV: Agroinformatics

Agroinformatics – Needs and objectives - e-Agriculture : Concept, Meaning, Terminologies and Importance - e-Agriculture – National and International scenario - ICT for Data collection, formation of development programmes, monitoring and evaluation of programmes - Decision support systems: Taxonomy, Components, Framework, Classification and applications in Agriculture -Expert systems - Concepts and Importance – Components – User Interface – Knowledge Base – Inference Mechanism – Inference Rule - Designing an Expert Systems - Advantages and disadvantages of Expert Systems - Information systems for supporting farm decisions.

Unit V: Models and Computer Controlled Devices

Introduction to computer based agricultural models: Model, Simulation, Systems analysis models, Subsystems, Types: Mechanistic process models, Operational models, Statistical models and dynamic simulation models - List of agricultural models - Computer controlled devices - Sensor - Drones - Robots

– Internet of Things (IoT) and Cloud Computing for Agriculture.

Practical

Innards of computer – Booting and shutdown – Practice of DOS commands: dir, cd, mkdir, rmdir, del, cls, attrib, ren, copy, move, ipconfig, ping - Software practices – Installation / Uninstallation – Windows apps: Sticky Notes, Steps Recorder, Snipping Tool – Pin and unpin the programs – System tray customization – Shortcut keys - Microsoft Excel - Entering a formula in a cell, Built-in functions: SUM, AVERAGE, MIN, MAX, COUNT, COUNTIF, IF – Import and export data - Charts - Create Bar and Pie charts

- PIVOT table - MS-ACCESS: Creating agriculture database - Entering, editing, deleting data - Creating Forms - Query wizard: select, update, delete - Reports - Internet Applications: Email, File sharing web apps: Dropbox, Google drive - Social Networks, Online shopping, Video Conferencing - Creating a web

page: HTML editor – Tags: <head>, <body>, <title>, <heading>, <paragraph>, </br>, <tbr/>, , , , <href>, , <hr> and <marquee> - Develop algorithms and represent the same in the flowchart for the following problems -To calculate Leaf Area Index (LAI) -To calculate the Crop Growth Rate (CGR) - To find the greatest average seed sales of two districts during samba season - Familiarizing with the Integrated Development Environment of C Editor for coding, saving, compiling, debugging and executing

- C Programs: Display TNAU motto "Till, Toil, Triumph" – Calculate Leaf Area Index (LAI) – Calculate the Crop Growth Rate (CGR) - Find the greatest average seed sales of two districts during samba season - e-Agriculture – Leveraging social media in agriculture (Social networks) - ICT in agriculture – Paperless data collection using google survey tools - Online photo and video editing tools - Simulating crop yield: InfoCrop - Base file creation for rice and maize (Weather, Varietal characters, Agronomy practices, Soil data) – Interpretation - InfoCrop – Climate change impact studies on rice and maize - Smartphone mobile apps in Agriculture for farm advices, crop protection, market price, postharvest management - Decision support systems - Expert systems - Information systems for supporting farm decisions - Crop calendar – Crop planning tool for farmers.

Lecture Schedule

- 13. Introduction to Computers Basic anatomy of the computer system: Input devices, CPU, Output devices, Memory: Primary and secondary.
- 14. Software Types: System software, Application software and Utility software Software terminologies: Firmware, Liveware, Freeware, Shareware, Commercial software, Proprietary software, Semi-free software.
- 3. Internet World Wide Web URL Domain names Protocols: HTTP, HTTPS Internet Applications: Email, File sharing web apps, Social Networks, Online shopping, Video Conferencing HTML: Introduction, Editor, HTML Documents Tags: <head>, <body>, <title>, <heading>, <paragraph>, </br>, , , , <href>, , <hr> and <marquee>.
- 70. Electronic spreadsheet Microsoft Excel Worksheet manipulation: insert, delete, move, copy and hide worksheet Cell manipulation: copy, edit and format cell data Charts Create Bar and Pie charts PIVOT table.
- 71. DBMS: Database terms: Data, Database, DBMS, RDBMS, Row, Column, Table Database Architecture Data types: char, varchar(), int, float() Use of databases in agriculture.
- 72. Introduction to Computer Programming Programming languages Translators: Compilers and Interpreters Algorithm Flowchart.
- 73. Introduction to C Structure of C program Data types, Variables, Constants, Operators: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical, Assignment Input/Output: scanf(), printf().
- 74. Control statements: if, if else Loop: while, do while, for.

75. Mid-Semester Examination

- 9. Agroinformatics Needs and objectives e-Agriculture : Concept, Meaning, Terminologies and Importance
- 10. e-Agriculture National and International scenario
- 11. ICT for Data collection, formation of development programmes, monitoring and evaluation of programmes.
- 12. Decision support systems: Taxonomy, Components, Framework, Classification and applications in Agriculture.
- 13. Expert systems Concepts and Importance Components User Interface Knowledge Base Inference Mechanism Inference Rule Designing an Expert Systems Advantages and disadvantages of Expert Systems Information systems for supporting farm decisions.
- 14. Introduction to computer based agricultural models: Model, Simulation, Systems analysis models, Subsystems, Types: Mechanistic process models, Operational models, Statistical models and dynamic simulation models List of agricultural models.
- 15. Computer controlled devices Sensor Drones Robots.
- 16. Internet of Things (IoT) and Cloud Computing for Agriculture.

Practical Schedule

- 36. Innards of computer Boot and shutdown Windows apps: Sticky Notes, Steps Recorder, Snipping Tool Pin and unpin the programs System tray customization Shortcut keys.
- 37. Software practices Installation / Uninstallation Practice of DOS commands: dir, cd, mkdir, rmdir, del, cls, attrib, ren, copy, move, ipconfig, ping.
- 38. Microsoft Excel Entering a formula in a cell, Built-in functions: SUM, AVERAGE, MIN, MAX, COUNT, COUNTIF, IF Import and export data Charts Create Bar and Pie charts PIVOT table.
- 39. MS-ACCESS: Creating agriculture database Entering, editing, deleting data Creating Forms Query wizard: select, update, delete Reports.
- 40. Internet Applications: Email, File sharing web apps: Dropbox, Google drive Social Networks, Online

shopping, Video Conferencing – Creating a web page: HTML editor – Tags: <head>, <body>, <title>, <heading>, <paragraph>, </br>, , , , <href>, , <hr> and <marquee>.

- 41. Develop algorithms and represent the same in the flowchart for the following problems -To calculate Leaf Area Index (LAI) -To calculate the Crop Growth Rate (CGR) To find the greatest average seed sales of two districts during samba season.
- 42. Familiarizing with the Integrated Development Environment of C Editor for coding, saving, compiling, debugging and executing C Programs: Display TNAU motto "Till, Toil, Triumph" Calculate Leaf Area Index (LAI) Calculate the Crop Growth Rate (CGR) Find the greatest average seed sales of two districts during samba season.
- 43. Looping statements: Calculate the average yield of last 10 years Rice yield of our District Write a C program to find total, maximum, minimum and average rain fall of last five years in our District.
- 44. e-Agriculture Leveraging social media in agriculture (Social networks).
- 45. ICT in agriculture Paperless data collection using google survey tools Online photo and video editing tools.
- 46. Simulating crop yield: InfoCrop Base file creation for rice and maize (Weather, Varietal characters, Agronomy practices, Soil data) Interpretation.
- 47. InfoCrop Climate change impact studies on rice and maize.
- 48. Smartphone mobile apps in Agriculture for farm advices, crop protection, market price, postharvest management.
- 45. Decision support systems
- 46. Expert systems Information systems for supporting farm decisions.
- 47. Crop calendar Crop planning tool for farmers.

48. Final Practical Examination

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- 69. http://excelpro.ir/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/Excel-2010-Bible.pdf
- 70. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/226105300_Decision_Support_Systems_Concepts_Progr ess_and_Issues_-_A_Review
- 71. https://www.hindawi.com/journals/js/2015/195308/ Applications of Smartphone-Based Sensors in Agriculture: A Systematic Review of Research
- 72. http://ncert.nic.in/ncerts/l/kect214.pdf
- 73. http://teacherlink.ed.usu.edu/tlresources/training2/Google/GoogleForms.pdf
- 24. http://www.fao.org/publications/card/en/c/24f624ea-7891-45e8-9b24-66cbf13f004d/
- 25. http://indiagovernance.gov.in/files/ict_in_agriculture.pdf
- 26. www.manage.gov.in/studymaterial/AKM-E.pdf
- 27. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/233910963_Application_of_Cloud_Computing_in_Agric ultural_Sectors_for_Economic_Development

ENS 301 – Environmental Pollution and Management (1+1)

Theory

Unit-I-Pollution in Environment-Introduction-Pollution- Pollutants – Contaminants – Source and types of pollution in Soil-Water-Air-Impact on environment-Pollution Status in India

Unit- II Waste water Management: Waste water – Different types of waste water-pollutants and contaminants-Impact of waste water on ecosystem –Eutrophication – Biomagnification – Water borne diseases –Wastewater treatment methods – Physical, chemical and Biological – General water treatments-Wastewater recycling – Constructed wetlands-Reed bed system -Legislation and standards

Unit-III-Management of polluted soils: Soil pollutants – Sources – Urban and Industrial – Heavy metal – Pesticides – PAH's and PCB's-E-Waste-Fate of pollutants in Soil - Management of soil pollution – Bio and phyto remediation of polluted soil

Unit-IV - Air Pollution and its Management: Air pollutants from industrial and domestic sources – Fate of air pollutants-Air pollution indicators - Monitoring and Control measures – Role of plants in controlling air pollutants-Legislation and Air quality standards - – Noise Pollution – Sources, Effect and Control Measures-Indoor air pollution and control measures

Unit-V- Solid waste management: Solid waste –Sources – Sludge from Industry and farm waste-Characteristics – Environmental problems – Management of sludge and farm wastes – Disposal methods – Sanitary land fills – Incineration – Pyrolysis - Recycling –Energy recovery –Composting – Vermicomposting – Maturity indices assessment-Standards and Legislation

Unit-VI-Environmental standards, Regulation and EIA - Environmental standards-CPCB Norms for discharging industrial effluents to public sewers- CDM and Carbon foot print-Environmental Impact Assessment: Stages of EIA -Monitoring and Auditing – Environmental clearance procedure in India

Lecture Schedule:

- 29. Introduction-Pollution- Pollutants Contaminants Source and types of pollution in Soil-Water-Air-Impact on environment-Pollution Status in India
- 30. Waste water Different types of waste water-pollutants and contaminants-Impact of waste water on ecosystem –Eutrophication Biomagnification Water borne diseases –
- 42. Wastewater treatment methods Physical, chemical and Biological General water treatments-
- 43. Wastewater recycling Constructed wetlands-Reed bed system -Legislation and standards
- 44. Soil pollutants Sources Urban and Industrial Heavy metal Pesticides PAH's and PCB's-E-Waste
- 45. Fate of pollutants in Soil Management of soil pollution Bio and phyto remediation of polluted soil
- 46. Air pollutants from industrial and domestic sources Fate of air pollutants-Air pollution indicators Air pollution episodes-Monitoring and Control measures–
- 47. Role of plants in controlling air pollutants- Legislation and Air quality standards,
- 48. Mid Semester Examination
- 49. Noise Pollution, Sources, Effect and Control Measures, Indoor air pollutants and control mesures
- 50. Solid waste –Sources Sludge from Industry and farm waste-Characteristics Environmental problems
- 51. Management of solid waste, Disposal methods, Sanitary land fills, Incineration, Pyrolysis
- 52. Recycling –Energy recovery –Composting Vermicomposting Maturity indices assessment-Standards and Legislation
- 53. Environmental standards-CPCB Norms for discharging industrial effluents to public sewers
- 54. Environment Impact Assessment, Introduction, Stages of EIA, -Monitoring and Auditing
- 55. CDM and Carbon foot print

56. Environmental clearance procedure in India

Practical Schedule

- 54. Sample collection and preservation from contaminated sistes
- 55. Waste water treatment by physical (column study with vermiculite and activated charcoal) and chemical (Alum treatment)
- 56. Waste water treatment through constructed wetland system and charecterisation
- 57. Estimation of Chlorides, Phosphates in waste water
- 58. Analysis of Nitrogen in industrial effluent and sludge
- 59. Collection of PAH's contaminated soils and analysis by GC-MS
- 60. Biosorption of heavymetal (Cr) by using Water hyacinth and analysis through AAS
- 61. Pesticide Residue analysis in contaminated water
- 62. Analysis of SPM in air, Methane and CO₂ in Municipal dumping site
- 63. Assessing the efficiency of plants to control Indoor air pollutants
- 64. Analysis of Organic carbon in Sludge and Organic manure
- 65. Composting and Vermicomposting of farm wastes
- 66. Energy recovery from wastes
- 67. Maturity indices of compost- C:N ratio and Phytotoxicity test
- 68. Maturity indices of compost: starch iodine test and sulphide test
- 69. Visit to water treatment plant

70. Final practical examination

Reference:

- 36. Tyler Miller and Scot Spoolman. 2009. Living in the Environment (*Concepts, Connections, and Solutions*). Brooks/cole, Cengage learning publication, Belmont, USA
- 37.P.D. Sharma, 2009, Ecology and Environment, Rastogi Publications, Meerat, India E-Books: Chiras D.D., 2016. Environmental Science, Tenth Edition. Jones & Bartlett Learning, Burlington, MA. ISBN: 978-1-284-05705-8, 708 Pages

AEN 301 Pests of Crops and Stored Produces and their Management (2+1)

Theory

Unit I: Distribution, bionomics, symptoms of damage and management strategies for insects and noninsect pests of rice, wheat, maize, sorghum, cumbu, ragi, tenai,redgram, green gram, black gram, bengal gram, cowpea, groundnut, castor, gingelly, sunflower, safflower, jatropa, soybean and mustard.

Unit II. Distribution, bionomics, symptoms of damage and management strategies of insects and noninsect pests of cotton and sugarcane, green manures (Sunnhemp, Sesbania, Daicha. Glyricidia), forage crops (Lucere and Subabul)

Unit III: Distribution, bionomics, symptoms of damage and management strategies of insect and non insect pests of Brinjal, Bhendi, Tomato, Chillies, Onion, Garlic, Moringa, Amaranthus, Crucifers, Cucurbits, Mango, Citrus, Banana, Guava, Grapevine and Sapota

Unit IV: Distribution, bionomics, symptoms of damage and management strategies of insect and non insect pests of Pomegranate, Papaya, Aonla, Apple, Pine apple, Custard apple and Jack, Potato, Sweet potato, Tapioca, Yam, Colocasia, Coconut, Arecanut, Tea, Coffee, Cashew, Cocoa, Betelvine, Ginger, Turmeric, Coriander, Cardamom, Pepper, Curry leaf and Tamarind

Unit V: Distribution, bionomics, symptoms of damage and management strategies of insect and non insect pests of Rose, Jasmine, Crossandra, Chrysanthemum, Tuberose, Cut flowers, Glory lily, Coleus, Stonebreaker, Aswagantha, Senna, Periwinkle and Lawn. Distribution, bionomics, symptoms of damage and management strategies of pests of and stored products. Rodents and birds of agricultural importance and their management. Locusts and their management.

Practical

Identification of symptoms of damage and life stages of important pests of different field crops *vi.*, cereals, millets, pulses, oilseeds, cotton, sugarcane and green manure crops and horticultural crops *viz.*, vegetables, fruits, spices, tubers, plantation crops, flower crops, medicinal plants, lawn and stored products.

Lecture schedule:

Distribution, bionomics, symptoms of damage and management strategies for insects and non-insect pests of

- 35. Rice Sucking pests
- 36. Rice Borers and defoliators
- 37. Maize, sorghum and cumbu
- 38. Wheat, ragi and tenai
- 39. Redgram, bengalgram, blackgram, greengram and cowpea
- 40. Groundnut, gingelly and sunflower
- 41. Castor, soybean, safflower, jatropha and mustard
- 42. Cotton Sucking pests
- 43. Cotton Bollworms, borers and defoliators
- 38. Sugarcane
- 39. Green manures and forage crops sunnhemp, sesbania, daincha, lucerne, subabul and gliricidia
- 40. Brinjal, bhendi and tomato
- 41. Chillies, onion, garlic, moringa and amaranthus
- 42. Crucifers
- 43. Cucurbits
- 44. Mango
- 45. **Mid semester examination** Citrus and banana

Guava, grapevine and sapota Pomegranate, papaya and aonla Apple, pine apple, custard apple and jack

Potato, sweet potato, tapioca, yam and colocasia Coconut and arecanut

Tea and coffee

Cashew, cocoa and betelvine Ginger, turmeric and coriander, Cardamom, pepper, curry leaf and tamarind

Rose, jasmine, crossandra, chrysanthemum, tuberose and cut flowers Gloriy lily, coleus, stone breaker, aswagantha, senna, periwinkle and lawn Role of physical, biological, mechanical and chemcial factors in deterioration of grain Stored product pests Methods of grain storage and various methods of stored product pest management Mites, slugs and snails, rodents and bird pests

Locusts and their management

Practical schedule: Identification of symptoms of damage and life stages of pests of

- 43. Pests of rice
- 44. Pests of maize, sorghum, cumbu, ragi and tenai
- 45. Pests of pulses
- 46. Pests of groundnut, gingelly sunflower and castor
- 47. Pests of cotton
- 48. Pests of sugarcane
- 49. Pests of green manures and forage crops -sunnhemp, sesbania, daincha, lucerne, subabul and gliricidia
- 50. Pests of brinjal, bhendi and tomato
- 51. Pests of chillies, onion, garlic, moringa and amaranthus
- 52. Pests of crucifers and cucurbits
- 53. Pests of mango, citrus, sapota, banana, grapevine and guava
- 54. Pests of pomegranate, aonla, papaya, jack, pine apple, custard apple, ber and apple
- 55. Pests of potato, sweet potato and tapioca
- 56. Pests of coconut, cashew, cocoa, betelvine, coffee and tea
- 57. Pests of turmeric, ginger, coriander, cardamom, pepper and curry leaf
- 58. Pests of rose, jasmine, crossandra, chrysanthemum and tuberose
- 59. Pests of stored products

References:

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- 14. Srivastava, K.P. and D.K.Butani. 2009. *Pest Management in Vegetables* (Vol. I & II). Studium Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi . 777p. {ISBN: 978-81-907577-3-7}
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- 14. http://agritech.tnau.ac.in/
- 15. http://www.nbaii.res.in/
- 16. http://www.nrcg.res.in/
- 17. ipm.illinois.edu

AGR 303 Practical crop Production – II (Rabi crop) (0+2)

- 21. Each student will be allotted a minimum land area of $100/200 \text{ m}^2$ and he / she will do all field operations in the allotted land from field preparation to harvest and processing.
- 22. Field preparation, seed, treatment, nursery raising, sowing, nutrient, water and weed management and management of insect-pests diseases of crops, harvesting, threshing, drying winnowing, storage and marketing of produce.
- 23. Any irrigated dry crop (maize / sorghum / pearl millet / finger millet / cotton / groundnut / sunflower / sesame) **Practical Schedule for Irrigated dry crop (Eg. Maize):**
- 24. Ecosystem Climate and weather Seasons and varieties of Tamil Nadu
- 25. Selection of field Main field preparation seed treatment Application of manures and fertilizers -Sowing - Weed management and practicing pre- emergence application of herbicides - Thinning and gap filling - Estimation of plant population - Top dressing - Weed management - Water management -Pest management - Observation on nutrient and weeds - Recording growth, yield attributes and yield
- 26. Harvesting, threshing and cleaning the produce Cost of cultivation and economics
 - 1 & 2 .Study of ecosystems, climate, weather, seasons and varieties of Tamil Nadu
 - 3 & 4. Selection of field for maize cultivation
 - 5 & 6. Acquiring skill in seed treatment practices
 - 7 & 8. Study and Practice of main field preparation for maize
 - 9 & 10. Practicing of application of manures and fertilizers for maize
 - 11 & 12. Practicing sowing of maize
 - 13 &14. Acquiring skill in pre-emergence application of herbicides
 - 15 &16. Estimation of plant population and acquiring skill in gap filling and thinning
 - 17 & 18. Observation on nutritional deficiency symptoms and corrective measures
 - 19 & 20. Study of weeds and weed management in maize
 - 20 & 21. Recording growth parameters and assessing dry matter production
 - 22 & 23 Study of water management practices for maize
 - 24 & 25. Observation of insect pests and diseases and their management
 - 26 & 27. Estimation of yield and yield parameters in maize
 - 28 & 29. Harvesting, threshing and cleaning of the produce
 - 30 & 31. Harvesting, threshing and cleaning of the produce
 - 32 & 33. Working out cost of cultivation and economics
 - 42. Practical

References:

- Ahlawat, I.P.S., Om Prakash and G.S.Saini.2010. Scientific Crop Production in India. Rama Publishing House, Meerut.
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New Delhi. Crop Production Guide. 2012. Directorate of Agriculture, Chennai and Tamil Nadu Agricultural University, Coimbatore.

E-References:

www.cimmyt.org

AGR 304 Principles of Organic Farming (1+1)

Theory:

Unit - I: Components and Principles of Organic Cotton

Organic farming: Definition - Scope - principles and concepts - history of organic farming - global scenario - biodiversity: importance and measure to preserve biodiversity - pre requisites for Organic farming:- Soil organic carbon: status and improvement strategies.

Unit - II: Organic sources of Nutrients

Organic sources of nutrients - manures and other inputs - on farm and off farm sources - organic waste recycling - methods - Soil and crop management - inter cropping, crop rotation, green manures, cover crops, mulching - bio fertilizers.

Unit - III: Non - Chemical weed and Pest disease management

Non-chemical weed management methods: preventive, physical, cultural, mechanical and biological measures - Bio-intensive pest and disease management.

Unit - IV: Indigenous Technical Knowledge (ITK)

Indigenous Technical Knowledge (ITK) in organic agriculture - scientific rationale - soil, nutrient, weed, water, management - prospects and problems in organic farming.

Unit - V: Certification of label

Organic certification - NPOP guidelines - Certification agencies in India - crop production standards - Quality considerations - labeling and accreditation process - marketing and export opportunities.

Lecture Schedule:

- 76. Organic farming; definition prospects principles and concepts History and genesis of organic farming in World and India: Present status in World, India and Tamil Nadu.
- 77. Introduction to bio diversity; importance and measures to preserve bio diversity.
- 78. Pre-requisites and basic steps for organic farming; conversation to organic farming planning and processes in practices IFS approach Integration of animal components.
- 79. Organic carbon; status and improvement strategies conservative tillage systems.
- 5. Sources of organic manures plant, animal and microbial origin on farm resources; FYM, green manures, crop residues, poultry manure, sheep and goat manures, biogas slurry and vermicompost.
- 26. Off-farm resources; coir pith, press mud, oilcakes, flyash, bio compost, minerals, bone meal, bio fertilizers, traditional preparations.
- 27. Organic waste recycling methods and techniques composting, vermicomposting, *in situ* composting system approach.
- 28. Soil and crop management in organic farming; Inter cropping and companion planting, crop rotation green manures and cover crops, mulching.

29. Mid semester examination

- 22. Weeds Ecology habitat management of weeds Non chemical weed management methods; preventive, physical, cultural, use of tools and implements and biological measures good crop husbandry practices.
- 23. Integrated pest and diseases management bio control agents, bio rational pesticides; minerals, botanicals, soaps, trap crops, bird perches, and traditional preparations sanitation.
- 24. Indigenous technical knowledge (ITK) in organic agriculture rationale and principles general, indigenous practices for soil, nutrient, weed, water pest and disease management in farming ITK's in farmers practice.
- 25. Benefits and problems in organic farming.
- 26. Organic farming; Promotional activities; role of government and NGO's action plan policy considerations.
- 27. Economic evaluation of organic production systems cost benefit analysis and comparison with conventional systems.

- 28. Organic certification procedures certification agencies in India labeling, marketing and export opportunities.
- 29. Crop production standards NPOP guidelines principles, recommendations and standards Quality considerations assessment methods premium and export opportunities.

Practical Schedule:

- 24. Resource inventory of organic farm- Soil sampling and analysis for organic carbon and pesticide residues / contaminants.
- 25. Raising of green manures (Sunnhemp / Daincha / Fodder cowpea).
- 26. Incorporation of green manure seed treatment and raising of field crop (Rice / Maize / Cowpea / Cotton / Gingelly).
- 27. Hands on practice on preparatory cultivation; soil and water conservation methods.
- 28. Hands on experience on recycling techniques; bio-composting and vermicomposting.
- 29. Quantification of nutrients from organic sources and application of manures and bio- fertilizers.
- 30. Exposure visit to an organic farm to learn ITK based preparations.
- 31. Organic crop production and weed management.
- 32. Skill development in composting farm residues.
- 33. Organic crop production and pest management.
- 34. Exposure visit to bio-control agent (Pseudomonas, Trichoderma etc.,) production units.
- 35. Organic crop production and diseases management.
- 36. Skill development in vermicompost preparation.
- 37. Hands on training on grading, packaging and post-harvest management.
- 38. Exposure visit to organic market out lets.
- 39. Exposure visit to organic certification agencies / Directorate of Organic Certification, Tamil Nadu.

40. Practical Examination

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ABT 301 Plant Biotechnology (2+1)

Theory

Unit I Basics of Plant Tissue Culture

Plant tissue culture: Concepts, history and scope - Media and Culture Conditions - Sterilization techniques- Regeneration methods - morphogenesis, organogenesis and embryogenesis - culture types - callus culture and cell suspension culture; shoot tip and meristem tip culture; anther and pollen culture; ovule and embryo culture

Unit II Applied Plant Tissue Culture

Micropropagation - banana and ornamental plants; National certification and Quality management of TC plants- Applications of organ culture - Meristem tip culture (virus free plants) and anther culture (doubled haploids)- Protoplast isolation and fusion- somaclonal variation- synthetic seeds - secondary metabolite production- invitro germplasm conservation

Unit III Basic Molecular Biology

Genome organization- prokaryotes vs eukaryotes- Central dogma of life - Structure of nucleic acids - DNA replication, aminoacids and their classification- genetic codes- transcription, translation and protein synthesis- Structure of a gene, regulation of gene expression, Operon concept- basic techniques in molecular biology-Blotting techniques- Polymerase chain reaction- DNA sequencing methods.

Unit IV Recombinant DNA Technology and Genetic Transformation

DNA manipulation enzymes: Polymerases, restriction endonucleases and ligases - Different types of

vectors: plasmids, phagemids, cosmids, BAC - Construction of recombinant DNA molecules- Bacterial transformation - Direct and indirect gene transfer methods in plants: microinjection, electroporation, particle bombardment, *Agrobacterium* mediated method - Tissue specific promoters, selectable and scorable markers, reporter genes- Molecular analysis of transgenic plants – Transgenic plants: herbicide, pest and disease resistant, abiotic stress resistant, nutritional enhancement and traits for improved quality-Detection of GMOs – regulations and biosafety.

Unit V Molecular Marker Technology and Molecular Breeding

DNA markers - hybridization based markers (RFLP) - PCR based markers: RAPD, SSR, AFLP, and SNPs - DNA fingerprinting of crop varieties – Development of mapping populations- linkage and QTL analysis-principles, methods and applications of Marker Assisted Selection in crop improvement-Applications of Plant Genomics and genome databases

Practicals

Biotech Laboratory organization, safety regulations – basics of reagents and solution preparation- Plant tissue culture media preparation- shoot tip culture (rose) - Meristem culture (tapioca)- Micro propagation of banana - Callus culture – Culturing of E. coli and determination of growth curve-Isolation of bacterial plasmid DNA- Restriction Digestion and Ligation- Competent cell preparation and Bacterial transformation – confirmation of transformation through colony screening - DNA extraction from plants-Quantification of DNA and quality check through Agarose gel electrophoresis - Molecular marker analysis- DNA fingerprinting using RAPD/SSR markers - NTSys- analysis of diversity in crop plants-Visit to tissue culture units /biotech labs in seed industry/Bt cotton field/tissue culture banana fields

Lecture Schedule

- 34. Plant tissue culture: Concepts, history and scope
- 35. Media and Culture Conditions and Sterilization techniques
- 36. Regeneration methods morphogenesis, organogenesis and embryogenesis
- 37. Culture types callus culture and cell suspension culture; shoot tip and meristem tip culture
- 38. Anther and pollen culture; ovule and embryo culture
- 39. Micropropagation banana and ornamental plants
- 40. National certification and Quality management of TC plants
- 41. Meristem tip culture (virus free plants) and anther culture (doubled haploids)
- 42. Protoplast isolation and fusion- somaclonal variation-synthetic seeds
- 43. Secondary metabolite production, *invitro* germplasm conservation
- 44. Genome organization- prokaryotes vs eukaryotes
- 45. Central dogma of life Structure of nucleic acids
- 46. DNA replication- Mechanism
- 47. Transcription and Post transcriptional processing RNA splicing
- 48. Translation Amino acids and their classification, genetic codes and protein synthesis
- 49. Concept and structure of a gene- classical and modern concept

50. Mid semester Examination

- 51. Regulation of gene expression, Operon concept
- 52. Blotting techniques and Polymerase chain reaction
- 53. DNA sequencing methods
- 54. DNA manipulation enzymes: Polymerases, restriction endonucleases and ligases
- 55. Different types of vectors: plasmids, phagemids, cosmids, BAC
- 56. Construction of recombinant DNA molecules- Bacterial transformation
- 57. Direct and indirect gene transfer methods in plants: microinjection, electroporation, particle bombardment, *Agrobacterium* mediated method
- 58. Tissue specific promoters, selectable and scorable markers, reporter genes, Molecular analysis of transgenic plants
- 59. Transgenic plants: herbicide, pest and disease resistant, abiotic stress resistant,
- 60. Transgenic plants: nutritional enhancement and traits for improved quality
- 61. Detection of GMOs regulations and biosafety.
- 62. DNA markers hybridization based markers (RFLP) PCR based markers: RAPD, SSR, AFLP, and SNPs
- 63. DNA fingerprinting of crop varieties
- 64. Development of mapping populations
- 65. Linkage and QTL analysis
- 66. Principles, methods and applications of Marker Assisted Selection in crop improvement
- 67. Applications of Plant Genomics and genome databases

Practical schedule

- 20 Biotech Laboratory: Organization and Safety Regulations
- 21 Basics of Reagents and Solution Preparation
- 22 Plant Tissue Culture Media Preparation
- 23 Shoot Tip Culture of Rose
- 24 Meristem Tip Culture of Tapioca
- 25 Micropropagation of Banana
- 13. Callus Culture
- 14. Isolation of Bacterial Plasmid DNA
- 15. Restriction Digestion and Ligation
- 16. Competent Cell Preparation and Bacterial Transformation
- 17. Confirmation of Transformation through Colony Screening
- 18. Genomic DNA Extraction from Plants
- 19. Quantification of DNA and Quality Check through Agarose Gel Electrophoresis

- 20. DNA Fingerprinting using PCR
- 21. NTSys- Analysis of Diversity in Crop Plants
- 22. Visit to Tissue Culture Units /Biotech Lab in Seed Industry/Bt Cotton Field Lateral Flow Strip Assay

23. Final Practical Examination

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Boopathi, N. M. 2013. Genetic Mapping and Marker Assisted Selection - Basics, Practice and Benefits, Springer Publications

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Dubey, R. C. 2014. A textbook of Biotechnology. 5th revised Edn. S. Chand Publications. New Delhi George, E. F, Hall M. A. and Geert-Jan De Klerk. 2009. Plant Propagation by Tissue Culture,

3rd Edition, Springer, The Netherlands. 501p.

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Applications John Wiley & Sons, Inc ISBN: 978-0-470-04381-3

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Tomar, R. S., Parakhia, M. V., Patel, S. V. and Golakia, B. A., 2010. Molecular markers and Plant Biotechnology, New Publishers, New Delhi.

Xu, Y 2010. Molecular Plant Breeding. International Maize and Wheat Improvement Centre (CIMMYT). 752 Pages

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- 4. http://www.agbioworld.org
- 5. http://www.cropgen.org.
- 6. http://www.agbiosafety.unl.edu/.
PBG 302 Crop Improvement (2+1)

THEORY

Unit I: Cereals

Place of origin – putative parents – related wild species – breeding objectives–breeding methods– conventional and innovative methods-heterosis breeding and important varieties in following cereals: Rice, Wheat, Maize, Sorghum, Pearl millet, Finger millet

Unit II: Pulses and Oilseeds

Place of origin – putative parents – related wild species – breeding objectives–breeding methods– conventional and innovative methods-heterosis breeding and important varieties in following crops Pulses: Redgram , Bengal gram, Greengram, Blackgram, Cowpea, Soybean. Oilseeds: Groundnut, Sunflower, Gingelly, Castor, Rape and Mustard.

Unit III:Cash crops, FodderandHorticultural crops

Place of origin – putative parents – related wild species – breeding objectives-breeding methodsconventional and innovative methods-heterosis breeding and important varieties in following crops

Fibres: Cotton; Sugars: Sugarcane; Starch: Potato; Fumitories: Tobacco, Fodder: Guinea grass, Napier, Cumbu – Napier, Lucerne, *Stylosanthes*; Horticultural crops: Bhendi, Tomato, Brinjal, Papaya, Banana

Unit IV: Breeding for Biotic and Abiotic stresses and Quality

Breeding for insect resistance – mechanisms, basis, genetics of insect resistance - suitable breeding methods- merits and demerits of resistance breeding; Breeding for disease resistance – horizontal and vertical resistance- Gene for gene hypothesis – mechanisms, genetics of disease resistance; Suitable breeding methods for disease resistance- exploitation of vertical resistance in plant breeding- multilines, gene pyramiding, gene deployment.

Breeding for Abiotic stress – drought – mechanisms, basis, genetics of drought resistance - suitable breeding methods -limitations of drought resistance breeding; Breeding for Abiotic stress – salinity and alkalinity;

Breeding for quality traits- Important quality traits in different crops- nutritional quality of cereals and pulses-Genetics of nutritional traits-breeding methods- Breeding for low toxic substances- limitations of breeding for enhanced nutritional quality

Unit V: Hybrid seed production techniques and ideotype breeding

Hybrid seed production techniques in rice, maize and redgram

Ideotype breeding- main features-difference between traditional and ideotype breeding- - crop ideotypes in rice, wheat, cotton- steps in ideotype breeding- merits and demerits of ideotype breeding

PRACTICAL

Observation on floral biology – anthesis and pollination – selfing – crossing techniques – observation on cultivated germplasm, wild species – Experimental design – handling segregating generations- Yield trials in following crops- Rice, Maize and Sorghum,Pearl milletand Finger millet, Redgram, Bengal gram, Green gram, Black gram, Cowpea and Soybean, Groundnut and Sunflower, Sesame and Castor, Cotton, Sugarcane, Guinea grass, Cumbu – Napier hybrids, Lucerneand*Stylosanthes*,Bhendi, Brinjal, Tomato, Papaya and Banana, Study of quality characters in rice, Study of donor parents for different characters, General seed production techniques in field crops, Visit to AICRP and seed production plots of different field crops

Lecture schedule

Place of origin – putative parents – related wild species – breeding objectives–breeding methods– conventional and innovative methods-heterosis breeding and important varieties in following crops:

- 27. Cereals: Rice.
- 28. Cereals: Rice.
- 29. Cereals: Rice.
- 30. Cereals: Wheat
- 31. Cereals : Maize
- 32. Cereals: Sorghum
- 33. Cereals: Pearl millet, Finger millet,
- 34. Pulses: Redgram
- 35. Pulses: Greengram, Blackgram,
- 36. Pulses: Soybean, Bengal gram
- 37. Pulses: Cowpea
- 38. Oilseeds: Groundnut
- 39. Oilseeds: Gingelly, Rapeseed and Mustard
- 40. Oilseeds: Castor and Sunflower
- 41. Fibres: Cotton
- 42. Sugars: Sugarcane
- 43. Mid Semester Examination.
- 44. Starch: Potato
- 45. Fumitories: Tobacco
- 46. Forage grassesand legumes: Guinea grass, Napier, Cumbunapierhybrid,Lucerne,Stylosanthes
- 47. Breeding for sexually propagated horticultural crops-Bhendi, Tomato
- 48. Breeding for sexually propagated horticultural crops- Brinjal, Papaya
- 49. Breeding for clonally propagated horticultural crops- Banana
- 50. Breeding for insect resistance mechanisms, basis, genetics of insect resistance- suitable breeding methods- merits and demerits of resistance breeding
- 51. Breeding for disease resistance –horizontal and vertical resistance- Gene for gene hypothesis mechanisms, genetics of disease resistance
- 52. Suitable breeding methods for disease resistance- exploitation of vertical resistance in plant breeding- multilines, gene pyramiding, gene deployment.
- 53. Breeding for Abiotic stress drought mechanisms, basis, genetics of drought resistance suitable breeding methods-limitations of drought resistance breeding
- 41. Breeding for Abiotic stress salinity and alkalinity
- 42. Breeding for quality traits- Important quality traits in different crops- nutritional quality of cereals and pulses-
- 43. Genetics of nutritional traits-breeding methods- Breeding for low toxic substances-limitations of breeding for enhanced nutritional quality
- 44. Hybrid seed production techniques in rice
- 45. Hybrid seed production techniques in maize
- 46. Hybrid seed production techniques in redgram
- 47. Ideotype breeding- main features-difference between traditional and ideotype breeding- crop ideotypes in rice, wheat, cotton- steps in ideotype breeding- merits and demerits of ideotype breeding

Practical schedule

 $Observation \ on \ floral \ biology - anthesis \ and \ pollination - selfing - crossing \ techniques - observation \ on \ cultivated \ germplasm, \ wild \ species - Experimental \ design - handling \ segregating \ generations- \ Yield \ trials \ in \ following \ crops.$

28. Rice

- 29. Maizeand Sorghum
- 30. Pearl milletandFinger millet
- 31. Redgram, Bengal gramand Soybean
- 32. Green gram, Black gram and Cowpea
- 33. Groundnut and Sunflower.
- 34. Sesame and Castor
- 35. Cotton
- 36. Sugarcane
- 37. Guinea grass, Cumbu Napier hybridsLucerne and Stylosanthes
- 38. Bhendi, Brinjal, Tomato
- 39. Papayaand Banana
- 40. Study of quality characters in rice
- 41. Study of donor parents for different characters
- 42. General seed production techniques in field crops
- 43. Visit to AICRP and seed production plots of different field crops
- 44. Final Practical Examination

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- Singh, B.D. 2007. Plant breeding Principles and methods. Phundan Singh. 2015. Essentials of Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi Harihar Ram and HariGovind Singh, 1994. Crop breeding and Genetics. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi. D.N.Bharadwaj.2012. Breeding Field Crops. Agrobios (India), Jodhpur - 342002 HariHar Ram, 2011. Vegetable Breeding-Principles and Practice, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi. ^{\composed} N.Kumar.2006. Breeding of horticultural crops- Principles and Practices. New India Publishing Agency. New Delhi D.A.Sleper and J.M.Poehlman. 2007. Breeding Field Crops. Blackwell Publishing Professional (USA) H.H.Ram. 2011. Crop Breeding and Biotechnology. Kalyani Publishers (India)

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- 2. www.nbpgr.nic.in
- 3. www.irri.org
- 4. www.icrisat.org

VII SEMESTER

S No.	Course code	Course Title	Credit Load
1	AEX 401	Student READY programme (Rural Agricultural Work	0+20
		Experience and Agro-industrial Attachment)	
2	AGR 401	Project Report Preparation, presentation and Evaluation	0+1
3.	AEX 402	All India Study Tour*	0+1

Non gradial compulsory

AEX 401 Rural Agricultural Work Experience (RAWE) (0+20)

- **UNIT I** Village Resource Inventory and Planning (using PRA tools, Rich pictures, GIS maps, secondary data, interview, etc.)
 - Describe the Natural Resources Village boundaries, topography, historical background, water resources (river, canal, tank, etc.), soil resources, vegetation (trees, crops, etc.), fodder, animal
 - husbandry (milch cattle, poultry, goatery, fishery, etc.), wild animals, climate, land utilization pattern, etc.
 - Describe the Agricultural scenario Cropping pattern, cropping systems, farming systems, area, production and productivity of crops, adoption pattern of recommended varieties / hybrids,
 - technologies and machinery / implements, organic farming, contract farming, etc.
 - Explain the Demographic details population, literacy, land holdings, farmers, farm women, youth, caste, labour, etc.
 - Analyze the Social factors social structure, social stratification, social change, social groups, culture, social control, leadership, social processes, migration, social customs, social issues, etc.
 - Study the Socio-psychological factors group processes / dynamics, attitude towards innovations, etc.
 - Assess the Village Infrastructure Educational institutions, Government institutes / offices, private firms / offices, NGOs, Societies, Banks, Panchayat Union / Grama Panchayat, Clubs, SHGs, FPOs,
 - Associations, Communication facilities, transport facilities, railway station, police station,

hospitals, clinics, veterinary hospital, post office, markets, community centers, religious places of worship, etc.

- Analyze the Problems / Constraints Problem / Constraints related to farming, marketing, processing, transport, communication, access to extension and other services, etc.
 - Prepare village development plans in consultation with different stakeholders.
- **Unit II Farm Resource Inventory and Planning** (using maps, Rich pictures, farm system modeling, family tree charts, flow diagrams, interview, etc.)
 - Describe the Farm boundaries, topography, water resources, soil resources, vegetation, animal enterprises, etc.
 - Describe the cropping pattern, cropping system, farming system, agri-business, etc.
 - Explore Farmers Practices Indigenous Technical Knowledge (ITK). Identify the constraints of the system environment (natural, economic, social, political, legal).
 - - Assess the linkages with Extension agencies, Markets, Input agencies, Media, Development departments, etc.

- Identify and describe all the people involved in the farm, their work, roles, visions, needs, values, interests and relationships.
- Analyze the system in terms of satisfying current needs. What are the critical factors that need to be managed to sustain the system? Are there opportunities for growth and development to satisfy the
- future needs of the system? Are there threats that also need to be managed?
- Describe the different sub-systems viz., production sub-system, management sub-system, marketing sub-system, human activity sub-system, landscape and natural sub-system, etc., and their relationships.
- Identify the linkages with the Supra System viz., economic, political, legal and social.
- Find out the adoption pattern of recommended varieties / hybrids, technologies, machinery / implements, etc.
- Analyze the financial status and performance of the system Economics of production (area, production, productivity, yield gaps, net returns, cost benefit ratio, etc).
- Prepare farm development plans for different types of farmers, by involving them so as to improve
- their systems.

Unit III Studying activities of State Department of Agriculture

Visit to Office of Assistant Director of Agriculture to study the organizational structure, functions, duties and responsibilities of extension personnel, ATMA, schemes implemented, extension activities conducted, etc. Involve in different extension activities such as village meetings, demonstrations, campaigns, exhibition, radio / TV programmes and record observations and lessons learnt.

Unit IV Studying activities of an NGO

Visit to an NGO to study the organizational pattern, functions, projects, duties and responsibilities of staff, extension activities, schemes implemented, funding sources, etc.

Unit V Studying activities of an Agri Business Firm

Visit to an Agri-business firm to study the business activities, projects, managerial functions viz., planning, supervision, delegation, communication, budgeting, and related aspects.

AEX 402

All India Study Tour

Syllabus

59.

• Visit to important National and International institutes related to agriculture, horticulture, forestry and allied fields in various regions of the country. Exposure to varied agro-climatic zones, crops grown,

cultivation practices, socio-economic and cultural features of the farming community in different

parts of the country.

VIII SEMESTER

(Experiential Learning Programme/ HOT)			
Module			Credit Hrs.
1.	Module-I		0+10
	Module-		
2.	II		0+10
		Total	0+20

S.	Course code		
No.		Titles of the module	s
1.	AGM 451	Bio-inoculant production technology	0+10
2.	HOR 451	Hybrid Seed Production in Vegetable Crops	0+10
3.	SAC 451	On Farm Advisory for Soil Health, Water Quality & Plant Nutrition	0+10
4.	AEN 451	Commercial Beekeeping	0+10
5.	SER 451	Commercial Cocoon Production	0+10
6.	ABT 451	Commercial Plant Tissue Culture	0+10
7.	HOR452	Commercial Nursery Technology of Horticultural Crops	0+10
8.	HOR 453	Commercial Landscape Gardening	0+10
9.	PAT 451	Commercial production of Bio-control agents	0+10
10.	PAT 452	Commercial mushroom production	0+10
11.	AMP 451	Commercial broiler and layer production	0+10
12.	SST 451	Commercial seed production	0+10
13.	PBG 451	Hybrid pearl millet seed production	0+10
14.	PBG 452	Hybrid rice parental line seed production	0+10
15.	ARM 451	Managerial skills for Agribusiness	0+10
16.	AGR 451	Development of Integrated Farming system Model	0+10
17.	HOR 454	Protected cultivation of Vegetable crops	0+10
18.	ENS 451	Composting technology	0+10
19.	AGR 452	Organic Agriculture	0+10

AGM 451 Bioinoculants Production Technology (0+10)

Activities

- Week
 - Biofertilizers types, production and demand in India; Importance and contribution of biofertilizers in Agriculture and allied sectors. Economics of biofertilizer production. Calculation of commercial production cost fixed cost- cost of building, equipments and glasswares and variable cost raw materials, maintenance, labour cost *etc.*,
 - Exposure visit to biofertilizer production unit. Facilities and equipments required for laboratory scale, pilot scale and large scale biofertilizer production (liquid and carrier) principles and specifications. Raw materials required-glass wares, chemicals, printed poly bags and carrier material specifications of raw materials. Isolation, purification and characterization of nitrogenous biofertilizers *Azotobacter, Azospirillum, Rhizobium* and *Gluconoacetobacter*.
 - Isolation and purification of nitrogenous biofertilizers Azolla and Blue Green Algae (BGA). Screening of nitrogen fixers - plant nodulation tests for *Rhizobium*. Use of Gas Chromatography for nitrogenase assay. Nitrogenase activity by ARA (nodule and broth cultures of *Azotobacter*, *Azospirillum* and *Gluconoacetobacter*).
 - Isolation, purification and characterization of phosphate solubilizing and potassium releasing (silicate solubilizing) bacteria. Selection of efficient strains by testing their ability under *in vitro* conditions. Isolation of AM spores from soil and morphological characterization of AM spores.
 - Selection of efficient AM fungi by plant infection tests. Isolation, purification and characterization of sulphur oxidizing and zinc solubilizing microbes. Screening of efficient sulphur oxidizing and zinc solubilizing microbes.
 - Isolation, purification and characterization of plant growth promoting bacteria Pink Pigmented Facultative Methylotrophs (PPFM) and screening of PPFM. Development of markers for easy identification-application of real time PCR in strain identification.
 - Preparation of medium and carrier material for large scale production. Mass production of *Azotobacter*.
 - Mass production of *Rhizobium*.
 - Mass production of *Azospirillum*.
 - 36. Mass production of phosphate solubilizer.
 - 37. Mass production of *Gluconoacetobacter* and potassium releasing bacterium (silicate solubilizing bacterium).
 - 38. Mass production of PPFM.
 - 39. Mass production of AM fungi, Azolla and BGA.
 - 40. BIS standards / Fertilizer Control Order Specifications and quality control measures for various biofertilizers. Storage and preservation of various microbial cultures sub culturing, lyophilization etc., Establishment of Ideal biofertilizer unit; Shelf life and storage of biofertilizers. Constraints in mass production of various biofertilizers. Biofertilizers Organic certification processes to be followed Agencies for Certification. Rhizobium, Azospirillum and Azotobacter. Quality control laboratories in India.
 - 41. Application techniques- form, dose, method and time of application of biofertilisers *Rhizobium, Azospirillum, Azotobacter, Gluconoacetobacter,* phosphate solubilizers, potash releasers and sulphur oxidizers, Azolla, BGA, AM fungi and PPFM. Exposure to advanced techniques in biofertilizer production Tangential Flow Filtration, lyophilized cells production and automatic packing unit. Visit to biofertilizer inoculated fields in university, farmer's holding and interaction.

Evaluation of plant response to biofertilizer application.

42. Financing - credit facilities – assistance – facility available for establishing biofertilizer production &17 units- licensing required etc., Formulation and presentation of a bankable project for production of

fixed quantity of various biofertilizers.

References

78. Motsara, M.R., Bhattacharyya, P., and Beena Srivatsava. 2004. Biofertiliser Technology, Marketing and Usage – A source book- Cum -Glossary

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- NIIR 2012. The Complete Technology Book on Biofertilizer and Organic Farming NIIR Project Consultancy Services, New Delhi. P. 608. (ISBN: 9789381039076)
- 81. Reeta Khosla 2017. Biofertilizers and Biocontrol Agents for Organic Farming, Publishers: Kojo press.

(ISBN-10: 8192756793,ISBN-13: 978-8192756790)

AGR 451 Development of integrated farming system model (0+10)

Conceptual understanding of IFS in the course

Farming system: concepts, scope, objectives and advantages

Cropping systems for different agro climatic zones of India and Tamil Nadu Crop diversification and intensification in farming system perspective

Integrated Farming Systems

Enterprises selection in Integrated Farming Systems

Integrated Farming System models for wetland ecosystem Management of different enterprises of wetland IFS

Integrated farming system models for irrigated dry land ecosystem Management of different enterprises of irrigated dry land IFS Integrated farming system models for dry land ecosystem Management of different enterprises of dry land IFS

Interaction between different components of IFS

Resource recycling in integrated farming system IFS research methodology and evaluation

Carbon foot-printing and green house gas emission studies in IFS models Farming system characterization for up scaling IFS models to field / farm. Preparation of bankable projects in IFS under wetland eco-system.

Preparation of bankable projects in IFS under irrigated dry land ecosystem Preparation of bankable projects in IFS under dryland ecosystem.

ABT 451 Commercial Plant Tissue Culture (0+10)

Practicals (Weekly Schedule)

81. Basics and establishment of Plant Tissue Culture Laboratory

Organization for a plant tissue culture laboratory - Sterilization methods -Equipments and instruments in PTC - Surface sterilization of explants - Handling tissues in aseptic conditions under laminar flow chamber

2. Medium and stock solution preparation-I

Familiarization of different chemicals- inorganic nutrients – carbon sources, vitamins and growth regulators –solidifying agents - Stock solutions preparation for MS medium and B5 medium

3. Medium and stock solution preparation-II

Stock solutions preparation for WPM medium - Medium preparation- MS medium, B5 medium, WPM medium - Sprouting of tubers in potato

4. Meristem and Micropropagation in cassava, rose and chrysanthemum

Meristem tip culture-medium preparation - Meristem tissue culture - cassava - Media preparation for micropropagation in rose and chrysanthemum - Micropropagation in rose and chrysanthemum

5. Micropropagation of banana and neem

Media preparation for micropropagation in banana, neem, eucalyptus, *Aloe vera, Phyllanthus* and potato - Micropropagation in banana and neem

6. Micropropagation of eucalyptus, Aloe vera and Phyllanthus

Micropropagation in eucalyptus, *Aloe vera, Phyllanthus* - Media preparation for micropropagation in sugarcane and bamboo - Inoculation of potato sprouts

7. Micropropagation of Sugarcane, bamboo and sub culturing

Micropropagation- sugarcane, Bamboo - Medium preparation for subculturing in rose, chrysanthemum, banana, neem, eucalyptus and *Phyllanthus*

8. Sub culturing -I

Medium preparation for subculturing- meristem tip culture, sugarcane and *Aloe vera*, bamboo, microtuber induction in potato - Subculturing in rose and chrysanthemum

9. Sub culturing -II

Subculturing in banana, neem and eucalyptus -Mid semester Examination- Subculturing in *Phyllanthus, Aloe vera* and cassava

10. Callus induction in Phyllanthus and Coleus and rooting

Subculturing in sugarcane and bamboo - Medium preparation for callus induction in *Phyllanthus* and *Coleus* - Inoculation of explants for callus induction in *Phyllanthus* and Coleus - Medium preparation for rooting in rose and chrysanthemum

11. Media preparation and inoculation for rooting of microshoots

Medium preparation for rooting in banana, neem, eucalyptus, *Aloe vera*, *Phyllanthus*, bamboo, cassava and sugarcane - Inoculation of micro shoots for rooting in rose, chrysanthemum, banana and neem

12. Inoculation for rooting of microshoots and hardening

Inoculation of microshoots for rooting in eucalyptus, aloe vera, phyllanthus, bamboo, cassava and sugarcane - Observations on microtuber induction in potato - Hardening chambers- mist-chamber, glasshouse, polyhouse and tunnel house - Hardening procedures, visit to any hardening facility

13. Synthetic seed preparation and Establishment of cell suspensions

Subculturing for proliferation of callus-medium preparation - Synthetic seed preparation-stocks preparation - Subculturing of callus and synthetic seed preparation. Cost-effective methods in PTC - Establishment of suspensions-medium preparation

14. Secondary metabolite production and analysis

Suspension culture in *Phyllanthus and Coleus*- Hairy root cultures with *Agrobacterium rhizogenes* - Preparation of stocks, medium for hairy root infection - Growth parameters for suspension-Fresh and dry weight, PCV and viability assay - Extraction of secondary metabolites and analysis through HPLC-GC-MS. Bioassay of secondary metabolites- anti-bacterial and anti-fungal activity.

15. Field transfer of TC plants

Field transfer of tissue culture plants – Hardening procedures and maintenance of regenerated plants.National certification system for tissue culture plants-application procedures. Visit to a field planted with TC plants. Visit to an Accredited Test Lab/National Certification Centre- NRCB, Trichy.

16. Entrepreneurship development I

Visit to a commercial tissue culture laboratory - Meeting the entrepreneur - Guest lecture from experts from financial institutions-funding opportunities.

17. Project preparation

Project preparation for Plant tissue culture - **Practical** Examination

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AGR 452 Organic Agriculture (0 +10)

Organic nutrient and weed management

Quantification of cow dung and cow urine recovery per animal - analysis their nutrients constituents-Methods of storing of cow dung - analysis of temperature, nutrients and microbial load in different layers of manure pit -Quantification of yield and nutrient content of fodder crops grown organically-Quantification of biomass for different green manures and green leaf manures grown organically-Experiencing mulching and other techniques in weed management.

Biofertilizers preparation

Introduction to biofertilizers and equipments – Isolation of bacterial biofertilizers – Method of application of biofertilizers – Arbuscular Mycorrhizal Fungi – Production and Assessment of infective propagules – Cyanobacterial biofertilizer – PPFM and liquid bioinoculants

Organic manure preparation

Biological wastes, farm wastes: collection, segregation, pre digestion of wastes, Biocompost preparation in pit method and vermicompost bed formation - Preparation of Panchagavya, Jeevamruth and EM and characterization – Harvest of biocompost and vermicompost – Compost maturity indices – FAO standard – Enriched compost preparation – Preparation of bankable project on establishment of organic input production unit.

Eco-friendly Pest Management

Establishment of model pest repellants cafeteria - Preparation and application of herbal leaf extracts in pest management - Monitoring of insect pests through traps and lures - Fruit fly trapping survey in horticultural crops - Case study on Agro-Eco System Analysis (AESA) - Push and Pull Strategies in organic crop protection.

Non chemical diseases management

Diagnosis of disease symptoms and pathogens ,Preparation of enriched farm yard manure and methods of application of bio control agents - Cultural methods of disease management-Disease assessment and scoring - Removal of pathogens like ergot by mechanical methods- Preparation and foliar spraying of Arappu butter milk extract - Preparation and foliar spraying of pseudomonas butter milk extract- Preparation and foliar spraying of garlic vasambu extracts - Preparation and foliar spraying of cowdung 20% extract for BLB management- Preparation and foliar spraying of anti viral principles - Role of milk, curd and buttermilk in disease management.

Organic Certification and Preparation of Bankable Projects

Organic certification – Importance and scope – Procedure for obtaining certification — Post harvest management and value addition, supply chain management -Preparation of bankable projects – Visit to Tamil Nadu Organic Certification Department and organic outlets – Visit to Nationalized Banks to learn about funding for projects.

Experiential L	earning –Org	anic Agricult	ure (0 +10)
Enperiorita E		anne i gi ieure	

Class Schedule	
1 week	Quantification of cow dung and cow urine recovery per animal and analysis their nutrients
	constituent.
	Methods of storing of cow dung and analysis of temperature, nutrients and microbial load in
	different layers
2 week	Quantification of yield and nutrient content of fodder crops grown organically.
	Quantification of biomass for different green manures and green leaf manures grown organically.
3 week	Experiencing mulching techniques in weed management
4 week	Introduction to biofertilizers, equipments and Good Laboratory practices
	Preparation of culture media for biofertilizers
	Isolation of <i>Rhizobium</i> from root nodules of leguminous plants
	Isolation of Azospirillum from roots of cereal crops/ grasses
	Isolation of phosphobacteria from soil
	Microscopic observation of biofertilizer cultures
5 week	Population assessment of bacterial biofertilizers
	Method of application of bacterial biofertilizers
	Mass production of Arbuscular Mycorrhizal Fungi
	Identification of AM propagules in roots and soil
	Mass production of Azolla and method of application
	PPFM and Liquid bioinoculants
6 week	Collection, segregation, shredding and quantification of biological wastes/ farm wastes for
	biocompost and vermicompost preparation and initiating the pre digestion process (15 days)
7 week	Procuring inputs for preparing the formulations of Panchagavya, Jeevamruth and Effective
	Microorganisms (EM) -EM to be prepared from mother culture obtained from progressive organic farmers for multiplication
	Formation of beds and digging of compost pit of required size based on the availability of the
	farm wastes. Filling the pit and bed for biocompost
8 week	Vermicompost process respectively. Release of earthworms onto the compost bed
	Monitoring the composting process for moisture and temperature for efficient composting.
	Sampling of partially decomposed material for determining the nutritive value especially
	carbon build up
9 week	Harvest of matured composts, quantification and assessment of compost maturity indices
	and comparing with FAO standards for marketability. Characterization of Panchagavya,
	Jeevamruth and EM formulations
	Preparation of enriched biocompost, vermicompost and FYM using <i>Azospirillum</i> and
10 1	Azotobacter or Azophos
10 week	Establishment of model pest repellants cateteria.
	Preparation and application of herbal leaf extracts in pest management.
11 week	Monitoring of insect pests through traps and lures.
	Fruit fly trapping survey in horticultural crops.

12 week	Case study on Agro-Eco System Analysis (AESA).		
	Push and Pull Strategies in organic crop protection.		
13 week	Preparation of a bankable project on Establishment of a pilot scale organic manure		
	production unit for obtaining bank loans		
	Diagnosis of disease symptoms and pathogens and cultural methods of disease management		
	Disease assessment and scoring.		
14 week	Removal of pathogens like ergot by mechanical methods.		
	Preparation and foliar spraying of Arappu butter milk extract and fliar spraying of		
	pseudomonas butter milk extract		
	Preparation and foliar spraying of garlic vasambu extracts		
	Preparation and foliar spraying of cowdung 20% extract for BLB management		
15 week	Organic certification – Importance and scope		
	Procedure for obtaining certification		
	Post harvest management and value addition		
16 week	Supply chain management in Organic Farming		
	Exposure visit to Tamil Nadu Organic Certification Directorate and organic outlets		
17 week	Preparation of bankable projects		
	Evaluation of individual and group assignments and report submission		
	Visit to Nationalized Banks to learn about funding for projects.		
	Final Practical Examination		

PBG 452 Hybrid rice: Parental line seed production technique (0+10)

Activities:

21. <u>1st week :</u> Studying botany of Rice, Hybrids and their development, breeding methods used in hybrid rice parental line development, Impact of Hybrid Rice in Tamil Nadu.

22.

 2^{nd} week : Selection of field based upon the land with adequate fertility, drainage, irrigation, sun light and free air with adequate isolation distance (100 m distance isolation or 25 days time isolation).

23. 3^{rd} week and 4^{th} week: Seed treatment with Carbendazim, *Pseudomonas fluorescens* and *Azospirillum*

Staggered sowing of A x B line seed production in CORH 3 rice Hybrid

CORH 3

A - Female (Male sterile) TNAU CMS 2A B - Male (Maintainer line) TNAU CMS 2B

Staggered sowing of parents

First sowing of Male line (B1) 3 days before A line sowing – 3kg
Single sowing of the entire female (A) line seeds - 20kg and second sowing of male line (B2) 3kg on the same day
Third sowing of Male line (B3) 3 days after A line sowing – 4kg

A line seed production in CORH 3

37. 5th week

Seedlings pest and disease management in nursery

Main field preparation

 $\Box \Box 6^{\text{th}} \Box$ week

A x B

Transplanting the seedlings in the main field

Ratio - Female: Male	=	6:2
Seedlings/hill for Female (A) line	=	1 (with two to three tillers)
Seedlings / hill for Male (B) line	=	2-3
Spacing in Female (A) line	=	10 x 15 cm
Spacing in Male (B) line	=	30 x 15 cm
Spacing between 'A' and 'B' lines	=	20 cm
7^{th} week and 8^{th} week		

Weedicide application : Three days after planting, application of Butacholor @ 2.5 litres / hectare with 50 kg sand retaining 1 cm water in the main field. After weedicide application, the water should not be drained from the field for two days

Gap filling : Within 7 - 10 days after planting.

Fertilizer application

40.

9th week and 10th week

Crop protection measures to be followed

Fertilizer application (Top dressing)

Panicle initiation and flowering

Flowering: 'A' line should be earlier by one or two days.

Adjustment of flowering date

If the flowering is to be delayed, spray 2% urea solution with Knapsack sprayer to induce vegetative growth.

If the flowering is to be hastened, apply 2% DAP solution to arrest vegetative growth.

By this method 3-4 days difference in flowering can be adjusted.

Copious irrigation hastens the flowering in Male (B) line

Draining the water will delay the flowering in Male (B) line

If there is early flowering in Male (B) line than the Female (A) lines those ear heads may be jerked (removed)

15. 11th week and 12th week Fertilizer

application (Top dressing)

Rogueing

Genetically different plants in both 'A' and 'B' lines should be removed periodically from tillering stage onwards

Pollen shedders in 'A' line should be removed from flowering to grain filling stage daily

GA3 application

Panicle exsertion is incomplete in 'A' line

Two times of GA3 spray with Knapsack sprayer is needed to make the complete panicle exsertion

First spray of 60g GA3 in 500 litres of water/ha at the time of 20 percent flowering

Second spray 40g in 500 litres of water/ha on the next day within 24 hours after the first spray Dissolve GA3 first in Methyl alcohol 1g in 10 cc and then in water

Spray the solution at 8.00 to 10.00 a.m. or 4.00 to 6.00 p.m.

49. 13^{th} week

Supplementary pollination

It is done to promote higher cross pollination.

Rope pulling or stick shaking for 10 days from 20 per cent flowering Best time is 10.00 to 1.00 a.m.

45. 14th week

Harvest and storage

Male (B) line should be harvested first and removed Final rogueing should be done before the harvest of female (A) line

Harvested produce should be threshed, cleaned, dried and stored properly at 12% moisture. $\Box \Box 15^{\underline{th}} \Box week$

Monitoring of farmers field for hybrid performance

58. 16^{th} week Calculation of Economics of seed production

Deliverables

Students can learn the method of genetically pure parental line seed production techniques in

rice hybrid CORH 3

The Hybrid rice seed production and parental line seed production techniques learned from this course will be much useful for the students to become entrepreneur in the future.

PBG 451 Hybrid pearl millet seed production (0+10)

Activities :

28. <u>1st week</u>

Studying the botany of Pearl millet, Flowering behavior and mode of pollination. Hybridization techniques, characteristics of A, B & R lines. Significance of hybrid Breeding in pearl millet. Maintenance breeding of A, B and R lines.

28. 2nd week

TNAU Cumbu hybrid CO 9 seed production; (ICMA 99111 x PT 0029-30 R) Duration 75-80 days Selection of field based on the isolation distance (500 m) Seed treatment Staggered sowing : Male parent (PT 6029-30) R line sowing has to be taken up seven days earlier than female parent). Ist sowing : PT 6029 – 30 R (male parent – R line)

Seed rate 1.5 kg/ha R line

Row Ratio : 4:2 (4 A : 2 R)

Spacing : 45 x 15 cm

Fertilizer application

Herbicide application

19. 3rd_week

IInd sowing : ICMA 93111 (Female parent A line) After 7 days of male line sowing Sowing of border Rows : R line - 4 Rows.

31. <u>4th week</u>

Thinning of seedlings in both A and R lines

57. 5th week & 6th week

Weeding and irrigation

Top dressing of fertilizer

71. <u>7th week</u>

IInd weeding and pest and disease control measures Monitoring of flowering and rogueing

38. 8^{th} and 9^{th} week

28. <u>10th week</u>

30. <u>11th week</u>

Thorough rogueing of the A line and harvesting

Threshing in the a separate threshing floor

Seed cleaning

16. <u>12th week</u> Germination test

Seed treatment of hybrid seed

17. <u>13th week</u>

Seed packing

17. <u>14th week</u>

26. <u>15th week</u>

17. <u>16th week and 17th week</u> Report preparation and submission

Deliverables

Students can learn the method of genetically pure hybrid seed production techniques in pearl millet.

SAC 451 On Farm Advisory for Soil Health, Water Quality and Plant Nutrition (0+10)

Practical Schedule /week

- 46. Identification and Selection of farm holdings growing different crops
- 47. Studying the land features and collection of soil samples
- 48. Assessment of soil physical and chemical quality indices of collected soil samples
- 49. Assessment of soil biological quality indices and interpretation (Dept. of Agrl. Microbiology)
- 50. Interpretation of analytical results of collected soil samples for their quality
- 51. Identifying soil constraints Interpretation of results (Soil physics)
- 52. Problem solving management techniques, Calculation of ameliorants.
- 53. Assessing the Land suitability for agricultural, horticultural and tree crops (Dept.of RS&GIS)
- 54. Water sample collection, quality assessment
- 55. Assessing the land suitability for irrigation
- 56. Fertilizer prescription calculations for important crops Nutrient equivalent basis -Soil Test Crop Response based recommendation for targeted yields
- 57. Deriving the nutrient requirement using DSSIFER soft ware for different crops (STCR)
- 58. Issue of Soil Health Card and Fertilizer prescription using DSSIFER software
- 59. Diagnosis of nutrient deficiencies using VDK software and corrective measures
- 60. Formulating the plan for the selected farm holding for the existing crops
- 61. Formulating the most viable farm plan for the selected farm holding and Development of Soil Constraint Management Package (SCMP)
- 62. Recap and Practical examination

References

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- 61. Garison Sposito, 2008. The Chemistry of Soils. Oxford University Press, USA
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- 32. www.texasplantandsoillab.com/
- 33. www.ulm.edu/spal/
- 34. soilhealth.cals.cornell.edu/extension/.../managing_constraints.pdf
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HOR 451 Hybrid seed production in vegetable crops (0+10)

CONTENT

Unit I - Introduction to quality seed production, principles and practices

Scope and importance of vegetable seed industry and vegetable seed production - principles and practices of seed production - generation system of seed multiplication - pollination behaviour - tools employed in hybrid seed production - study of morphological characters of varieties, parental line and hybrids - designing of planting ratio and border rows - physical and genetic contaminants - isolation distance.

Unit II - Seed production planning and pre sowing seed treatments

Planning of seed production - season and land selection - assessment of seed source and seed selection - pre sowing seed invigouration treatments - dormancy breaking treatments - seed priming - pelleting - polymer coating. Practicing nursery and main field preparation - practicing the sowing of seeds in the nursery - types of nursery - media preparation for protray nursery - sowing -nursery management.

Unit III - Seed crop management and hybrid seed production techniques

Main field preparation - layout - formation of beds - transplanting - fertilizer and nutrient management - weed management - irrigation management - special cultural practices - pest and disease management - identification and removal of off-types and volunteer plants - practicing hybridization techniques (emasculation and pollination) - identification of physiological disorders and management - exposure visit to seed certification department - seed certification procedures - registration and sowing report - field inspection - field counting - visit to seed production plots.

Unit IV - Pre and post harvest operations

Pre-harvest sanitation spray - identification of physiological and harvestable maturity indices - harvesting methods - post harvest verification – fruit grading - extraction of seeds - processing sequence

28. seed drying - seed cleaning - grading - pre-storage seed treatment - seed packing - seed storage - visit to seed processing unit and seed storage godown and learning sanitation measures. Economics of hybrid seed production (cost benefit ratio) - visit to private seed industry.

Unit V - Seed testing and marketing

Seed sampling procedure and submission of samples - seed testing procedure – estimation of seed moisture - physical purity analysis - germination test - visit to grow out test field and DNA finger printing laboratory for genetic purity assessment - visit to seed retail shop - seed marketing - project preparation.

Crops: Tomato, brinjal, chillies, bhendi, and gourds.

Deliverables:

Students who complete this course will gain enough confidence to establish seed industry as a successful business venture.

References

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Geetharani, P., V.Swaminathan and V.Ponnuswami. 2012. Seed Technology of Horticultural Crops. Narendra Publishing House, Delhi - 6.
Kulkarni, G.N. 2011. Principles of seed technology, Kalyani publishers, Ludhiana, New Delhi
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- 14. www.apaseed.org

Hybrid seed production in vegetable crops (0+10)

Practical schedule

Week	Classes	
1.	Scope and importance of vegetable seed industry and vegetable seed production - principles and practices of seed production - generation system of seed multiplication.	
2.	Pollination behaviour - tools employed in hybrid seed production - study of morphological characters of varieties, parental line and hybrids.	
3.	Designing of planting ratio and border rows - physical and genetic contaminants - isolation distance.	
4.	Planning of seed production - season and land selection - assessment of seed source and seed	
	selection.	
5.	Pre sowing seed invigouration treatments - dormancy breaking treatments - seed priming - pelleting - polymer coating.	
6.	Practicing nursery and main field preparation - practicing the sowing of seeds in the nursery - types of nursery - media preparation for protray nursery - sowing -nursery management.	
7.	Main field preparation - layout - formation of beds - transplanting - fertilizer and nutrient management.	
8.	Weed management - irrigation management - special cultural practices - pest and disease management.	
9.	Identification and removal of off-types and volunteer plants - practicing hybridization	
	techniques (emasculation and pollination) - Identification of physiological disorders and	
	management.	
10.	Exposure visit to seed certification department - seed certification procedures - registration and	
	sowing report - field inspection - field counting - visit to seed production plots – project preparation.	
11.	Pre-harvest sanitation spray - identification of physiological and harvestable maturity indices - harvesting methods - project preparation - project preparation.	
12.	Post harvest verification – fruit grading - extraction of seeds - processing sequence - seed drying - seed cleaning - grading - pre-storage seed treatment - seed packing - seed storage.	
13.	Visit to seed processing unit and seed storage godown and learning sanitation measures -	
	project preparation.	
14.	Economics of hybrid seed production (cost benefit ratio) - visit to private seed industry.	
15.	Seed sampling procedure and submission of samples - project preparation.	
16.	Seed testing procedure - estimation of seed moisture - physical purity analysis - germination	
	test - visit to grow out test field and DNA finger printing laboratory for genetic purity	

Crops: Tomato, brinjal, chillies, bhendi, and gourds.

	assessment.
18.	Visit to seed retail shop - seed marketing - project preparation and submission.

SST 451 Commercial seed production (0+10)

CONTENT

Unit I - Introduction to quality seed production, principles and practices

Scope and importance of seed industry and seed production - principles and practices of seed production - generation system of seed multiplication - pollination behaviour - tools employed in hybrid seed production - study of morphological characters of varieties, parental line and hybrids - designing of planting ratio and border rows - physical and genetic contaminants - isolation distance.

Unit II - Seed production planning and pre sowing seed treatments

Planning of seed production - season and land selection - assessment of seed source and seed selection - pre sowing seed invigouration treatments - dormancy breaking treatments - seed priming - pelleting - polymer coating. Practicing nursery and main field preparation - practicing the sowing of seeds in the nursery - protray nursery - sowing - nursery management.

Unit III - Seed crop management and hybrid seed production techniques

Main field preparation - layout - formation of beds - transplanting - fertilizer and nutrient management - weed management - irrigation management - special cultural practices - pest and disease management - identification and removal of off-types and volunteer plants - practicing hybridization techniques (emasculation and pollination and detasseling) - identification of physiological disorders and management - exposure visit to seed certification department - seed certification procedures - registration and sowing report - field inspection – field counting - visit to seed production plots.

Unit IV - Pre and post harvest operations

Pre-harvest sanitation spray - identification of physiological and harvestable maturity indices - harvesting methods - post harvest verification - kapas sorting, cob sorting and pod verification - threshing / extraction of seeds - processing sequence - seed drying - seed cleaning - grading - pre-storage seed treatment - seed packing - seed storage -visit to seed processing unit and seed storage godown and learning sanitation measures. Eeconomics of variety and hybrid seed production (cost benefit ratio) - visit to private seed industry.

Unit V - Seed testing and marketing

Seed sampling procedure and submission of samples - seed testing procedure - estimation of seed moisture - physical purity analysis - germination test - visit to grow out test field and DNA finger printing laboratory for genetic purity assessment - visit to seed retail shop - seed marketing - project preparation.

Crops

Cereals, pulses, oilseeds, cotton and commercially important vegetable crops.

Deliverables:

Students who complete this course will gain enough confidence to establish seed industry as a successful business venture

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Commercial seed production (0+10)

Schedule of Activities

Week	Classes
1.	Scope and importance of seed industry and seed production - principles and practices of seed
	production - generation system of seed multiplication.
2.	Pollination behaviour - tools employed in hybrid seed production - study of morphological
	characters of varieties, parental line and hybrids.
3.	Designing of planting ratio and border rows - physical and genetic contaminants - isolation
	distance.
4.	Planning of seed production - season and land selection - assessment of seed source and seed
	selection.
5.	Pre sowing seed invigouration treatments - dormancy breaking treatments - seed priming -
	pelleting - polymer coating.
6.	Practicing nursery and main field preparation - practicing the sowing of seeds in the nursery -
	protray nursery - sowing - nursery management.
7.	Main field preparation - layout - formation of beds - transplanting - fertilizer and nutrient
	management.
8.	Weed management - irrigation management - special cultural practices - pest and disease
-	management.
9.	Identification and removal of off-types and volunteer plants - practicing hybridization techniques
	(emasculation and pollination and detasseling) - identification of physiological disorders and
10	management.
10.	Exposure visit to seed certification department - seed certification procedures - registration and
	sowing report - field inspection - field counting - visit to seed production plots - project
11	preparation.
11.	Pre-narvest samuation spray - identification of physiological and narvestable maturity indices -
12	Dest hervest verification keeps sorting coh sorting and nod verification, threshing (extraction of
12.	Post harvest vermeation - kapas solving, cob solving and pod vermeation - uneshing / extraction of seeds, processing sequence, seed drying, seed cleaning, grading, pre-storage seed treatment
	seed packing - seed storage
13	Visit to seed processing unit and seed storage godown and learning sanitation measures - project
15.	preparation
14	Economics of variety and hybrid seed production (cost benefit ratio) - visit to private seed industry
	Leonomies of variety and hybrid seed production (cost benefit ratio) - visit to private seed industry.
15.	Seed sampling procedure and submission of samples - project preparation.
16.	Seed testing procedure - estimation of seed moisture - physical purity analysis - germination test -
	visit to grow out test field and DNA finger printing laboratory for genetic purity assessment.
17.	Visit to seed retail shop - seed marketing - project preparation and submission.

ENS 451 COMPOSTING TECHNOLOGY

Activities

Collection and characterization of solid-wastes – analyzing physical and chemical properties – site selection for composting – infrastructure required for compost making – processing of solid waste for compost participation – windrow method – heap method – application of microbial inoculum for composting – compost heap temperature- thermophilic phase and mesophilic phase – turning of compost pile for uniform composting – moisture maintenance in compost pile – assessing reduction in carbon and nitrogen ratio – compost maturity assessment – curing of compost material – value addition through beneficial microbes - Assessing nutritive value of compost – national and international standards for compost quality parameters – project preparation for compost making facility – Marketing of compost products – working out cost benefit ratio for compost production – Record maintenance in compost making.

Deliverables/Out come

The students who are undergoing this experiential learning will have independent skill to manage large quantity of solid waste through composting technology. They know how to prepare a project on solid waste management and it will create a self enterprising activity for them.

References:

1.Kelly Smith. 2012. How to build, maintain and use a compost system. Atlantic publishers, Florida.

30. John Berry. 2014. How to make compost? A quick and easy guide. Hewel Trading, USA

31. Roland Ulrich. 2014. Creating humus on farm – The controller heat method of composting. Outskirts press

32. Augustine Afuilio, 2014. Integrated solid waste management. Hand book for Beginners, Planners, Environmentalists, Students and policy makers. Warmra Twechoprise, Nairobi, Kenya.

E -References:

- 1. http://www.eartheasy.com
- 2. http://www.composting council.org
- 3. http://www.Epa.gov/compost
- 4. http://www.Compost.css.cornnell.edu

HOR 452 Commercial Nursery Technology of Horticultural Crops (0+10) Deliverables

Students who undergo this course will gain practical knowledge and hands on experience in different aspects of a commercial fruit nursery.

Students' attitude in leadership quality, managerial skill and professionalism will be enriched. **References**

- 1. Sadhu, M.K. 1989. Plant Propagation. Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi
- 2. Bose, T.K., S.K. Mitra, M. K. Sadhu and B. Mitra. 1991. Propagation of Tropical and Subtropical Horticultural crops. Naya Prakash Publishers, Culcutta, India.
- 3. Hartmann, H.T., D. E. Kester, F.T. davies and R. L. Grene. 2010. Plant Propagation Principles and Practices. Prentice Hall of India Private Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. Nanda, K. K and V. K. Kochhar. 1995. Vegetative Propagation of Plants. Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana.

References

- 1. http://www.oer.nios.ac.in
- 2. http://www.sas.upenn.edu
- 3. http://www.tmnehs.gov.in
- 4. http://www.instructables.com

HOR 453 COMMERCIAL LANDSCAPE GARDENING (0 + 10)

Activities

Understanding the concept of experiential learning and identifying the broad area for experiential learning project activity in commercial Landscape Gardening - Fixing the area of interest for individual or group experiential learning project activity in commercial Landscape Gardening (Green consultancy, Green wall fixtures, Green showcases, Green wall hangings, Green furniture, Cacti buckets and flower bouquets, Green glasses, Trees indoor, Smart garden *etc.*,) - Rationale for selecting the activity in commercial Landscape Gardening and formulating the anticipated methodology for execution - Preparation of the project with budget for execution and marketing - Nurturing the students potential and innovativeness in their area of interest and facilitating the project activity (planning, development and execution) - Concept of advertising the product and developing market strategies for efficient selling - Working out the cost economics / balance sheet involved in the project - Generating a reflective report about the project and the student's potential in academic and personal development.

Deliverables

24. Entrepreneurship skill and buoyancy in handling commercial ventures in the domain of landscape gardening is assured

25. Student's attitude in leadership quality, managerial skill and professionalism will be enriched

HOR 454 PROTECTED CULTIVATION OF VEGETABLE CROPS (0 + 10)

Practical content

Understanding the concept of experiential learning and identifying the broad area for experiential learning project activity in protected cultivation in vegetable crops - Fixing the area of interest for individual or group in project activity in protected cultivation (Establishment and operation of protected structures - types of growing structures - construction of poly house and shade net house - manipulation of environmental factors - practical learning in nursery raising - growing systems - growing media - sterilization - preparation of beds- planting- and cultivation practices - harvesting practices - post harvest handling – storage - project preparation and analysis of cost economics *etc.*,) - Rationale for selecting the activity in protected cultivation and formulating the anticipated methodology for execution - Preparation of the project with budget for execution and marketing - Nurturing the students potential and innovativeness in their area of interest and facilitating the project activity (planning, development and execution) - Concept of advertising the product and developing market strategies for efficient selling - Working out the cost economics / balance sheet involved in the project - Generating a reflective report about the project and the student's potential in academic and personal development.

Crops: Tomato / Capsicum / Cucumber

- 68. References
- ¹ Prasad, S. and U. Kumar. 2005. Green house management for horticultural crops. 2nd ed. Agrobios.
- ² Tiwari, G.N. 2003. Green house technology for controlled environment . Narosa Publ. House.

References

- 1. Harry Tomilson,2010. The complete book on bonsai. Abbevellie press, Glasgow. Phaidon,2014. The garden book, Phaidon book, London
- 2. Judith blacklock, 2012. The complete guide for beginners. Flower fresh publisher, U.K.
- 3. Nancy Norris, 2011. Miniature garden guide book. Kalmbach Publishing company, Netherlands
- 4. Bose.T.K, R.G. Maiti, R.S. Dhua and P.Das. 1999. Floriculture and Landscaping. Naya prakash, Calcutta. Booth. N.K. 1983. Basic elements of landscape architectural design.
- 5. Randhawa, G.S. and A. Mukhopadhyay, 2001. Floriculture in India. Allied Publishers Limited, New Delhi. Foja Singh, 1997. Advances in Floriculture. Media Today Pvt Ltd., New Delhi-17
- 6. Chattopadhyay, S.K. 2007. Commercial Floriculture. Gene-Tech Books, New Delhi

References

http://floracultureinternational.com http://www.wvu.edu/~agexten/hortcult/greenhou/ http://www.umass.edu/umext/floriculture/fact_sheets/greenhouse_management.html https://sharepoint.agriculture.purdue.edu/agriculture/flowers/GHguides.aspx http://www.ag.auburn.edu/hort/landscape/structures.html www.bonsaiempire.com www.gardenweb.com www.my-garden-school.com www.florista.in www.realsimple.com

PAT 451 Commercial production of Bio-control agents 0+10 (Team teaching by Entomologists, Pathologists and Economists)

Reference

- 1. Kennedy, J.S and Zadda Kavitha. 2006. Manual on commercial Production of biocontrol agents. Department of Agricultural Entomology, TNAU, Coimbatore. 156p
- 2. Gautam, R.D. 1994. Biological Pest Suppression. Westville Publishing House, New Delhi. 221 p

3. Course plan: TB: Text Book

Units / Practicals	Topics to be covered	Chapter [#]
1 st week	Establishment of a biocontrol unit, Mass production of <i>Corcyra cephalonica</i> and <i>Maconellicoccus hirsutus</i>	Chap#1,2,3,6 (TB1)
2 nd week	Mass production of parasitoids viz., Trichogramma sp., Chelonus blackburnii, Bracon sp	Chap#7,8,10 (TB1)
3 rd week	Mass production of parasitoids viz., Goniozus nephanitis and Nesolynx thymus	Chap#11 (TB1)
4th week	Mass production of predators viz., Cryptolaemus montrouzieri and Chrysoperla carnea.	Chap#13,14 (TB1)
5th week	Rearing of host insects viz., Helicoverpa armigera and Spodoptera litura	Chap#4,5 (TB1)
6th week	Mass production of nuclear polyhedrosis virus of <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> and <i>Spodoptera litura</i>	Chap#15,16 (TB1)
7th week	Mass production of entomopathogenic fungi viz. Metarhizium anisopliae, Beauveria bassiana and Verticillium lecanii	Chap#18,19,20 (TB1)
8th week	Processing and standardization of microbial pathogens	Chap#21 (TB1)

12. References

http://www.mycologia.Org

http://www.nysaes. cornell.edu

http://www. Eduwebs.org/bugs/mealybug_destroyers.htm

http:// plant disease.ippc.orst.adv/articles

http:// www.nbaii.res.in

PRACTICAL SYLLABUS

Unit 3:

Importance of biological control in plant disease management – Handling of equipments – sterilization techniques –Preparation of media

Collection of soil sample and Isolation of antagonists - *Trichoderma, Chaetomium, Beauveria, Pseudomonas fluorescens,* and *Bacillus subtilis* - Maintenance of pure cultures - Morphological and molecular characterization of antagonists

Unit 4

Keys for the identification of lab contaminants - Assessing the efficacy *in vitro* - mode of action of antagonists - Fermentation systems and different kinds of formulations - Mass multiplication

Methods of delivery of biocontrol agents - Bio efficacy against plant diseases – Container content compatibility - packaging methods and shelf life studies of bio control agents -Guidelines and requirements to establish a commercial bio control lab - energy requirements to establish a commercial

bio control lab

Unit 5

Legal issues involved in the establishment of commercial bio control lab and registration (Small scale and large scale) - Cost Analysis and project preparation - Principles of enterprise management. Exposure visit to commercial bio control units

PRACTICAL SCHEDULE

9 week

- 14. Bio-control agents and their significance in plant disease management
- 15. Safety procedures for handling of equipments (Autoclave, Laminar Air Flow Chamber, Hot air oven, pH meter)
- 16. Safety procedures for handling of equipments (Electronic balance, Fermentor, Distillation unit, Spectrophotometer, Microscopes and Spiral Kneader)
- 17. Good laboratory practices of a bio control lab
- 18. Sterilization techniques

10 week

- 16. Preparation of PDA and Rose Bengal agar medium
- 17. Preparation of *Trichoderma* selective medium,
- 18. Preparation of Kings B medium and Nutrient Agar medium
- 19. Preparation of Actinomycetes and Chaetomium selective medium.
- Collection of soil samples and isolation of Trichoderma, Beauveria and Chaetomium 11

20. week

- 12. Collection of soil samples and isolation of *Pseudomonas fluorescens* and *Bacillus subtilis* and maintenance of pure cultures of biocontrol agents
- 13. Morphological and molecular characterization of Trichoderma
- 14. Morphological and molecular characterization of Pseudomonas fluorescens
- 15. Morphological and molecular characterization of Bacillus subtilis

12 week

- 11. Keys for the identification of lab contaminants (Salmonella, Shigella, Vibrio, Aspergillus, Penicillium, Rhizopus etc.,)
- 12. Assessing the efficacy of Trichoderma under in vitro condition.
- 13. Assessing the efficacy of Pseudomonas and Bacillus under in vitro condition.
- 14. Studies on the mode of action of *Trichoderma* against soil-borne, foliar and Post harvest pathogens
- 15. Studies on mode of action of *Pseudomonas and Bacillus* against soil-borne, foliar and Post harvest pathogens

13 week

- 26. Fermentation systems
- 27. Different kinds of formulations- solid , liquid oil invert formulation etc.
- 28. Mass multiplication of Trichoderma
- 29. Mass multiplication of *Trichoderma*
- 30. Quality analysis of Trichoderma

14 week

- 19 Mass multiplication of Pseudomonas
- 20 Mass multiplication of Bacillus
- 21 Quality analysis of Pseudomonas and Bacillus
- 22 Methods of delivery of bio control agents Trichoderma
- 23 Methods of delivery of bio control agents Pseudomonas and Bacillus

15 week

- 35. Bioefficacy of Trichoderma against plant diseases
- 36. Bioefficacy of Pseudomonas and Bacillus against plant diseases
- 37. Biocontrol agents in pipeline Chaetomium
- 38. Biocontrol agents- Beauveria
- 39. Container content compatibility, packaging methods and shelf life studies of bio control agents.
- 40. Guidelines and requirements to establish a commercial bio control lab

16 week

- F. Studies on energy requirements to establish a commercial bio control lab
- G. Legal issues involved in the establishment of commercial bio control lab and registration (Small scale and large scale).
- H. Legal issues involved in the establishment of commercial bio control lab and registration (Small scale and large scale).
- I. Exposure visit to commercial bio control units
- J. Exposure visit to commercial bio control units

17 week

- 1. Cost Analysis and project preparation: Principles of enterprise management.
- 2. Financial management Agricultural Finance Source of finance Acquisition Ratio analysis.

Economics of Mass Production of Biocontrol agents

Mass Production of *Trichoderma viride* talc formulation (500kg for 30 students)

S. No.	Particulars	Quantity	Amount (Rs.)	
I.Non-l	I.Non-Recurring or Capital Investment *			
1.	Fermentor – 100 lit	1	6,00,000	
2.	Autoclave	1	40,000	
3.	Hot air Oven	1	25,000	
4.	Laminar Air flow Chamber-2'/3'/4'	1	60,000	
5.	Electronic Balance	1	10,000	
6.	Racks and Cabinet	1	15,000	
7.	Plastic tray and glasswares	1	20,000	
8.	Sealing machine	1	3000	
9.	Refrigerator	1	20,000	
10.	Gas connection, Cooker and burner	1	5,000	
		Total	7,98,000	

S. No).	Particulars	Quantity	Amount (Rs.)
II. Re	II. Recurring or Working Expenditure			
1.	Talc Powder		500kgs	7500
2.	Chemicals			2500
3.	Polybags			750
4.	Electricity an	d gas refilling		1000
5.	Labour charg	es		5000
6.	Miscellaneou	s expenditures		2000
			Total	18,750.00

III. Income		
1.	500 kgs of product @Rs. 75/-	37,500.00
2.	Total Expenditure	18,750.00
	Net Profit Rs.	18,750.00

5. Non-Recurring: One time investment

S. No.	Parti	culars	Quantity		Amount (Rs.)
I.Non-l	Recurring or Capital				
Investr	nent				
1.	Fermentor		1		3,00,000
2.	Autoclave		1		40,000
3.	Hot air Oven		1		25,000
4.	Laminar Air flow C	hamber	1		60,000
5.	Electronic Balance		1		10,000
6.	Racks and Cabinet		1		15,000
7.	Plastic tray and glas	swares	1		20,000
8.	Sealing machine		1		3000
9.	Refrigerator		1		20,000
10.	Gas connection, Coo	oker and burner	1		5,000
				Total	4,98,000
S. No.	Parti	culars	Quantity		Amount (Rs.)
II. Rec	urring or Working E	Expenditure			
1.	Talc Powder		1000kgs	3	15000
2.	Chemicals				5000
3.	Polybags				1500
4.	Electricity and gas r	efilling			2000
5.	Labour charges				10000
6.	Miscellaneous exper	nditures			5000
				Total	38,500.00
III. Income					
1.	1. 1000 kgs of product @Rs. 75/-				75,000.00
2				1	20,500,00
2.	Total Expenditure				38,500.00

Mass Production of *Pseudomonas fluorescens* talc formulation (1000kg for 30 students)

J Non-Recurring: One time investment

REFERENCE

- JJ Baker, K.F. and Cook, R.J. 1974. Biological control of plant pathogens. W.H. Freeman and Co. San Francisco, U.S.A.
- KK Chet, I. 1987. Innovative approaches to plant disease control, John wiley and Sons, New York.
- LL Dinakaran, D, G.Arjunan & G.Karthikeyan 2003. Biological control of crop diseases.
- MM Papavizas, G.C. 1985. *Trichoderma* and *Gliocladium* : biology, ecology and potential for biocontrol. Annu. Rev. Phytopathol. 23 : 23-54.
- NN Maheswari ,D.K and R.C Dubey 2008 .Potential micro organisms for sustainable agriculture. I.K International Publishing House Pvt. Lts , New Delhi
- OO Prakasam, V., Raguchander, T. and Prabakar, K. 1998. Plant Disease Management. AE Publications, Coimbatore, India.
- PP Ahamed S and Narain U 2007 . Eco friendly management of plant diseases. Daya Publishing house , New Delhi
- QQ Utkhede, R.S. and Gupta, V.K. 1996. Management of soil borne diseases. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.

PAT 452 COMMERCIAL MUSHROOM PRODUCTION (0+10) (Team Teaching)

Unit 1 : Different types of mushroom , Morphology - Edible and poisonous type - edible mushrooms-*Pleurotus, Agaricus, Volvariella* and *Calocybe* – nutritional values - and pharmacological values-preparation of culture media- pure culture techniques- sterilizing techniques-media - glassware - maintenance of culture Unit 2: Mother spawn production-type of spawn-Multiplication of bed spawn – Substrates for mushroom cultivation and their preparation -mushroom cultivation techniques for *Agaricus*,

Pleurotus, Calocybe and Volvariella- maintenance of spawn running and cropping room-harvest-packing and storage of *Pleurotus, Agaricus* and *Calocybe*.

Unit 3 : Problems in cultivation of *Agaricus, Pleurotus, Calocybe and Volvariella* – pests, diseases and weed moulds, abiotic disorders – management strategies –- Biodegradation of coir pith - cost estimation

Unit 4 : Post harvest technology of *Agaricus, Pleurotus, Calocybe and Volvariella* – methods of preservation –Drying: solar, cabinet, fluidized bed and freeze drying – Packing methods and storage - Controlled atmospheric storage- modified atmospheric storage and canning – Cost analysis.

Unit 5 : Mushroom recipes of *Agaricus, Pleurotus, Calocybe and Volvariella* - Cooking methods- value added products – instant food mixes –Cost analysis. Project preparation- principles of mushroom farm enterprise management – cost estimation

Practical schedule

1 week

Studying the general characters of mushrooms

Different types of mushrooms and their morphology

Identification of edible and poisonous mushrooms

Morphological characters of Pleurotus, Agaricus, Volvariella and Calocybe

Equipments required for culture media preparation and tissue culture - their operation

2 week

Equipments required for spawn preparation - their operation Equipments required for substrate sterilization - their operation

Preparation of different types of culture media- Potato Dextrose Agar (PDA), Oats meal agar (OMA), Malt extract Agar medium (MEA)

Pure culture technique – Tissue isolation methodology

Pure culture technique – Tissue isolation in PDA, OMA and MEA medium 3

week

Sub culturing of fungal cultures and maintenance.

Spawn preparation- laboratory requirements, essentials required for mother spawn and bed spawn preparation and their usage.

 $Oyster \ mushroom: \ mother \ spawn \ preparation - Cooking \ of \ cholam \ grains \ , \ packing \ in \ polybags \ and \ autoclaving$

Oyster mushroom: mother spawn preparation - inoculation

Oyster mushroom: first generation bed spawn preparation - Cooking of cholam, packing in polybags and autoclaving

4 week

Oyster mushroom: first generation bed spawn preparation - inoculation Observe the spawn contaminants.

Oyster mushroom: second generation bed spawn preparation – Cooking of cholam, packing in polybags and autoclaving

Oyster mushroom: second generation bed spawn preparation - inoculation Management of contaminants in mother spawn and bed spawn

5 week

Oyster mushroom cultivation - essentials required, cropping room requirement

Oyster mushroom: preparation of substrates for bed preparation

Oyster mushroom - Bed preparation

Oyster mushroom - Maintenance of beds, harvest and storing

Oyster mushroom - pest and their management

6 week

Oyster mushroom - moulds and disease management

Visit to oyster mushroom farm (spawn lab and mushroom farm)

Visit to ulavar sandai markets (Farmers' Market) and observing the marketing pattern of oyster mushroom

Milky mushroom: mother spawn preparation – Cooking of cholam grains, packing in polybags and autoclaving

Milky mushroom: mother spawn preparation - inoculation 7

week

Milky mushroom: first generation bed spawn preparation – Cooking of cholam, packing in polybags and autoclaving

Observing the spawn contaminants, their management

Milky mushroom: first generation bed spawn preparation - inoculation

Milky mushroom: second generation bed spawn preparation – Cooking of cholam, packing in polybags and autoclaving

Milky mushroom: second generation bed spawn preparation - inoculation 8

week

Milky mushroom cultivation - essentials required, cropping room requirement

Milky mushroom:- substrates for bed preparation

Milky mushroom – Bed preparation

Milky mushroom- casing

Milky mushroom – Maintenance of beds, harvest and storing 9

week

Milky mushroom – pest and their management Milky

mushroom - moulds and disease management

Visit to Milky mushroom farm (spawn lab and mushroom farm)

Visit to ulavar sandai, markets and observing the marketing pattern of milky mushroom Button mushroom: visiting units and learning – tissue isolation, spawn preparation

10 week

Button mushroom: visiting units and learning compost preparation Button mushroom: visiting units and learning: cropping, harvest and storage

Visit to ulavar sandai, markets and observing the marketing pattern of button mushroom

Paddy straw mushroom: tissue isolation

Paddy straw mushroom: spawn preparation

11 week

Paddy straw mushroom: Substrate preparation for beds

Paddy straw mushroom: bed preparation

Paddy straw mushroom cultivation - cropping room requirement, Maintenance of beds, harvest and storing

Paddy straw mushroom – pest and disease management

Abiotic disorders and their management

12 week

Integrated pest and disease management in Mushrooms Biodegradation of agrowastes using mushroom spawn Biodegradation of agrowastes using mushroom spawn- continuation Mushroom as a component in Integrated Farming System Interaction with successful spawn producers – TNAU community radio

13 week

Interaction with successful mushroom producers- TNAU community radio Short term post harvest processing of oyster mushroom Long term post harvest processing of oyster mushroom Packing methods of oyster mushrooms

Short term post harvest processing of milky mushroom 14 week

Long term post harvest processing of milky mushroom Packing methods of milky mushrooms Short term post harvest processing of button mushroom Long term post harvest processing of button mushroom Packing methods of button mushrooms

15 week

Canning of button mushroom Recipe and value added products from oyster mushroom Recipe and value added products from oyster mushroom continued Recipe and value added products from milky mushroom Recipe and value added products from milky mushroom continued

16 week

Recipe and value added products from button mushroom Recipe and value added products from button mushroom continued Recipe and value added products from paddy straw mushroom Project preparation on oyster -spawn production and economics Project preparation on oyster mushroom production and cost estimation

17 week

Project preparation on milky spawn production and cost estimation Project preparation on milky mushroom production and cost estimation Project preparation on button -spawn production and cost estimation Project preparation on button - mushroom production and cost estimation Practical examination

BUDGET

Economics of Spawn Production (100 spawn bags per day) for oyster and milky mushroom mother spawn and bed spawn

Sl.No.	Item	Quantity	Rate (Rs.)	Total (Rs.)
	Recurring cost (100 spawn x 25 days)			
1.	Polypropylene bags	18 kg	120/kg	14,400
2.	Cholam grain	700 Kg	30/kg	21,000
3.	Calcium carbonate (commercial grade)	50	25/kg	1,250
4.	Non-absorbent cotton (400 g rolls)	100	80/roll	8,000
5.	Fungicides & Fumigants			3,000
6.	Electricity & Fuel			20,000
7.	Labour @ 2 women per day for 25 days	2 nos	190/person	9,500
8.	Glass wares and chemicals for preparing mother spawn		5,000	5,000
9.	Miscellaneous			2,000
	Total			84,150
	Overall total			84,150

Total working days for spawn: 25

Economics of Oyster mushroom production and milky mushroom (each 5 Kg/day)

Sl.No.	Item	Quantity	Rate (Rs.)	Total (Rs.)
	Recurring Cost			
1.	Paddy straw	100 kg	5/kg	5,000
2.	Spawn	-	-	-
3.	Polythene bags for bed & packing	2 kg	120/kg	240
4.	Fungicides, Fumigants & Chemicals			5000
5.	Labour @ 2 Per day	2	190 /day	3,800
6.	Miscellaneous (gunny bags, rope,racks)			6000
П.	Non recurring-Oyster Mushroom Shed	800 sq.ft.	75,000	75,000
			Total (Rs.)	95,040

Total working days: 10

REFERENCES

Agarwal, R.K. and C.L.Jandaik.1986. Mushroom cultivation in India. Indian Mushroom Growers Association, Solan, Himachal Pradesh.p-83.

Bahl, N.1988. Hand book of Mushroom II Edn. Oxford & IBM Publishing Co. New Delhi.

Reference books- further reading

- Marimuthu, T., A.S Krishnamoorthy, K.Sivaprakasam and R.Jeyarajan, 1989. Oyster Mushroom Production. The Vijay Books. Sivakasi, India.P.57.
- A.S Krishnamoorthy, Marimuthu, T., and S. Nakkeran . 2005 . Mushroom Biotechnology ,The Vijay Books. Sivakasi, India., Pub.ODL, TNAU, Cbe-3
- Pathak, V.N. Nagendra Yadav and Maneeskas Gaur.2000.Mushroom production and processing Technology. Agribios (India) Ltd., New Delhi

E-REFERENCES

- 1. www.mushroomcouncil.com/grow/grow.html
- 2. www.krishiworld.com/html/mushroom.html
- 3. www.gmushrooms.com /pots.html.
- 4. www.mushworld.com /home/
- 5. www.mushroomcouncil.org

AMP 451 Commercial broiler and layer production (0+10)

	Unit – I - Introduction
	Poultry Industry in India - Current status of broiler and layer industry – Scope of broiler and layer production in India - Introduction to Broilers and Layers – Commercial strains of broilers and layers. Unit – II – Housing Management
	Housing management – Location and layout of commercial broiler and layer farm – Preparation of poultry house - Equipments used in broiler and layer farm - Different system of Management - Deep litter system, Cage system of management, Raised housing - Litter management - Preparation of brooder house – Brooder Management –Chick management – Grower management – Layer management -Summer management of broiler -Winter management of broiler – Lighting management – Common procedures followed in broiler and layer farm.
	Water – Requirement, quality analysis and its maintenance - Feeding Management of broilers and layers – Types of feed – Feed ingredients – Quality assessment of feed ingredients and feed – Additive and supplementation of additives - Storage of feed-Feeding Methods – Nutrient requirement of different stages of broilers and layers – Various standards for broilers and layers - Feed formulation – Least cost formulation –Preparation of compound feed –Components in feed mill –Feed mill operations - Hatchery Management – Hatchery layout and design – Hatcher and Setter – Collection and handling of egg – Setting and hatching of eggs and chicks quality assessment. Unit – IV – Flock Health Management
	Common disease of broilers and layers – Control and Prevention - Medication and Vaccination in broilers and layers – Different vaccination methods – Cold chain for vaccine – Vaccination scheduler for broilers and layers -Postmortem inspection –Waste management -Disposal of dead birds and Manure management - Biosecurity measures.
	Unit – V – Processing and Marketing
	Processing of broilers - Slaughtering of broilers and cut up parts of broilers – Evaluation of egg for its quality - Record maintenance- Marketing Channels in broilers and layers - Export of egg and poultry meat - Integration method of broilers marketing–Team teaching along with Department of Economics on Economics of broiler and layers farming and Project preparation for broiler and layer farm unit for bank loan–Role of NECC and BCC in marketing of poultry and its products - Visit to commercial broiler farm, layer farm, feed plant, hatchery unit and processing plant.
Practica	Ischedule
Wook	Topic to be covered
B	Current status of broiler and layer industry Scope of broiler and layer production in India Commercial strains of broilers and layers Location and layout of commercial broiler and layer farm Preparation of poultry house
2	Equipments used in broiler and layer farm Different system of Management

	Different system of Management
	Deep litter system
	Cage system of management, Raised housing
	Litter management
3	Preparation of brooder house
	Brooder Management, Grower management and Layer management

	Summer management of broiler and layer
	Winter management of broiler and layer
	Lighting management
4	Common procedures followed in broiler and layer farm.
	Water – Requirement
	Quality analysis and its maintenance
	Feeding Management of broilers and layers
	Types of feed
5	Feed ingredients
	Quality assessment of feed ingredients and feed
	Additive and supplementation of additives
	Storage of feed-Feeding Methods
	Nutrient requirement of different stages of broilers and layers
6	Various standards for broilers and layers
	Feed formulation
	Least cost formulation
	Preparation of compound feed
	Components in feed mill
7	Feed mill operations
	Hatchery Management
	Hatchery layout and design
	Hatcher and Setter
	Collection and handling of egg
8	Setting and hatching of eggs and chicks quality assessment
	Common disease of broilers and layers
	Control and Prevention
	Medication and Vaccination in broilers and layers
-	Different vaccination methods
9	Cold chain for vaccine
	Vaccination schedule for broilers and layers
	Postmortem inspection
10	Disposal of waste -dead birds and manure
10	Biosecurity measures.
11	Processing of broilers
	Staughtering of brollers and cut up parts of brollers

В	Evaluation of egg for its quality Record maintenance
	Marketing Channels in broilers and layers
С	Export of egg and poultry meat Integration method of broilers marketing
D	Team teaching along with Department of Economics on Economics of broiler and layers farming and Project preparation for broiler and layer farm unit for bank loan
E	Role of NECC and BCC in marketing of poultry and its products
F	Visit to commercial broiler farm, layer farm, feed plant, hatchery unit and processing plant
G	Examination

AEN 451 Commercial Beekeeping (0+10)

Activities

Honey bee species, castes, social biology and communication in honey bees - Bee pasturage and preparation of bee floral calendar - Honey bees for crop pollination and seed production. - Stingless bees, little bees, rock bees conservation and honey harvest - Beehives, beekeeping equipments specification and uses, visit to manufacturing unit - Hiving feral Indian bee colony, site selection for apiary, visit to migratory bee keeping sites, visit to commercial cerana bee farm, - Honey extraction, processing, purity testing and value addition, visit to honey processing unit - Hive inspection, maintenance of hive records, management in nectar flow season, dearth period, management of swarming, absconding and laying workers - Dividing, uniting bee colonies, artificial feeding, protecting bees from pesticides - Insect, mite and bird enemies of honeybees, brood and adult diseases - Mass queen rearing and production of mating nucleus, visit to commercial mellifera bee farm - Marketing and economics of honey and bee products, preparation of bee keeping projects for bank funding

Reference

- (e) Atwal, A.S. 2013. Mellifera Bee Keeping and Pollination. Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana. 394 p.
- (f) Ted Hooper, 1991. Guide to Bees and Honey (Thrid Edition), *BAS printers ltd. Over Wallop*, *Hampshire* 271 p.
- (g) Roger A. Morse, 1994. The new complete guide to beekeeping. *The Countryman Press, Woodstock, Vermont.* 207p.
- (h) Thomas D. Seeley. 1995. The Wisdom of the Hive, Harvard University Press, Cambridge, 295p.

Sl. No.	Practical	Activity	Ref Book
1	1-10	Honey bee species, castes, social biology and	Chapters 3.5.6 and 10 of TB
	1 10	communication in honey bees	Chapters 2 to 5 of RB 1
			Chapter 2.10 of RB 4
2.	11-20	Bee pasturage and preparation of bee floral	Chapter 11 of TB
		calendar	Chapter 12 of RB 1
			Chapter 10 of RB 2
3.	21-30	Honey bees for crop pollination and seed	Chapter 17 and 18 of TB
		production.	Chapter 15 of RB 1
4.	31-40	Stingless bees, little bees, rock bees	Chapter 5 of TB
		conservation and honey harvest	Chapter 2 of RB 1
5.	41-50	Beehives, beekeeping equipments	Chapter 9 of TB
		specification and uses, visit to manufacturing	Chapter 1 of RB 1
		unit	Chapter 4 of RB 2
			Chapter 1 of RB 3
			Chapter 4 of RB 4
6.	51-70	Hiving feral Indian bee colony, site selection	Chapter 8 of TB
		for apiary, visit to migratory bee keeping sites,	Chapter 1 and 8 of RB 1
		visit to commercial cerana bee farm	Chapter 2 of RB 3
7.	71-80	Honey extraction, processing, purity testing	Chapter 12, 20, 29 of TB
		and value addition, visit to honey processing	Chapter 10 of RB 1
		unit	Chapter 11 of RB 2
			Chapter 5 of RB 3
8.	81-100	Hive inspection, maintenance of hive records,	Chapter 12 of TB
		management in nectar flow season, dearth	Chapter 6, 9 of RB 1
		period, management of swarming,	Chapter 7 of RB 2
	101.100	absconding and laying workers	Chapter 3 to 7 of RB 3
9.	101-120	Dividing, uniting bee colonies, artificial	Chapter 12, 14, 25 of TB
		feeding, protecting bees from pesticides	Chapter 9 of RB 1
10	101 120	Insect mits and hind anomies of honorhoos	Chapter 21 of TD
10.	121-150	brood and adult disasses	Chapter 12 of PP 1
		brood and addit diseases	Chapter 8 of PB 3
			Chapter 0 of PP 2
11	131 140	Mass queen rearing and production of mating	Chapter 16, 22 of TB
11.	131-140	nucleus, visit to beekeeping society	Chapter 10 of RB 1
		nucleus, visit to beekeeping society	Chapter 8 of RB 2
12	141-150	Methods of collection of bees way, bee pollen	Chapter 19 of TB
12.	141-150	propolis bee venom roval jelly - Visit to	Chapter 14 of RB 1
		commercial mellifera bee farm	
13.	151-170	Marketing and economics of honey and bee	Chapter 28, 29 of TB
	101 1/0	products, preparation of bee keeping projects	Chapter 14 of RB 1
		for bank funding	

E- Reference

- i. http://agritech.tnau.ac.in/farm_enterprises/fe_apiculture_home. html http://agdev.anr.udel.edu/maarec/ http://www.aragriculture.org/insects/beekeeping.htm http://tiwanabeefarm.com/
- ii. http://beekeeping.com/
- iii. http://www.apimondia.com/en

SER 451 Commercial Cocoon Production (0+10)

UNIT I : MULBERRY PRODUCTION AND MANAGEMENT

- Area and distribution of mulberry –Popular Varieties climatic requirements and soils
- - Propagation of nursery Selection of planting material Nursery bed Preparation planting management Economics.
- - Main field preparation manuring planting Irrigation –Weeding- fertilizers Intercropping Training and pruning. Shoot harvest Transporting preservation Economics project preparation.
- [□] Pruning methods –farm machinery implements.
- Insect pests and diseases of mulberry -management.

UNIT II: SILKWORM REARING AND MANAGEMENT

- 1. Authorized Silkworm Races crossbreed and bivoltine. Rearing houses plan and maintenance. Rearing appliances disinfection.
- Agencies involved in egg production procurement transportation preservation- incubation black boxing hatching. Brushing of eggs rearing of chawki worms leaf selection feeding moulting bed cleaning bed disinfectants.
- Chawki Garden maintenance and management
 Extension for the state of the state of
 - Estimation of population of chawki establishing Chawki Rearing Centres Record maintenance Transport Fixation of rate. Visit to Chawki Rearing Centre.
- 5.

Late age rearing - tray and shoot rearing methods - leaf selection - feeding - spacing - bed cleaning

- 6. Moulting care bed disinfectants. Mounting and mountages. Spinning care and Harvesting.
- 7. Calculation of Effective rate of rearing Transporting and marketing of cocoons- Economics of rearing silkworms.
- 8. Project preparation for establishing Late age rearing centres. Large scale sericulture farming and contract farming.

Unit III: Silk Reeling

- 9.
 - Physical and commercial properties of cocoons and silk. Cocoon sorting defective cocoons cocoon drying stifling cooking brushing reeling machines parts and their functions.
- 10. Study of silk reeling re-reeling Skein preparation packing.
- 11. Eri silk spinning spinning methods.

12.

Sampling and testing procedure for winding, size, strength test, condition cohesion and seriplane test. Standards for grading raw silk. Economics of establishing reeling units. Visit to silk reeling units automatic silk reeling units.

PRACTICAL SCHEDULE (WEEKLY)

Week	Syllabus to be covered and Expected Learning experience
1	Area and distribution of mulberry – Popular Varieties – climatic requirements and soil
	requirement. Preparation of nursery - planting material - manure application.

2	Nursery management – irrigation, weeding, fertilizer application and plant protection. Economics of nursery management.
3	Main field preparation, manuring - Planting methods - Irrigation – Weeding – Intercropping
4	Training and pruning the mulberry crop. Chawki rearing garden - Pruning methods – schedule of operations. Visit to Chawki rearing garden.
5	Late age silkworm rearing - Harvest of leaf and shoot- methods of harvest. Transporting – preservation of leaves and shoots – methods. Visit to Late age silkworm rearing garden - Calculation of brushing capacity.
6.	Farm machinery implements – mulberry pruner, stem cutter and power weeder. Insect pests and diseases of mulberry –natural enemies- IPM. Economics of Mulberry leaf production. Preparation of project proposals.
7.	Authorized Silkworm Races –crossbreed and bivoltine silkworm rearing. Requisites, inspection and selection of site for rearing house.
8.	Rearing houses – plan and maintenance. Rearing appliances – Disinfection. Agencies involved in egg production - procurement of eggs. Transportation – preservation of eggs – incubation.
9.	Black boxing of eggs hatching - estimation of hatching percentage. Brushing of eggs – practicing brushing. Rearing of chawki worms – methods. Leaf selection and feeding for young age silkworms.
10.	Moulting, Bed cleaning and bed disinfectants for chawki worms. Estimation of population of chawki worms. Establishing Chawki Rearing Centres. Record maintenance and logistics at Chawki Rearing Centres. Transport of Chawki worms. Visit to Chawki Rearing Centre.
11.	Late age rearing – tray and shoot rearing methods. Leaf selection and feeding for late age silkworms. Spacing of late age worms and bed cleaning.
12.	Moulting care, application of bed disinfectants and its importance. Mounting of worms and mountages. Spinning care and Harvesting.
13.	Calculation of Effective rate of rearing. Maintenance of rearing records, rearing environment for successful rearing. Transporting and marketing of cocoons. Economics of rearing silkworms and maintenance of rearing records.
14	Project preparation for establishing Late age rearing centres. Large scale sericulture farming and contract farming. Visit to Chawki Rearing Centre and late age rearing centres.

 Physical and commercial properties of cocoons and silk. Study of cocoon sorting – defective cocoons - drying - stifling - cooking – brushing. Study of reeling machines parts and their functions. Study of silk reeling - re-reeling - Skein preparation - packing.

- Study of tasar and muga cocoons characteristics cooking and reeling. Study of eri silk spinning - methods of spinning. Sampling and testing procedure for winding, size, strength test. Sampling and testing procedures for condition cohesion and seriplane test.
- 3. Standards for grading raw silk. Economics of establishing reeling units. Visit to cocoon market and silk reeling units.

References

Dandin S.B. Jayant Jayswal and K. Giridhar. 2003. Hand book of Sericulture Technologies. Central Silk Board, Bangalore.

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Krishnaswami, S., M.N. Narasimhanna, S.K Suryanarayan and S.Kumararaj. 1978. Sericulture Manual 2 - Silkworm Rearing . FAO Agricultural Services Bulletin 15/2. Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations, Rome, 131 p.

Somashekar, T.H. and K. Kawakami. 2003. Manual on Bivoltine Silk Reeling Technology. Central Silk Board, Bangalore. 122 p.

E- References

1. www.silkbase.org

2. www.papilo.ab.a.u.tokyo.ac.jp

ARM 451 MANAGERIAL SKILLS FOR AGRIBUSINESS (0+10)

Week 1

- 1. Sectors of Agribusiness Seed, Fertilizer, PP Chemicals, Poultry, Bio inputs, Food Processing, Nursery, Logistics, Warehousing, Retail, Consultancy etc
- 2. Discussion on Agribusiness Input sector
- 3. Discussion on Agribusiness Processing sector
- 4. Discussion on Agribusiness Service sector
- 5. Presentation on identified agribusiness sector growth and future directions
- 11. Institutions promoting agribusiness in India
- 12. Government schemes promoting Agribusiness Start up India, Make in India
- 13. Visit to District Industries Centre
- 14. Visit to MSME
- 15. Presentation on promotional schemes for identified agribusiness sector

Week 3

- 1. Business incubation Types, Process
- 2. Business incubation models
- 3. Visit to Directorate of Agribusiness Development
- 4. Discussion with the TNAU incubatees
- 5. Visit to an Agribusiness firm
- 4. Functions of management
- 5. Functional areas of management Operations
- 6. Functional areas of management Human resources
- 7. Functional areas of management Marketing
- 8. Functional areas of management Finance
- 1. Location decision for a business
- 2. Layout Goods and Services
- 3. Demand forecasting
- 4. Planning the operations
- 5. Scheduling the operations

Week 6

- 1. Inventory management decisions
- 2. Warehousing management
- 3. Transportation management
- 4. Packaging management
- 5. Presentation of plan of operations

Week 7

- 1. Market segmentation
- 2. Targeting and positioning
- 3. Marketing mix 4Ps
- 4. Product Features, brand name, uses
- 5. Place Distribution strategies

Week 8

- 1. Price Pricing strategies
- 2. Promotion Advertising and Sales promotion
- 3. Planning display, preparation of floor layout plan
- 4. Preparation of a newspaper advertisement, selection of advertising media
- 5. Visit to retail outlets to understand the retail formats

Week 9

- 11. Visit to local shandy
- 12. Visit to Farmers market
- 13. Visit to Regulated market
- 14. Market survey –
- 15. Presentation on the survey conducted

Week 10

- 1. Forms of business organization
- 2. Farmer Producer Organizations
- 3. Visit to FPO
- 4. Financial Assistance for promoting FPOs
- 5. Presentation on the activities carried out by FPO

Week 11

- 1. Human Relations skills required for business
- 2. Leadership Good and Bad cases
- 3. Communication-Verbal and written communication strategies
- 4. Emotions Emotional Intelligence
- 5. Business Etiquettes
- 1. Human Resource Management Policy of Firms
- 2. Human Resource Planning
- 3. Recruitment and Selection
- 4. Training
- 5. Negotiation
- 1 Company Vision and Mission statement
- 2 SWOT / TOWS Analysis
- 3 BCG / Portfolio Matrix
- 4 Levels of Management
- 5 Company Strategy formulation

Week 14

- 3. Source of funds
- 4. Capital Budgeting Techniques
- 5. Analyzing Financial Statements
- 6. Analyzing Financial Statements
- 7. Discussion on a Case Study

Week 15

- 1. Business Plan components, types
- 2. Preparation of model business plan
- 3. Preparation of model business plan
- 4. Presentation of business plan
- 5. Presentation of business plan

Week 16

- 3. Entrepreneur Qualities, Types of Entrepreneurship
- 4. Institutes promoting Entrepreneurship
- 5. Writing Biography of an agribusiness entrepreneur

- 6. Writing Biography of an agribusiness entrepreneur
- 7. Finding Entrepreneurial competency level

Week 17

Term paper presentation and Evaluation Conducting Final Practical Examination